Minutes Environmental Management Commission Meeting Alabama Department of Environmental Management Building 1400 Coliseum Boulevard Montgomery, Alabama 36110-2400 June 14, 2024

This is to certify that the Minutes contained herein are a true and accurate account of actions taken by the Alabama Environmental Management Commission on June 14, 2024.

A. Frank McFadden, Chair

Alabama Environmental Management Commission

Certified this 9th day of August 2024.

Minutes

Environmental Management Commission Meeting Alabama Department of Environmental Management Building 1400 Coliseum Boulevard Montgomery, Alabama 36110-2400 June 14, 2024

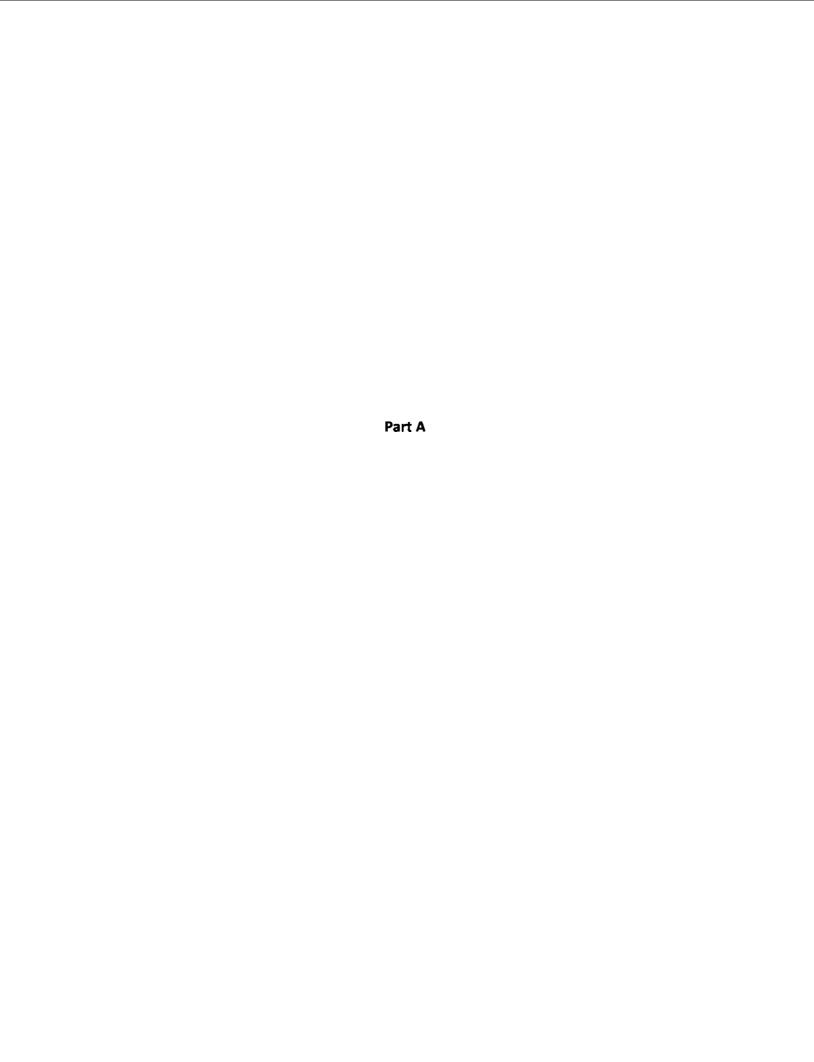
Convened: 11:00 a.m. Adjourned: 11:43 a.m.

Part A

Transcript Word Index

Part B

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	MEETING OF THE	1	APPEARANCES
	ALABAMA ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT COMMISSION	2	COMMISSION MEMBERS PRESENT
		3	A. FRANK MCFADDEN, P.E., CHAIR
	LOCATION: ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL	4	KEVIN MCKINSTRY, VICE CHAIR
	MANAGEMENT (ADEM) BUILDING	5	J. PATRICK TUCKER, M.D.
	ALABAMA ROOM	6	MARY J. MERRITT
	1400 COLISEUM BOULEVARD	7	COMMISSION MEMBERS NOT PRESENT:
	MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36110-2400	8	JOHN (JAY) MASINGILL, III
	DATE: FRIDAY, JUNE 14, 2024	9	H. LANIER BROWN, II, ESQ.
	TIME: 11:00 A.M.	10	RUBY L. PERRY, D.V.M.
		11	ALSO PRESENT
		12	LINDSAY BARTON, ESQ., EMC LEGAL COUNSEL
	**********	13	LANCE LEFLEUR, ADEM DIRECTOR
		14	DEBI THOMAS, EMC EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT
	**********	15	
		16	
		17	
		18	
	REPORTED BY: ELAINE F. BRADLEY, CCR	19	
	Commissioner for the	20	
	State of Alabama at Large	21	
		22	
		23	
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1	MR. MCFADDEN: We'll go ahead	1	right. Any discussion?
2	and get started. It's 11:00.	2	(No response.)
3	Welcome, everyone. Glad you	3	MR. MCFADDEN: All right. Call
4	could come. It's cooler in here than	4	for the question: All those in favor,
5	it is out there. So, maybe that's a	5	raise your hand.
6	good thing.	6	(All Commission members
7	We do have a quorum, barely, but	7	raising hands.)
8	we do have a quorum today. So, we'll	8	MR. MCFADDEN: And none oppose?
9	continue with the meeting.	9	(No response.)
10	The first item on the agenda is	10	MR. MCFADDEN: Thank you. All
11	consideration of the minutes for the	11	right. Item Number 2, report from the
12	meeting held on April 12, 2014, and	12	Director Lance LeFleur.
13	I'll entertain a motion on those	13	MR. LEFLEUR: Thank you, Mr.
14	minutes from someone.	14	Chairman and good morning. Welcome to
15	DR. TUCKER: I move to approve	15	all present for the 5th meeting of the
16	the minutes.	16	Alabama Environmental Management
17	MR. MCFADDEN: All right.	17	Commission for fiscal year 2024.
18	Motion to move to adopt the minutes of	18	Throughout the year, I report to
19	the April 12, 2024, Commission meeting	19	you on various aspects of our work to
	has been discussed. And any second to	20	fulfill our mission, which is to assure
20		0.4	C 11 141 California California C
20 21	the motion?	21	for all citizens of the state a safe,
20	the motion? MS. MERRITT: Second.	22	healthful and productive environment. Our first priority is to perform

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	Page 5		Page 6
1	our day-to-day activities in a manner	1	currently being undertaken to help
2	that reflects dedication and	2	fulfill our mission. You'll recognize
3	top-quality results. Those duties	3	many of these from earlier reports as
4	include such things as developing	4	they are elements of our Operating
5	scientifically sound standards,	5	Plans.
6	incorporating those standards in the	6	Today's status report will cover
7	permits for the 35,000 facilities we	7	our budget, in particular, our Water
8	regulate, inspecting regulated and	8	program funding, next Generation
9	non-regulated facilities for compliance	9	computer software implementation, our
10	with permits and regulations and taking	10	website update, the disposal of the old
11	appropriate enforcement actions as	11	Mobile Field Office, improving external
12	necessary.	12	communications, American Rescue Plan
13	Performance measures such as	13	Act, Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, and
14	EPA-generated compliance and	14	State Revolving Fund programs to
15	enforcement metrics presented at the	15	upgrade water and sewer systems in
16	last Commission meeting, the State of	16	Alabama and push back on new EPA rules
17	the Environment in Alabama report, and	17	and actions not based on sound science,
18	our analysis of performance against	18	lacking legal authority or not adhering
19	Annual Operating Plans are routine	19	to required processes.
20	reports.	20	First, our budget with the focus
21	Today's report will update you	21	on the Water program funding.
22	on the status of some of the	22	For the last five years, about
23	non-routine activities that are	23	six percent of the Department's \$65
	Page 7		Page
1	million operating budget has come from		
-	million operating dauget has come from	1	environmental programs, the funding
2	the State's General Fund. The	2	
	the State's General Fund. The		programs have been in the water media
2	the State's General Fund. The Department also relies on the General	2	
2 3 4	the State's General Fund. The Department also relies on the General Fund to provide the matching funds	2 3 4	programs have been in the water media as a result of no funding mechanisms in the federal Clean Water Act.
2 3 4 5	the State's General Fund. The Department also relies on the General Fund to provide the matching funds required to obtain federal State	2 3 4 5	programs have been in the water media as a result of no funding mechanisms in the federal Clean Water Act. In the past, the Land and Air
2 3 4	the State's General Fund. The Department also relies on the General Fund to provide the matching funds required to obtain federal State Revolving Fund and Bipartisan	2 3 4	programs have been in the water media as a result of no funding mechanisms in the federal Clean Water Act. In the past, the Land and Air programs have supplemented the funding
2 3 4 5	the State's General Fund. The Department also relies on the General Fund to provide the matching funds required to obtain federal State Revolving Fund and Bipartisan Infrastructure Law funding allocations.	2 3 4 5 6	programs have been in the water media as a result of no funding mechanisms in the federal Clean Water Act. In the past, the Land and Air programs have supplemented the funding needs of the Water program with
2 3 4 5 6 7	the State's General Fund. The Department also relies on the General Fund to provide the matching funds required to obtain federal State Revolving Fund and Bipartisan Infrastructure Law funding allocations. As you know, for many years,	2 3 4 5 6 7	programs have been in the water media as a result of no funding mechanisms in the federal Clean Water Act. In the past, the Land and Air programs have supplemented the funding needs of the Water program with permissible transfers, but inflation
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	the State's General Fund. The Department also relies on the General Fund to provide the matching funds required to obtain federal State Revolving Fund and Bipartisan Infrastructure Law funding allocations. As you know, for many years, ADEM has had the lowest per capita	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	programs have been in the water media as a result of no funding mechanisms in the federal Clean Water Act. In the past, the Land and Air programs have supplemented the funding needs of the Water program with permissible transfers, but inflation now requires Land and Air to retain all
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1	signed by the Governor provides our	1	increase the efficiency and quality of
2	requested \$6 million increase in	2	our operations. To date, thirteen
3	operational funds to now adequately	3	programs including the NPDES, State
4	fund the Water program.	4	Indirect Discharge Permit, Underground
5	I would also note that in an	5	Injection Control, Concentrated Animal
6	effort to retain State employees and	6	Feeding Operations, Coastal, 401 Water
7	compensate for inflation the Governor	7	Quality Certification, Recycling, Scrap
8	proposed and the legislature approved a	8	Tire, Unauthorized Dumps, Underground
9	two percent across-the-board raise for	9	Storage Tanks, Asbestos, and Stage 1
10	all State Employees effective October	10	Air programs have been implemented.
11	1st.	11	The Solid Waste, Air Majors and
12	The next status report is on the	12	Beneficial Use programs are anticipated
13	implementation of the new generation of	13	to be completed during the first half
14	computer software.	14	of 2025.
15	ADEM has likely been the most	15	The remaining three programs,
16	automated environmental agency in the	16	including Hazardous Waste Generators,
17	nation for a number of years, which has	17	and Transporters and Medical Waste are
18	allowed us to be among the highest	18	anticipated to be completed after mid
19	performing programs in the nation	19	year 2025. This should keep the
20	despite extremely low funding.	20	Department as the automation and
21	In 2020, we began the	21	efficiency leader in the nation.
22	development of a new generation of	22	Linked to the computer software
23	computer software which will further	23	upgrades is an upgrade to the ADEM
1	Page 11	,	Page 12
1	website.	1	The outdated old Field Office
2	The ADEM website provides access	2	and lab have been completely vacated.
3	to tremendous amounts of information,	3	All salvageable equipment has
4	likely more than is available on any	4	been removed.
5	other state environmental agency	5	A professional appraisal has
6	website in the nation.	6	been performed.
7	It makes it exceptionally	7	The appraised value is \$665,000.
8	transparent; however, the design is not	8	Bid solicitation went out on May
9	as user-friendly as we want it to be.	9	8, 2024, and bids were due on June 11,
10	Upgrades have been in the	10	2024.
11	planning stages for several years, but	11	Unfortunately, no bids were
12	implementation has been held off until	12	received.
13	the completion of the computer software	13	Now that the statutorily
14	upgrades just reviewed.	14	required bid process has been
15	A contract was recently entered	15	undertaken, we will begin targeted
16	into to upgrade the website.	16	solicitation for potential buyers,
17	Implementation will take approximately	17	understanding that by state law, the
18	12 months, which will allow for the	18	property cannot be sold for less than
19	completion of the software upgrades, a	19	the appraised value.
20	necessary step to have a smooth link	20	A major effort has been ongoing
21	between the two.	21	for several years to improve
22	Next, a report on the old Mobile	22	communications with the public. This
23	Field Office.	23	is an important initiative in our

	Page 13		Page 1
1	Strategic and Annual Operating Plans.	1	notify the public of fish consumption
2	We are using a multi-faceted approach.	2	advisories, swim advisories, and
3	The recently contracted website	3	encourage reduced littering has been
4	upgrade is a key part of improving	4	expanded.
5	communications with the public.	5	Increased stakeholder meetings
6	You have seen more op-eds and	6	are being held before drafting rules on
7	news articles to communicate and	7	water quality criteria, recycling,
8	educate the public. In the last few	8	scrap tire controls, media waste
9	years, we've covered various topics	9	handing excuse me medical waste
10	such as providing funding to upgrade	10	handling and others.
11	water and sewer systems based on need,	11	And increased community meetings
12	especially in the Black Belt region,	12	are being held on various topics such
13	helping the public understand that land	13	as how to use our website, local
14	use is appropriately a local decision,	14	environmental concerns, and requests
15	and providing an accurate picture of	15	for controversial permits.
16	the state of the environment in	16	Another significant activity
17	Alabama.	17	underway is the administration of the
18	We've begun utilizing television	18	American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA), the
19	public service pieces showing how to	19	Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL),
20	find reliable current water quality	20	and State Revolving Fund (SRF) program
21	information by linking to the ADEM	21	to provide funding for the long-delayed
22	website.	22	upgrades to drinking water and sewer
23	Conveniently placed signage to	23	infrastructure in Alabama.
	Page 15		Page 1
1	The Department contacted each of	1	received funds directly from the U.S.
2	the 1,061 public drinking water and	2	Treasury. Alabama state government wa
3	wastewater systems in Alabama	3	allocated \$2.1 billion.
4	requesting proposed projects for	4	Of that amount, the legislature
5	upgrades. The \$3.4 billion of proposed	5	allocated ADEM \$620 million to
6	projects submitted were each analyzed	6	distribute to water and sewer systems
7	from an engineering standpoint to	7	for infrastructure upgrades on a
8	assess the physical plant needs. The	8	physical plant and financial needs
9	audited financial statements of each	9	basis.
10	system were also analyzed to determine	10	In November of 2021, the \$1.2
11	the financial needs of the individual	11	trillion Bipartisan Infrastructure Law
12	systems.	12	was signed. The allocations under BIL
13	The American Rescue Plan Act,	13	go directly from EPA to the individual
14	(ARPA) and (BIL) Bipartisan	14	state environmental programs over a
15	Infrastructure Law, are federal	15	five-year period from 2022 through
16	programs providing substantial funds	16	2026.
17	for various purposes over a limited	17	The total allocation to ADEM for
18	time frame.	18	water and sewer upgrades for the 2022
19	ARPA was enacted in March of	19	through 2026 period from BIL is
20	2021. It provided \$1.9 trillion during	20	estimated to be approximately \$582
21	'22 and '23.	21	million.
22	Individual communities in	22	Now, the Clean Water State
23	Alabama and throughout the nation	23	Revolving Fund, dealing with sewer
	and and an outprove the interior	43	ACVOIVING FUND, OCALING WITH SCHOL

	Page 17		Page 18
1	systems, is an ongoing funding program,	1	programs for a total of \$1,278 billion.
2	originally put in place in 1989. Since	2	The estimated total funding that
3	its inception, it has provided \$1.65	3	will be available for the period '22
4	billion in funding for Alabama	4	through '26 from the three sources
5	wastewater systems.	5	(ARPA, BIL and SRF) is approximately
6	The Drinking Water State	6	\$1.5 billion.
7	Revolving Fund is also an ongoing	7	As much good as that \$1.5
8	funding program begun in 1999. It has	8	billion will do, it will not satisfy
9	provided approximately \$850 million in	9	the nearly \$3.4 billion of projects
10	funding for public drinking water	10	requested that were submitted to
11	systems.	11	upgrade water and sewer systems in
12	From 2022 to date, today, the	12	Alabama. Significant water and sewer
13	Department has provided \$620 million	13	upgrade challenges will remain, but
14	for water and sewer upgrades from ARPA,	14	when complete, this work will make a
15	which represents all the ARPA funds	15	huge contribution towards addressing
16	available.	16	the problems.
17	\$361 million from Bipartisan	17	Finally, as you know, EPA has
18	Infrastructure Law, which is all the	18	considerable influence on the
19	BIL funds currently available. It's	19	activities of the Department. I would
20	estimated \$212 million of additional	20	like to address the status of our
21	BIL funding will be available in '25	21	
22	and '26.		relationship with EPA as well as the
23	And \$297 million from the SRF	22	broader national relationships with EPA.
	Page 19		Page 2
1	Our dealings with EPA in recent	1	rules in place before a possible change
	was have involved four significant		
2	years have involved four significant	2	in the federal administration.
3	matters that ADEM has deemed necessary	2	
			in the federal administration.
3	matters that ADEM has deemed necessary	3	in the federal administration. ADEM will not be taking the lead
3 4	matters that ADEM has deemed necessary to take an adversarial position.	3 4	in the federal administration. ADEM will not be taking the lead in addressing these national issues;
3 4 5	matters that ADEM has deemed necessary to take an adversarial position. EPA's failure to timely approve	3 4 5	in the federal administration. ADEM will not be taking the lead in addressing these national issues; however, the Alabama Attorney General
3 4 5 6	matters that ADEM has deemed necessary to take an adversarial position. EPA's failure to timely approve or disapprove the ADEM program to clean	3 4 5 6	in the federal administration. ADEM will not be taking the lead in addressing these national issues; however, the Alabama Attorney General has so far joined Attorneys General
3 4 5 6 7	matters that ADEM has deemed necessary to take an adversarial position. EPA's failure to timely approve or disapprove the ADEM program to clean up coal ash excuse me Coal Ash	3 4 5 6 7	in the federal administration. ADEM will not be taking the lead in addressing these national issues; however, the Alabama Attorney General has so far joined Attorneys General from other states in appealing several
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	to take an adversarial position. EPA's failure to timely approve or disapprove the ADEM program to clean up coal ash excuse me Coal Ash excuse me - Coal Combustion Residuals.	3 4 5 6 7 8	in the federal administration. ADEM will not be taking the lead in addressing these national issues; however, the Alabama Attorney General has so far joined Attorneys General from other states in appealing several of these EPA rules with national
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	matters that ADEM has deemed necessary to take an adversarial position. EPA's failure to timely approve or disapprove the ADEM program to clean up coal ash excuse me Coal Ash excuse me - Coal Combustion Residuals. Secondly, EPA's flawed recent	3 4 5 6 7 8	in the federal administration. ADEM will not be taking the lead in addressing these national issues; however, the Alabama Attorney General has so far joined Attorneys General from other states in appealing several of these EPA rules with national application.
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	matters that ADEM has deemed necessary to take an adversarial position. EPA's failure to timely approve or disapprove the ADEM program to clean up coal ash excuse me Coal Ash excuse me - Coal Combustion Residuals. Secondly, EPA's flawed recent rulemaking related to CCR impoundments. Third, EPA's improper	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	in the federal administration. ADEM will not be taking the lead in addressing these national issues; however, the Alabama Attorney General has so far joined Attorneys General from other states in appealing several of these EPA rules with national application. All in all, since October of '23, EPA has had more than 100 appeals,
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3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	to take an adversarial position. EPA's failure to timely approve or disapprove the ADEM program to clean up coal ash excuse me Coal Ash excuse me - Coal Combustion Residuals. Secondly, EPA's flawed recent rulemaking related to CCR impoundments. Third, EPA's improper disapproval of the ADEM CCR program. And finally, EPA's improper disapproval of the ADEM Ozone Transport State Implementation Plan. ADEM is not alone in challenging EPA activities. There are also many other recent EPA rulemaking actions that are likely to be litigated on a national level. There's quite an	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	in the federal administration. ADEM will not be taking the lead in addressing these national issues; however, the Alabama Attorney General has so far joined Attorneys General from other states in appealing several of these EPA rules with national application. All in all, since October of '23, EPA has had more than 100 appeals, challenges, and other litigation filed against it for various actions with more than 40 of those coming in the month of May alone. These are unprecedented numbers. The first of the adversarial issues ADEM has with EPA involves EPA' failure to timely act on the

	Page 21		Page 22
1	In 2018, the Commission adopted	1	disapproval of the ADEM CCR program
2	CCR rules for the closure of CCR	2	On at least three occasions, EPA
3	impoundments. After working with EPA	3	committed to a date on which it would
4	for several years, the rules were	4	act but did not honor those
5	amended in 2021 to resolve several	5	commitments.
6	areas of concern by EPA.	6	So, rather than relying on yet
7	The Department also developed a	7	another commitment from EPA, the
8	permitting program and issued permits	8	Alabama Attorney General and the
9	to implement the closure rules. The	9	Department moved the Federal District
10	CCR program rules were submitted to EPA	10	Court for a summary judgment to compe
11	for approval in December of 2021.	11	EPA to act.
12	EPA had a non-discretionary	12	Keep in mind, this lawsuit was
13	obligation to approve or disapprove the	13	simply to get EPA to act on the
14	CCR program within 180 days. Despite	14	application, which it was required to
15	numerous requests by the Department,	15	do within 180 days and it had not done
16	EPA did not approve or disapprove the	16	for more than 875 days. The EPA
17	CCR program, and after 400 days, the	17	finally acted on May 23rd, 2024.
18	State of Alabama with the Department	18	The second matter where ADEM is
19	petitioned the United States District	19	in an adversarial position with EPA,
20	Court for the District of Columbia to	20	like the previously noted matter,
21	compel EPA to act.	21	relates to Coal Combustion Residuals.
22	The Court stayed the litigation	22	In this case it involves rulemaking.
23	to allow EPA to finalize its proposed	23	During the 875-day period EPA
	Page 23		Page 24
1	failed to act on ADEM's CCR program,		
1		1	It is noteworthy EPA adopted the
2	EPA finalized new rules to redefine	1 2	It is noteworthy EPA adopted the new rules less than 30 days before
2	EPA finalized new rules to redefine		new rules less than 30 days before
2	EPA finalized new rules to redefine free liquids and infiltration when	2	new rules less than 30 days before finally acting to disapprove the ADEM
2 3 4	EPA finalized new rules to redefine free liquids and infiltration when closing CCR units.	2 3 4	new rules less than 30 days before finally acting to disapprove the ADEM CCR Program and then used the new rules
2 3 4 5	EPA finalized new rules to redefine free liquids and infiltration when closing CCR units. The new rules are inconsistent	2 3	new rules less than 30 days before finally acting to disapprove the ADEM CCR Program and then used the new rules as a basis for its disapproval.
2 3 4	EPA finalized new rules to redefine free liquids and infiltration when closing CCR units. The new rules are inconsistent with long-standing definitions and	2 3 4 5	new rules less than 30 days before finally acting to disapprove the ADEM CCR Program and then used the new rules as a basis for its disapproval. In a separate action, the
2 3 4 5 6 7	EPA finalized new rules to redefine free liquids and infiltration when closing CCR units. The new rules are inconsistent with long-standing definitions and interpretations used in previously	2 3 4 5 6	new rules less than 30 days before finally acting to disapprove the ADEM CCR Program and then used the new rules as a basis for its disapproval. In a separate action, the Department plans to appeal EPA's flawed
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	EPA finalized new rules to redefine free liquids and infiltration when closing CCR units. The new rules are inconsistent with long-standing definitions and interpretations used in previously existing federal and state CCR rules	2 3 4 5 6 7	new rules less than 30 days before finally acting to disapprove the ADEM CCR Program and then used the new rules as a basis for its disapproval. In a separate action, the Department plans to appeal EPA's flawed rulemaking.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	EPA finalized new rules to redefine free liquids and infiltration when closing CCR units. The new rules are inconsistent with long-standing definitions and interpretations used in previously existing federal and state CCR rules and applied in other areas of EPA	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	new rules less than 30 days before finally acting to disapprove the ADEM CCR Program and then used the new rules as a basis for its disapproval. In a separate action, the Department plans to appeal EPA's flawed rulemaking. EPA, following the long delay,
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	EPA finalized new rules to redefine free liquids and infiltration when closing CCR units. The new rules are inconsistent with long-standing definitions and interpretations used in previously existing federal and state CCR rules and applied in other areas of EPA regulation.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	new rules less than 30 days before finally acting to disapprove the ADEM CCR Program and then used the new rules as a basis for its disapproval. In a separate action, the Department plans to appeal EPA's flawed rulemaking. EPA, following the long delay, the adoption of the new rules, and
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	EPA finalized new rules to redefine free liquids and infiltration when closing CCR units. The new rules are inconsistent with long-standing definitions and interpretations used in previously existing federal and state CCR rules and applied in other areas of EPA regulation. In adopting the new rules, EPA	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	new rules less than 30 days before finally acting to disapprove the ADEM CCR Program and then used the new rules as a basis for its disapproval. In a separate action, the Department plans to appeal EPA's flawed rulemaking. EPA, following the long delay, the adoption of the new rules, and ADEM's petition to the U.S. Court of
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	EPA finalized new rules to redefine free liquids and infiltration when closing CCR units. The new rules are inconsistent with long-standing definitions and interpretations used in previously existing federal and state CCR rules and applied in other areas of EPA regulation. In adopting the new rules, EPA did not comply with the required rulemaking process. Specifically, EPA adopted the rules without allowing the public an opportunity to comment on the	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	new rules less than 30 days before finally acting to disapprove the ADEM CCR Program and then used the new rules as a basis for its disapproval. In a separate action, the Department plans to appeal EPA's flawed rulemaking. EPA, following the long delay, the adoption of the new rules, and ADEM's petition to the U.S. Court of Appeals, on May 23rd, 2024, EPA disapproved the Department's Coal Combustion Residual Permitting Program. This is the third matter where
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	EPA finalized new rules to redefine free liquids and infiltration when closing CCR units. The new rules are inconsistent with long-standing definitions and interpretations used in previously existing federal and state CCR rules and applied in other areas of EPA regulation. In adopting the new rules, EPA did not comply with the required rulemaking process. Specifically, EPA adopted the rules without allowing the public an opportunity to comment on the rules prior to their adoption as the law requires. It appears EPA may also have exceeded its authority by running afoul of a recent U.S. Supreme Court ruling	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	new rules less than 30 days before finally acting to disapprove the ADEM CCR Program and then used the new rules as a basis for its disapproval. In a separate action, the Department plans to appeal EPA's flawed rulemaking. EPA, following the long delay, the adoption of the new rules, and ADEM's petition to the U.S. Court of Appeals, on May 23rd, 2024, EPA disapproved the Department's Coal Combustion Residual Permitting Program. This is the third matter where ADEM is in an adversarial position with EPA. EPA — EPA's stated basis for the disapproval was Alabama's program was significantly less protective of people and waterways than federal law
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	EPA finalized new rules to redefine free liquids and infiltration when closing CCR units. The new rules are inconsistent with long-standing definitions and interpretations used in previously existing federal and state CCR rules and applied in other areas of EPA regulation. In adopting the new rules, EPA did not comply with the required rulemaking process. Specifically, EPA adopted the rules without allowing the public an opportunity to comment on the rules prior to their adoption as the law requires. It appears EPA may also have exceeded its authority by running afoul	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	new rules less than 30 days before finally acting to disapprove the ADEM CCR Program and then used the new rules as a basis for its disapproval. In a separate action, the Department plans to appeal EPA's flawed rulemaking. EPA, following the long delay, the adoption of the new rules, and ADEM's petition to the U.S. Court of Appeals, on May 23rd, 2024, EPA disapproved the Department's Coal Combustion Residual Permitting Program. This is the third matter where ADEM is in an adversarial position with EPA. EPA — EPA's stated basis for the disapproval was Alabama's program was significantly less protective of people

	Page 25		Page 26
1	protective as the federal CCR rule,	1	Geologists familiar with the specific
2	which is the only criterion for	2	geology of the area have concurred that
3	approving - for approval in the	3	groundwater monitoring systems required
4	legally adopted EPA rule.	4	in the ADEM CCR permits are appropriate
5	However, EPA arbitrarily added	5	for each of the individual CCR sites.
6	the review and agreement with ADEM CCR	6	EPA does not recognize that
7	closure permits as a requirement for	7	appropriate groundwater corrective
8	program approval, which is not a	8	measures are required to be developed
9	condition for approval under the	9	in ADEM CCR permit conditions, which a
10	federal law.	10	Federal District Court in Alabama
11	EPA incorrectly and improperly	11	recognized are necessarily developed
12	analyzed ADEM's CCR permits as not	12	over time during the closure process
13	being as protective as federal	13	rather than at the time of the permit
14		14	issuance as EPA claims.
15	requirements. Specifically, EPA states	15	Final closure requirements
16	ADEM permits do not require appropriate	16	included in ADEM CCR permits are
17	groundwater monitoring, timely		consistent with federal closure
	development and implementation of	17	
18	groundwater corrective measures, and	18	requirements, including the requirement
19	meeting final closure requirements.	19	for the remediation of groundwater.
20	Addressing those three claims by	20	EPA belatedly now relies on the new
21	EPA: First, experienced credentialed	21	flawed rules regarding free liquids and
22 23	independent as well as ADEM Professional Engineers and Professional	22	infiltration noted earlier to object to the closure permit conditions.
	Page 27		Page 28
1	I would also note that by its	1	Alabama Ozone Transport SIP, but later
1 2	I would also note that by its own admission, EPA did only a	1 2	Alabama Ozone Transport SIP, but later EPA delayed the formal approval citing
2	own admission, EPA did only a	2	EPA delayed the formal approval citing
2	own admission, EPA did only a superficial cursory review of the ADEM	2	EPA delayed the formal approval citing the COVID-19 pandemic. In the Spring of 2022, EPA
2 3 4	own admission, EPA did only a superficial cursory review of the ADEM CCR permits, which is evidenced by its	2 3 4	EPA delayed the formal approval citing the COVID-19 pandemic. In the Spring of 2022, EPA
2 3 4 5	own admission, EPA did only a superficial cursory review of the ADEM CCR permits, which is evidenced by its failure to recognize the clear permit	2 3 4 5	EPA delayed the formal approval citing the COVID-19 pandemic. In the Spring of 2022, EPA disapproved Alabama and 18 other State Implementation Plans. The State of
2 3 4 5 6	own admission, EPA did only a superficial cursory review of the ADEM CCR permits, which is evidenced by its failure to recognize the clear permit requirements it claims do not exist.	2 3 4 5 6	EPA delayed the formal approval citing the COVID-19 pandemic. In the Spring of 2022, EPA disapproved Alabama and 18 other State
2 3 4 5 6 7	own admission, EPA did only a superficial cursory review of the ADEM CCR permits, which is evidenced by its failure to recognize the clear permit requirements it claims do not exist. The Department plans to appeal	2 3 4 5 6 7	EPA delayed the formal approval citing the COVID-19 pandemic. In the Spring of 2022, EPA disapproved Alabama and 18 other State Implementation Plans. The State of Alabama with the Department, like other
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	own admission, EPA did only a superficial cursory review of the ADEM CCR permits, which is evidenced by its failure to recognize the clear permit requirements it claims do not exist. The Department plans to appeal EPA disapproval of the ADEM CCR	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	EPA delayed the formal approval citing the COVID-19 pandemic. In the Spring of 2022, EPA disapproved Alabama and 18 other State Implementation Plans. The State of Alabama with the Department, like other states, is appealing that denial.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	own admission, EPA did only a superficial cursory review of the ADEM CCR permits, which is evidenced by its failure to recognize the clear permit requirements it claims do not exist. The Department plans to appeal EPA disapproval of the ADEM CCR program.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	EPA delayed the formal approval citing the COVID-19 pandemic. In the Spring of 2022, EPA disapproved Alabama and 18 other State Implementation Plans. The State of Alabama with the Department, like other states, is appealing that denial. The reasons for our appeal
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	own admission, EPA did only a superficial cursory review of the ADEM CCR permits, which is evidenced by its failure to recognize the clear permit requirements it claims do not exist. The Department plans to appeal EPA disapproval of the ADEM CCR program. The fourth significant	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	EPA delayed the formal approval citing the COVID-19 pandemic. In the Spring of 2022, EPA disapproved Alabama and 18 other State Implementation Plans. The State of Alabama with the Department, like other states, is appealing that denial. The reasons for our appeal include: In 2020, EPA changed its
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	own admission, EPA did only a superficial cursory review of the ADEM CCR permits, which is evidenced by its failure to recognize the clear permit requirements it claims do not exist. The Department plans to appeal EPA disapproval of the ADEM CCR program. The fourth significant adversarial matter between ADEM and EPA is EPA's disapproval of the Alabama	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	EPA delayed the formal approval citing the COVID-19 pandemic. In the Spring of 2022, EPA disapproved Alabama and 18 other State Implementation Plans. The State of Alabama with the Department, like other states, is appealing that denial. The reasons for our appeal include: In 2020, EPA changed its ozone transport modeling without consulting the states and unlawfully
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	Page 29		Page 30
1	Transport State Implementation Plans	1	To summarize ADEM's pushback or
2	disapproved, which meant those states	2	EPA overreach, these four actions
3	would be required to operate under a	3	against EPA are based on EPA failing to
4	Federal Implementation Plan over which	4	perform its non-discretionary
5	the states would have no say.	5	obligations and changing rules and
6	The status of the appeal is:	6	interpretations without going through
7	EPA's action is being challenged in the	7	the required notice, comment, and, if
8	4th, 5th, 6th, 8th, 9th, 10th, and D.C.	8	necessary, appeal process.
9	Circuits of the U.S. Court of Appeals,	9	The Department has never before
10	in addition to our appeal in the 11th	10	filed suit against EPA. The Alabama
11	Circuit.	11	Attorney General approved and joined
12	As of today, the 11th Circuit	12	these actions.
13	has consolidated the appeal filed by	13	Final resolution may require
14	electric generating utilities in	14	many months.
15	Alabama with the Alabama appeal into a	15	Last, but not least, I'm
16	single action and the Court has stayed	16	certainly pleased to introduce you to
17	the EPA's disapproval of Alabama's	17	Steven Bissey in our Air Division and
18	State Implementation Plan.	18	Scott Jackson in our Water Division.
19	The Court has not yet acted on	19	As you know, we strongly
20	maintaining venue in the 11th Circuit	20	encourage our personnel to develop
21	nor on the merits of the case. Oral	21	professionally. One of the most
22	argument is tentatively set for the	22	significant milestones in the
23	week of September 16, 2024.	23	professional development of ADEM
1	personnel comes from the educational	1	(No response.)
	1		
2	achievement, work experience and	2	MR. MCFADDEN: Okay. Thank you
3	rigorous testing necessary to earn the	3	Lance. All right. Item agenda Item
4	title of Professional Engineer.	4	Number 3 will be related to my report.
5	Scott Jackson was out of the	5	Basically, it's announcing it's time to
6	country when I announced his name in	6	start the evaluation of our Director's
7	the April Commission meeting for	7	job performance as part of the annual
8	earning the designation of Professional	8	upcoming ADEM job Director Job
9	Engineer. So, Scott, would you please	9	Performance Evaluation.
10	stand and be recognized?	10	Written comments from the EMC
11	(Applause.)	11	members will be requested via a memo
12	MR. LEFLEUR: Steven Bissey has	12	from him. A notice providing
13	also earned that lofty title of	13	opportunity for interested persons to
14	Professional Engineer. Steve, would	14	submit comments will be posted on the
15	you please stand?	15	ADEM site and emailed to the Advanced
16	(Applause.)	16	Notice of Commission Meetings
17	MR. LEFLEUR: Congratulations to	17	notification list.
18	both of you and well done. Well done.	18	Comments on Director LeFleur's
	A lot of work. Thank you.	19	job performance should cover the period
19		20	of October 14, 2023, the day after the
19 20	That concludes today's report.		0
19 20 21	If you have any questions, I'll be	21	Commission reached its decision
19 20			Commission reached its decision relative to the last evaluation, to July 31st, 2024, the deadline for

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1	receipt of comments for the upcoming	1	Program Regulations.
2	evaluation.	2	Mr. Cobb, can you give us some
3	Compilation of the written	3	insight on that?
4	comments received will be compiled as	4	MR. COBB: Yes. Thank you. Mr.
5	part of the evaluation process. And as	5	Chairman, I'm Steven Cobb, Chief of the
6	I'll just add, as you can tell from	6	Land Division. And I'm here today to
7	his lengthy report just now and what	7	recommend that the Commission adopt
8	overreach is being done by our big	8	amendments to the Department's Division
9	brother at EPA, it's a really busy time	9	4 Scrap Tire Program Regulations.
10	for our Director, his staff, his	10	These amendments update the
11	administration and all our division	11	existing rules to include the use of
12	directors, and some of this overreach	12	the Department's electronic system for
13	that's going on.	13	submission of reports and applications,
14	So, I appreciate the hard work	14	to amend definitions, recordkeeping,
15	in defending the sovereignty of our	15	reporting, remediation plan,
16	great state from an environmental	16	registration, and permitting
17	perspective. So, we will look forward	17	requirements and to clarify tire
18	to getting those comments back by the	18	material management requirements of
19	deadline.	19	scrap tire receivers, processors, and
20	Okay. Item Number 4 agenda	20	transporters.
21	Item 4 is consideration of proposed	21	New rules are also added for the
22	amendments to the ADEM Administrative	22	in-use market development program and
23	Code Division 335-4, the Scrap Tire	23	procedures for variances.
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1	The proposed revisions were the	1	The revised regulations were also
2	subject of a public comment period	2	approved by the Alabama Scrap Tire
3	which ran from January 24th, to March	3	Commission on May 10th, 2024.
4	21st. A public hearing was held at the	4	These proposed regulations are
5	Department on March 21st.	5	presented today for your consideration
6	Oral comments were received	6	We ask that the Commission adopt the
7	during the hearing and written comments	7	proposed changes to the Division 4
8	were received during the public comment	8	scrap tire program, and I'm happy to
9	period.	9	answer any questions that you might
10	Based on the comments received,	10	have.
11	the proposed regulations have been	11	MR. MCFADDEN: What is the
12	revised to clarify the language of Rule	12	general volume are volumes of these
13	335-4-601, which is general	13	scrap tires going up significantly or
14	requirements for scrap tire processors	14	static going down, because I know
15	regarding the receipt of tire materials	15	there's some exporting companies that
16	for processing and another revision was	16	are taking these to other places.
17	made to 335-4-404(a), disposal in a	17	MR. COBB: In general, the
18	solid waste management facility	18	numbers that we have indicate scrap
19	regarding the staging of tires and tire	19	tire generation in the state by
20	materials at landfills.	20	citizens is around five million tires
	These changes are included and	21	per year. Part of this is to get
21	The state of the s		
21 22	described in the reconciliation package	22 23	better numbers with that. We also know from looking at

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1	disposal receipts from our disposal	1	on that?
2	facilities, we're probably getting that	2	(No response.)
3	many tires or more from out of state.	3	MR. MCFADDEN: Hearing none,
4	So, we're actually, from what we can	4	call for the question. All those in
5	tell, importing scrap tires.	5	favor raise your hand.
6	MR. MCFADDEN: That's a lot of	6	(All Commissioners raising
7	tires.	7	their hands.)
8	MR. COBB: Yes, sir.	8	MR. MCFADDEN: None opposed,
9	MR. MCFADDEN: Okay. Anybody	9	thank you. Thank you, Debi.
10	else have any questions for Mr. Cobb?	10	Okay. Agenda Item Number 5, is
11	(No response.)	11	there any other business to come before
12	MR. MCFADDEN: Thank you.	12	the Commission?
13	Appreciate you. All right.	13	(No response.)
14	So I'll entertain a motion from	14	MR. MCFADDEN: Okay. Hearing
15	the Commission regarding the proposed	15	none, Item 6 – agenda Item Number 6 is
16	amendments to the scrap tire program	16	future business session. The next
17	regulations.	17	Commission meeting will be August 9,
18	MS. MERRITT: I move that we	18	2024, and I'm sure some can make it and
19	adopt the proposed amendment.	19	some can't. But does anybody in
20	MR. MCFADDEN: Okay.	20	particular have an issue with that?
21	MR. MCKINSTRY: Second.	21	Ms. Mary is possibly not going
22	MR. MCFADDEN: I have a motion	22	to make that one, but we'll have it on
23	and a second. Any further discussion	23	August 9th, 2024.
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1	All right. Public comment	1	to cause a hardship on people in the
2	period. We had two registered members	2	community.
3	of the public to make three-minute	3	Anybody who buys a tire, the
4	These are three minutes, right,	4	cost is going to go extremely high on
		_	A 1. P. C. L L A
5	Debi?	5	the public for having to bury the tire.
5	Debi? MS. THOMAS: Yes.	6	I asked the Commission in the
6	MS. THOMAS: Yes.	6	I asked the Commission in the
6 7	MS. THOMAS: Yes. MR. MCFADDEN: Discussions and	6 7	I asked the Commission in the first meeting: Environmentally
6 7 8 9	MS. THOMAS: Yes. MR. MCFADDEN: Discussions and presentations to the Commission.	6 7 8	I asked the Commission in the first meeting: Environmentally speaking, ADEM is the Environmental
6 7 8 9	MS. THOMAS: Yes. MR. MCFADDEN: Discussions and presentations to the Commission. So, the first one we have here	6 7 8 9	I asked the Commission in the first meeting: Environmentally speaking, ADEM is the Environmental Protection Agency, environmentally
6 7 8 9 10	MS. THOMAS: Yes. MR. MCFADDEN: Discussions and presentations to the Commission. So, the first one we have here is is it Mr. Adams?	6 7 8 9	I asked the Commission in the first meeting: Environmentally speaking, ADEM is the Environmental Protection Agency, environmentally speaking, what is the difference
6 7 8 9 10 11	MS. THOMAS: Yes. MR. MCFADDEN: Discussions and presentations to the Commission. So, the first one we have here is is it Mr. Adams? Would you come up to the	6 7 8 9 10	I asked the Commission in the first meeting: Environmentally speaking, ADEM is the Environmental Protection Agency, environmentally speaking, what is the difference between burying the tire whole and
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	MS. THOMAS: Yes. MR. MCFADDEN: Discussions and presentations to the Commission. So, the first one we have here is is it Mr. Adams? Would you come up to the microphone, please?	6 7 8 9 10 11	I asked the Commission in the first meeting: Environmentally speaking, ADEM is the Environmental Protection Agency, environmentally speaking, what is the difference between burying the tire whole and shredding it?
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	MS. THOMAS: Yes. MR. MCFADDEN: Discussions and presentations to the Commission. So, the first one we have here is is it Mr. Adams? Would you come up to the microphone, please? MR. ADAMS: I'm Bud Adams. I	6 7 8 9 10 11 12	I asked the Commission in the first meeting: Environmentally speaking, ADEM is the Environmental Protection Agency, environmentally speaking, what is the difference between burying the tire whole and shredding it? None. There's no difference in
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	MS. THOMAS: Yes. MR. MCFADDEN: Discussions and presentations to the Commission. So, the first one we have here is is it Mr. Adams? Would you come up to the microphone, please? MR. ADAMS: I'm Bud Adams. I own B&B Tire Landfill up in Hayden.	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	I asked the Commission in the first meeting: Environmentally speaking, ADEM is the Environmental Protection Agency, environmentally speaking, what is the difference between burying the tire whole and shredding it? None. There's no difference in it. The only thing, it's going to make
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	MS. THOMAS: Yes. MR. MCFADDEN: Discussions and presentations to the Commission. So, the first one we have here is is it Mr. Adams? Would you come up to the microphone, please? MR. ADAMS: I'm Bud Adams. I own B&B Tire Landfill up in Hayden. I've been in business In a	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	I asked the Commission in the first meeting: Environmentally speaking, ADEM is the Environmental Protection Agency, environmentally speaking, what is the difference between burying the tire whole and shredding it? None. There's no difference in it. The only thing, it's going to make the costs go up.
6 7 8	MS. THOMAS: Yes. MR. MCFADDEN: Discussions and presentations to the Commission. So, the first one we have here is is it Mr. Adams? Would you come up to the microphone, please? MR. ADAMS: I'm Bud Adams. I own B&B Tire Landfill up in Hayden. I've been in business In a month and 15 days, it will be 27 years	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	I asked the Commission in the first meeting: Environmentally speaking, ADEM is the Environmental Protection Agency, environmentally speaking, what is the difference between burying the tire whole and shredding it? None. There's no difference in it. The only thing, it's going to make the costs go up. But there are going to be some
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6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	MS. THOMAS: Yes. MR. MCFADDEN: Discussions and presentations to the Commission. So, the first one we have here is is it Mr. Adams? Would you come up to the microphone, please? MR. ADAMS: I'm Bud Adams. I own B&B Tire Landfill up in Hayden. I've been in business In a month and 15 days, it will be 27 years I've been burying tires. So far, I've went by everything ADEM has throwed at	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	I asked the Commission in the first meeting: Environmentally speaking, ADEM is the Environmental Protection Agency, environmentally speaking, what is the difference between burying the tire whole and shredding it? None. There's no difference in it. The only thing, it's going to make the costs go up. But there are going to be some differences. We've been doing a lot of
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6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	MS. THOMAS: Yes. MR. MCFADDEN: Discussions and presentations to the Commission. So, the first one we have here is is it Mr. Adams? Would you come up to the microphone, please? MR. ADAMS: I'm Bud Adams. I own B&B Tire Landfill up in Hayden. I've been in business In a month and 15 days, it will be 27 years I've been burying tires. So far, I've went by everything ADEM has throwed at us. Everything every rule ADEM give us, I tried to follow.	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	I asked the Commission in the first meeting: Environmentally speaking, ADEM is the Environmental Protection Agency, environmentally speaking, what is the difference between burying the tire whole and shredding it? None. There's no difference in it. The only thing, it's going to make the costs go up. But there are going to be some differences. We've been doing a lot of studying and researching on it. Europe has banned chrome rubber and shredded tires from going on athletic fields.

	Page 41		Page 42
1	They say that all the studies	1	Tire Recycling told me back about this
2	we can find, those chemicals can't be	2	time last year, they want into Alabama,
3	released unless a tire is shredded.	3	but they said they couldn't come into
4	One of their reports says they	4	Alabama the man pointed at me,
5	can get into the soil and groundwater.	5	sitting in my office, he said: We
6	But my thing is: It's you	6	can't come in as long as you're in
7	know, I'm just I'm just an old	7	business.
8	country hick now, but it's going to be	8	Shortly after that is when the
9	hard for me to stay in business if I	9	stuff come in about banning tires,
10	have to cut and recycle the stuff that	10	making us start shredding tires.
11	we get.	11	There might be no connection,
12	We're the only tire landfill in	12	but it don't look right. I'm not on
13	north Alabama that just accepts nothing	13	anybody's case, not on ADEM's case, no
14	but tires. We take over 300,000 tires	14	on nobody's case.
15	a month, is what we bury.	15	Look, we have to have a
16	So far, ADEM has liked	16	regulatory commission. We have to have
17	everything we've done because they've	17	ADEM, and – but when it goes against
18	never wrote us a violation on anything.	18	the grain, you've got to stand up.
19	So but, you know, long story short,	19	If I don't stand up for myself
20	it's going to make our cost go through	20	I've got about 40 or 50 people make
21	the roof. It's going to go through the	21	their living out of the landfill. It's
22	ceiling.	22	been suggested to me over the last
23	I had a company from Liberty	23	month: Just close the doors; just
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1	stop; no warning; no nothing.		
-		1	adjourn?
2	From my part, I can, but for all	2	adjourn? MS. MERRITT: I move.
	From my part, I can, but for all		
2	From my part, I can, but for all them people working for me, I can't.	2	MS. MERRITT: I move.
2	From my part, I can, but for all them people working for me, I can't. And that's what I'm standing up	2	MS. MERRITT: I move. UNKNOWN SPEAKER: I have a question. I have a question.
2 3 4	From my part, I can, but for all them people working for me, I can't. And that's what I'm standing up for today.	2 3 4	MS. MERRITT: I move. UNKNOWN SPEAKER: I have a question. I have a question.
2 3 4 5	From my part, I can, but for all them people working for me, I can't. And that's what I'm standing up for today. MR. MCFADDEN: Thank you, Mr.	2 3 4 5	MS. MERRITT: I move. UNKNOWN SPEAKER: I have a question. I have a question. MR. MCFADDEN: We have a motion on the table. So
2 3 4 5 6 7	From my part, I can, but for all them people working for me, I can't. And that's what I'm standing up for today. MR. MCFADDEN: Thank you, Mr. Adams. Thank you for your comments.	2 3 4 5 6	MS. MERRITT: I move. UNKNOWN SPEAKER: I have a question. I have a question. MR. MCFADDEN: We have a motion on the table. So Does anybody want to second that
2 3 4 5 6	From my part, I can, but for all them people working for me, I can't. And that's what I'm standing up for today. MR. MCFADDEN: Thank you, Mr.	2 3 4 5 6 7	MS. MERRITT: I move. UNKNOWN SPEAKER: I have a question. I have a question. MR. MCFADDEN: We have a motion on the table. So
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	From my part, I can, but for all them people working for me, I can't. And that's what I'm standing up for today. MR. MCFADDEN: Thank you, Mr. Adams. Thank you for your comments. We appreciate that. Certainly we'll take that into consideration.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	MS. MERRITT: I move. UNKNOWN SPEAKER: I have a question. I have a question. MR. MCFADDEN: We have a motion on the table. So Does anybody want to second that or not?
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	From my part, I can, but for all them people working for me, I can't. And that's what I'm standing up for today. MR. MCFADDEN: Thank you, Mr. Adams. Thank you for your comments. We appreciate that. Certainly we'll take that into consideration. The second speaker on the list is Daryl Sherrell.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	MS. MERRITT: I move. UNKNOWN SPEAKER: I have a question. I have a question. MR. MCFADDEN: We have a motion on the table. So Does anybody want to second that or not? (No response.) MR. MCFADDEN: Not hearing a
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1	that,	1	Environmental Management
2	There's protocols we have to	2	Meeting ended at 11:43 a.m.
3	stick by because we publish those.	3	on June 14, 2024.)
4	We're sorry that happened, but Debi can	4	CH 34H0 11, 2021.)
5	get you straight on what time that	5	
6	needs to happen in the August meeting	6	
7	if you would like to come back.	7	
8	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: I definitely	8	
9	will be back.	9	
10	MR. MCFADDEN: All right. Do we	10	
11	now have a motion to adjourn?	11	
12	MS. MERRITT: I move.	12	
13	MR. MCFADDEN: Moved again. Do	13	
14	we have a second?		
14	DR. TUCKER: Second.	14	
		15	
16	MR. MCFADDEN: Second. All in	16	
17	favor, raise your hand.	17	
18	(All Commissioners raising	18	
19	their hands.)	19	
20	MR. MCFADDEN: Okay. We're	20	
21	adjourned. Thank y'all.	21	
22		22	
23	(The Alabama Department of	23	
	Page 47		Page 48
1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE	1	interested in the results thereof. All rates
2	STATE OF ALABAMA	2	charged are usual and customary.
3	TALLADEGA COUNTY	3	I further certify that I am duly licensed
4	I, Elaine F. Bradley, Certified Court	4 5	by the Alabama Board of Court Reporting as a Certified Court Reporter as evidenced by the ACCR
5	Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of	6	number following my name found below.
6	Alabama at Large, certify on Friday, June 14, 2024,	7	This 14th day of June in the year of our
7	that I reported the proceedings in the matter of:	8	Lord, 2024.
8	MEETING OF THE	9	
9	ALABAMA ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT COMMISSION	10	
-	ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL	11 12	/S/ Clains F. Bradley
10	MANAGEMENT (ADEM) BUILDING	12	Elaine F. Bradley, CCR
			ACCR NO. 354 Exp. 9/30/24
11		13	ACCR NO. 334 Exp. 9/30/24
11 12	ALABAMA ROOM		Certified Court Reporter and
11 12 13	ALABAMA ROOM 1400 COLISEUM BOULEVARD	13	Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public
11 12 13 14	ALABAMA ROOM	14	Certified Court Reporter and
11 12 13 14	ALABAMA ROOM 1400 COLISEUM BOULEVARD MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36110-2400	14 15	Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public
11 12 13 14 15	ALABAMA ROOM 1400 COLISEUM BOULEVARD MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36110-2400 On the 14th, day of June, 2024, that the	14	Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public
11 12 13 14 15 16	ALABAMA ROOM 1400 COLISEUM BOULEVARD MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36110-2400 On the 14th, day of June, 2024, that the foregoing 46 computer-printed pages contain a true	14 15 16	Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public Commission Expires 11/14/27
11 12 13 14 15 16	ALABAMA ROOM 1400 COLISEUM BOULEVARD MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36110-2400 On the 14th, day of June, 2024, that the	14 15 16	Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public Commission Expires 11/14/27 (C) Copyright 2024, Boggs Reporting & Video. All rights reserved. No portion of this document may be reproduced without written consent of Boggs
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10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ALABAMA ROOM 1400 COLISEUM BOULEVARD MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36110-2400 On the 14th, day of June, 2024, that the foregoing 46 computer-printed pages contain a true and correct transcript of the hearing set out herein. I further certify that I am neither a	14 15 16 17 18	Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public Commission Expires 11/14/27 (C) Copyright 2024, Boggs Reporting & Video. All rights reserved. No portion of this document may be reproduced without written consent of Boggs

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Part B

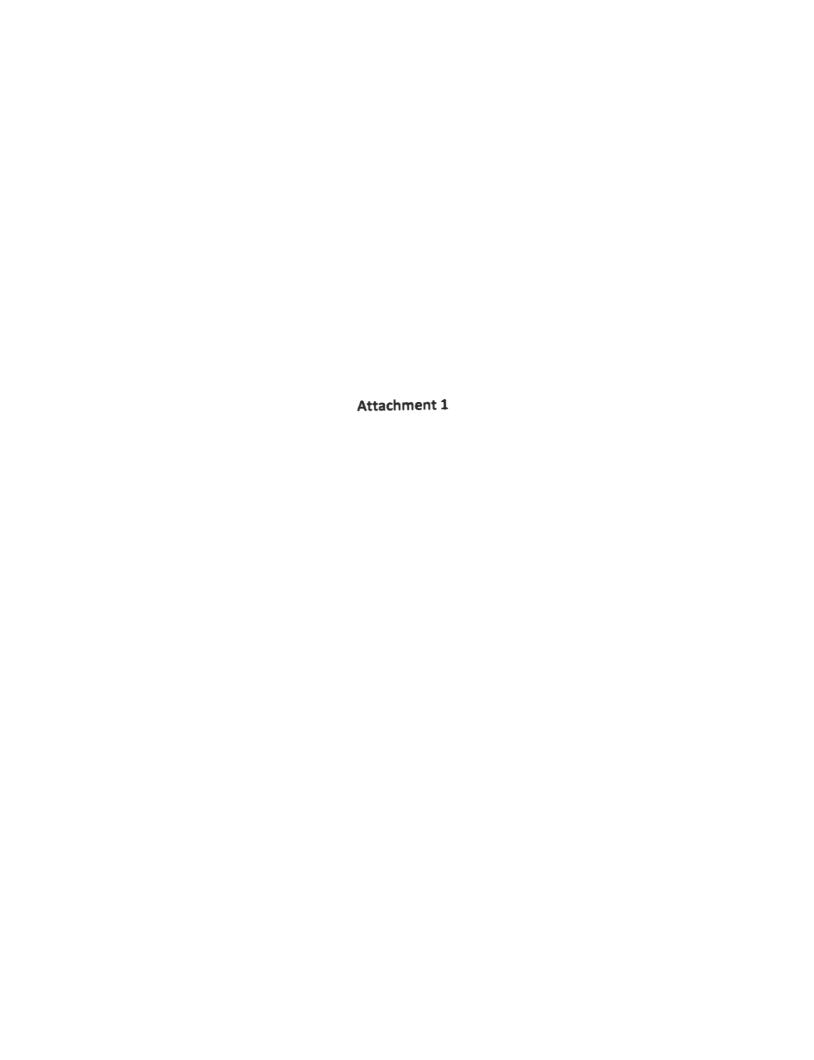
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Attachment Index

Attachment 1 Agenda

Attachment 2 Director's Slides (Agenda Item 2)

Attachment 3 Resolution adopting amendments to ADEM Administrative Code Division 335-4, Scrap Tire Program Regulations, and Attachment A, Final Proposed Rules (Agenda Item 4)



AGENDA* MEETING OF THE

ALABAMA ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT COMMISSION

DATE: June 14, 2024 TIME: 11:00 a.m.

LOCATION: Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) Building Alabama Room (Main Conference Room)

1400 Coliseum Boulevard Montgomery, Alabama 36110-2400

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1.	Consideration of minutes of meeting held on April 12, 2024	2
2.	Report from the ADEM Director	2
3.	Report from the Commission Chair	2
4.	Consideration of proposed amendments to ADEM Administrative Code Division 4, Scrap Tire Program Regulations	2
5.	Other business	2
6.	Future business session	2
PUBLIC	COMMENT PERIOD	2
Brief s	tatements by members of the public registered to speak	2

^{*} The Agenda for this meeting will be available on the ADEM website, <u>www.adem.alabama.gov</u>, under Environmental Management Commission.

^{**} The Minutes for this meeting will be available on the ADEM website under Environmental Management Commission.

- 1. CONSIDERATION OF MINUTES OF MEETING HELD ON FEBRUARY 9, 2024
- 2. REPORT FROM THE ADEM DIRECTOR
- 3. REPORT FROM THE COMMISSION CHAIR
- 4. CONSIDERATION OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO ADEM ADMINISTRATIVE CODE DIVISION 335-4, SCRAP TIRE PROGRAM REGULATIONS

The Commission will consider amendments to ADEM Administrative Code Division 335-4, Scrap Tire Program Regulations. Revisions to the Division 4 Code are being proposed to provide updates to the existing language to include the use of the Department-approved electronic system, amend definitions and recordkeeping and reporting requirements, update remediation plan requirements, clarify registration and permitting, management of tire materials, requirements for scrap tire receivers, processors, and transporters, and overall updates for clarity and consistency. In addition, rules were added for the End-Use Market Development Program and Procedures for Variances. The Department held a public hearing on the proposed amendments on March 12, 2024.

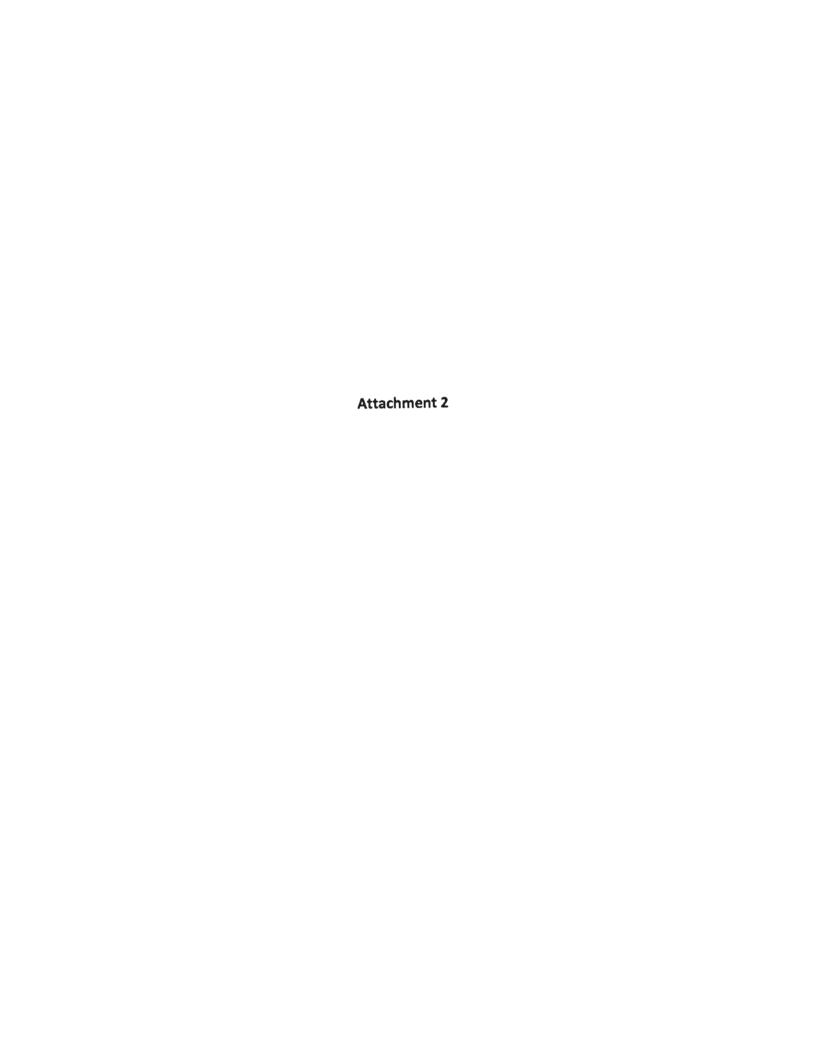
- 5. OTHER BUSINESS
- 6. FUTURE BUSINESS SESSION

PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD

BRIEF STATEMENTS BY MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC REGISTED TO SPEAK

Members of the public that wish to make a brief statement at a Commission meeting may do so by first signing in on a register maintained by the Commission office prior to each regularly scheduled meeting. The register will close ten minutes prior to convening each meeting of the Commission. Following completion of all agenda items, the Commission Chair will call on members of the public wishing to make a statement in the order their names appear on the register. Speakers are encouraged to limit their statement to matters that directly relate to the Commission's functions. Speakers will be asked to observe a three minute time limit. While an effort will be made to hear all members of the public signed on the register, the Commission may place reasonable limitations on the number of speakers to be heard. (Guideline 11, Guidelines for Public Comment).

The Guidelines for Public Comment are used in the application of ADEM Administrative Code 335-2, Environmental Management Commission Regulations, Rule 335-2-3-.05, Agenda and Public Participation. The Guidelines for Public Comment serve to educate and inform the public as to how the Commission interprets and intends to apply the Rule. The revised Rule 335-2-3-.05 was effective October 7, 2016.





Alabama Department C. Environmental Management

Status of ADEM Activities

- ADEM Budget Water Program Funding
- Next Generation Computer Software
- · Website Update
- · Sale of Old Mobile Field Office
- External Communications
- ARPA /BIL / SRF Water & Sewer Funding
- Pushback on EPA Overreach

Alabama Department Of Environmental Management

ADEM Budget - Water Program Funding

ADEM

Alabama Department Of Environmental Management

ADEM Budget

- Operating budget \$65 million / yr.
- Lowest per capita in nation following last increase in 2020
- Applied inflation since 2020 = \$14 million
- Additional mandates since 2020
- · Funding shortfall in water program

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ADEM -

Alabama Department Of Environmental Management

ADEM Water Program Funding

- ADEM Water program funding previously supplemented by Air and Land programs.
- · Water program funding shortfall concerns:
 - Unstable water regulatory oversight
 - Increased EPA presence in Alabama
 - Increased costs for regulated community if WQ down
- FY 2025 General Fund Appropriation \$6 million

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Alabama Department Of Environmental Management

Next Generation Computer Software

Alabama Department Of **Environmental Management**

Next Generation Computer Software

- ADEM Leader in Automation = High Performance / Low-Cost Operations.
- Since 2020:
 - NPDES, SID, UIC, CAFO, Coastal, 401 WQ, Recycling, Scrap Tire, UAD, UST, Asbestos, Stage 1 Air applications complete
- Solid Waste, Air Majors, Beneficial Use Completed 1st half of 2025
- Remaining programs after 1st half of 2025



Alabama Department Of Environmental Management

Website Update

Alabama Department Of Environmental Management

Website Upgrade

- · Major public information source
- · Exceptionally transparent but needs to be more user friendly.
- · Tying to software upgrades.
- · Contract signed for upgrade to coincide with software upgrades.



Alabama Department Of Environmental Management

Sale of Old Mobile Field Office & Lab

Alabama Department Of Environmental Management

Sale of Old Mobile Field Office and Lab

- Vacated
- · All salvageable equipment removed
- · Professional appraisal performed
- Appraised value \$665,000
- Request for bids on 5/8/24, bids due 6/11/24
- · No bids received start solicitation



External Communications

Alabama Department Of Environmental Management

External Communications

- Improved Website
- Op-eds & news articles
- Public Service Announcements
- Signage
- Stakeholder meetings before drafting rules
- Community meetings



ARPA / BIL / SRF Water & Sewer **Funding**

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Alabama Department Of Environmental Management

ARPA / BIL / SRF Funding Programs

- · ARPA:
 - 2021 \$1.9 Trillion (2022 2023)
 - Alabama \$2.1 Billion
 - ADEM \$620 Million
- · BIL:
 - 2021 \$1.2 Trillion (2022 2026)
 - Alabama / ADEM \$582 Million (estimated)



ARPA / BIL / SRF Funding Programs

- SRF:
 - 1989 ADEM Sewer \$1.65 Billion
 - 1999 ADEM Drinking Water \$850 million

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Alabama Department Of Environmental Management

Alabama Water and Sewer Funding

FY 2022-2024:

620 Mil\$ American Rescue Plan Act

361 Mil\$ Bipartisan Infrastructure Law

297 Mil\$ State Revolving Fund

1,278 Mil\$ TOTAL



Pushback on EPA Overreach

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ADEM -

Alabama Department Of Environmental Management

ADEM Pushback on EPA

- EPA failure to timely approve or disapprove ADEM CCR Program.
- EPA unlawful CCR rulemaking.
- EPA disapproval of ADEM CCR Program.
- EPA disapproval of ADEM Ozone Transport State Implementation Plan.



EPA Failure to Timely Act

- ADEM CCR rule 2018 / 2021 w/EPA
- ADEM CCR rule submitted for approval 12/2021
- · EPA required to act in 180 days
- EPA did not act for > 875 days

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ADEM

Alabama Department Of Environmental Management

EPA Flawed CCR Rulemaking

- · New rules on free liquids & infiltration
- Inconsistent with longstanding definitions
- · Public denied opportunity to comment
- Exceed EPA authority "Major Questions"
- < 30 days before EPA final CCR program disapproval & a basis for disapproval

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EPA Disapproval of ADEM CCR Program

- Arbitrarily changed requirements for program approval.
- Incorrectly and improperly determined ADEM CCR permits do not meet federal requirements for:
 - Groundwater monitoring
 - Groundwater corrective measures
 - Final closure

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Alabama Department Of **Environmental Management**

EPA Disapproval of ADEM CCR Program

- · Multiple experts approve groundwater monitoring system in ADEM CCR permits
- Federal Court concurs groundwater corrective measures development required in ADEM CCR permits appropriate
- Final closure requires groundwater remediation in ADEM CCR permits

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ADEM

Alabama Department Of Environmental Management

EPA Disapproval of ADEM Ozone Transport State Implementation Plan

- Arbitrarily changed modeling w/o consulting states and exceeded its authority in review.
- Arbitrarily changed definition of significant impact.
- Sought to subject 19 states to a Federal Implementation Plan.

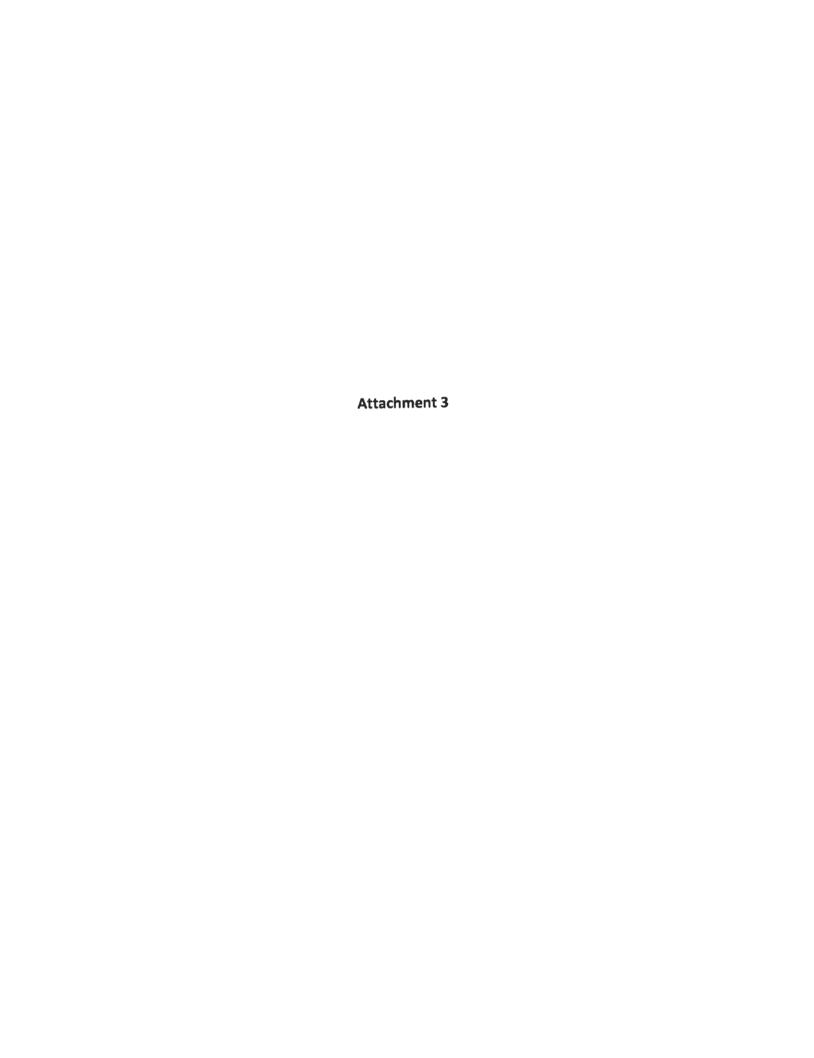
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ADEM _

Alabama Department Of Environmental Management

EPA Disapproval of ADEM Ozone Transport State Implementation Plan

- EPA action challenged in 4th, 5th, 6th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, and DC Circuits.
- 11th Circuit consolidated appeals by ADEM and Alabama electric utilities and stayed SIP disapproval.
- Venue and merits determination pending in 11th Circuit.



ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT COMMISSION RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, the Alabama Department of Environmental Management gave notice of a public hearing on the proposed revisions to ADEM Admin. Code 335-4 of the Department's Land Division's Scrap Tire Program Rules and Regulations in accordance with <u>Ala. Code</u> § 22-22A-8 (2006 Rplc. Vol.) and Ala. Code § 41-22-4 (2000 Rplc. Vol.); and

WHEREAS, a public hearing was held before a representative of the Alabama Department of Environmental Management designated by the Environmental Management Commission for the purpose of receiving data, views and arguments on the amendment of such proposed rules; and

WHEREAS, the Alabama Department of Environmental Management has reviewed the oral and written submissions introduced into the hearing record, and has prepared a concise statement of the principal reasons for and against the adoption of the proposed rules incorporating therein its reasons for the adoption of certain revisions to the proposed rules in response to oral and written submissions, such revisions, where appropriate, having been incorporated into the proposed rules attached hereto; and

WHEREAS, the Environmental Management Commission has considered fully all oral and written submissions respecting the proposed amendments and the Reconciliation Statement prepared by the Alabama Department of Environmental Management.

NOW THEREFORE, pursuant to Ala. Code §§ 22-22A-5, 22-22A-6, 22-22A-8 (2006 Rplc. Vol.), and Ala. Code § 41-22-5 (2000 Rplc. Vol.), as duly appointed members of the Environmental Management Commission, we do hereby adopt and promulgate the Uniform Environmental Covenants Program [Chapters 335-4-1 General Provisions (Amend); 335-4-2 Scrap Tire Remediation (Amend); 335-4-3 Registration and Permitting (Amend); 335-4-4 Management of Tire Materials (Amend); 335-4-5 Scrap Tire Receivers (Amend); 335-4-6 Scrap Tire Processors

(Amend); 335-4-7 Scrap Tire Transporters (Amend); 335-4-8 Financial Assurance (Amend); 335-4-9 Delegation of County Enforcement Programs (Amend); 335-4-10 End-Use Market Development Program (New); 335-4-11 Procedures for Variances (New)], of the Department's Land Division – Scrap Tire Program rules, administrative code attached hereto, to become effective forty-five days, unless otherwise indicated, after filing with the Alabama Legislative Services Agency.

Environmental Management Commission Resolution Page 3

ADEM Admin. Code division 335-4 - Scrap Tire Program

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have affixed our signatures below on this 14th day of June, 2024.

June, 2024. APPROVED: H. Lanier Brown, II, Commissioner McKinstry, Commissioner John (Jay) H. Masingill, III, Commissioner Ruby L. Perry, Commissioner A. Frank McFadden, Commissioner DISAPPROVED: Mary J. Merritt, Commissioner H. Lanier Brown, II, Commissioner Kevin McKinstry, Commissioner J. Patrick Tucker, Commissioner John (Jay) H. Masingill, III, Commissioner Ruby L. Perry, Commissioner

A. Frank McFadden, Commissioner

Environmental Management Commission Order Page 4

ABSTAINED:	
Mary J. Merritt, Commissioner	H. Lanier Brown, II, Commissioner
J. Patrick Tucker, Commissioner	Kevin McKinstry, Commissioner
John (Jay) H. Masingill, III, Commissioner	Ruby L. Perry, Commissioner
A. Frank McFadden, Commissioner	

This is to certify that this Resolution is a true and accurate account of the actions taken by the Environmental Management Commission on this 14th day of June 2024.

A. Frank McFadden, Chair

Environmental Management Commission Certified this 14th day of June 2024

ATTACHMENT A

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT LAND DIVISION SCRAP TIRE PROGRAM ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

CHAPTER 335-4-1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Definitions Applicability
Communications With ADEMDefinitions
Penalty For Violations With the Department
General Penalty for Violations
General

335-4-1-.01 Definitions Applicability.

For the purpose of these rules, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this Rule and as given by law unless the context of ADEM Administrative Code 335-4 indicates differently. These rules are not applicable to and do not limit the handling,

- (a) Accumulation any of the following activities related to scrap tires at a particular location:
 - 1. The amassing or gathering of scrap tires, for whatever purpose, not in accordance with the Act and 335-4, in a manner that poses a threat to human health and the environment.
 - 2. The amassing or gathering of scrap tires by a permitted processor, registered receiver, or permitted landfill or solid waste disposal facility.storage, or
- (b) Act the "Alabama Scrap Tire Environmental Quality Act," Act No. 2003-332, Code of Ala. 1975, §22-40A-1 et seq. use of
- (c) Approved authorized, certified, permitted by, or meets standards of a regulatory authority.
- (d) Baling a method of volume reduction in which whole tires are compressed into bales.
- (e) Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) an agency of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services whose function is developing and applying disease prevention and control, environmental health, and health promotion and education activities designed to improve the health of the people of the United States.
- (f) Cleanup the cleaning up, remediation, control, or removal of scrap tires from the environment.

- (g) Closure Plan the plan for closing a processing facility prepared in accordance with 335 4 6 . 06 (b).
- (h) Consumer either a retail purchaser or a vehicle dealer who buys a tire to be installed on a vehicle for resale. A wholesale purchaser who buys tires for resale is not considered a consumer.
- (i) Current Closure Cost Estimate the most recent of the estimates prepared in accordance with 335 4 8 .03(2).
- (j) Department the Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) or its successor organization having similar responsibility.
- (k) Department of Public Health (ADPH) the Alabama
 Department of Public Health as defined by Code of Ala. 1975,
 \$22-2-1.
- (1) Director the Director of ADEM or a duly authorized representative.
- (m) Disposal the deposit of a tire in a permitted solid waste disposal facility or landfill.
- (n) Duly Authorized Representative a person or position designated by a responsible official to act in place of that responsible official. A person or position is a duly authorized representative if:
 - 1. The authorization is made in writing by a responsible official and is submitted to ADEM. The written authorization shall specify the actions or activities the duly authorized representative has approval to conduct for the regulated facility or activity, and shall be updated in writing to accurately identify any changes to the authorized individual or position.

 2. The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity.
- (o) Enforcement Officer an employee of ADEM or the person appointed by the County Commission having a delegation agreement with ADEM to enforce the Act and 335-4, enforcement officers under the supervision of the County Enforcement Officer, and persons authorized by law or regulation to enforce the Act and/or 335-4.
- (p) Engineer a person currently registered as a professional engineer with the Alabama Board of Licensure for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors.
- (q) Final Designated Facility a person indicated on a manifest as the last, or ultimate, recipient of the scrap tires or processed tire material to be recycled, reused or disposed. new tires or used tires meeting the
- (r) Fuel User a processor that uses tire-derived fuel as a source of energy and has been permitted by ADEM or a local air pollution control agency for the use of tire-derived fuel.definition of

(s) Ground or Crumb Rubber - a processed tire material resulting from the grinding or other processing of scrap tires whose particles have a diameter of less than 0.375 inches and are 98% wire free by weight.used tires
(t) Individual Scrap Tire Generator - an individual who generates eight (8) or less scrap tires per year from his personal use vehicles. Not included in this definition are tires removed from a vehicle used in commerce or business by an individual, even if that vehicle is owned by the individual.

(u) Innocent Landowner - one who meets either all of the conditions of 335-4-1-.01(u) (1) or 335-4-1-.01(u) (2): 335-4-1-.02.

1. an owner of real property upon which there is located an accumulation of scrap tires

i. The scrap tires were disposed of on the property after the owner acquired title to or obtained financial interest in the property, or the scrap tires were disposed of before the owner acquired title to the property and the owner lacked actual knowledge of the waste after conducting reasonable due diligence or title was acquired by intestate succession or devise.

ii. The owner did not have knowledge that the scrap tires were being disposed of on the property, or the owner took steps, including, but no limited to, posting signs to prevent disposal on the property.

iii. The owner did not participate in or consent to the disposal of scrap tires on the property.

iv. The owner did not receive any financial benefit from the disposal of scrap tires on the property.

v. Title to the property was not transferred to the owner for the purpose of evading liability for operating an unauthorized accumulation of scrap tires

vi. The person or persons responsible for disposing of the scrap tires on the property, in doing so, was not acting as an agent for the property owner or interest holder.

2. The State of Alabama shall be considered an innocent landowner for properties it owns or holds upon which scrap tires are disposed in which disposal the State did not participate nor to which the State consented.

(v) Manifest - a form used for identifying the quantity, composition, origin, routing and destination of scrap tires or processed tire material during its transportation from the point of origination to the point of end-use, processing or disposal.

(w) Operating Record - a collection of documents relating to the permitting or operation of a scrap tire facility.

(x) Operator - the person responsible for the overall operation of a scrap tire facility, or a part of a facility, with the authority and knowledge to make and implement decisions, or whose actions or failure to act may result in noncompliance with the requirements of 335-4 or the Act. (y) Owner - The person who owns a scrap tire facility or part of a facility. (z) Permit written authorization granted to a person by ADEM to transport scrap tires or to operate a scrap tire processing facility. (aa) Permitted Processor - a person engaged in the processing of tires as defined in this section, that has received the proper permit from ADEM. A retreader or sorter is not considered a processor. (bb) Permitted Transporter - a person who has received the proper transporter permit from ADEM. (cc) Person an individual, organization, business, or entity, whether or not organized for profit. (dd) Processed Tire Material - a material produced from scrap tires through any chemical, physical, or thermal process, including, but not limited to, baling. (ee) Processing for purposes of tire processing, the term includes any of the following activities related to pneumatic tires: 1. The compression and binding of whole tires or processed tire material or baling. 2. Shredding, reducing, or altering tires by any physical, chemical, or thermal process, including, specifically, the burning of tires as fuel. 3. Incorporating whole scrap tires into any end use product or structure where the scrap tire is not deconstructed into its component parts. 4. Punching or stamping products from whole scrap tires or producing processed tire material, crumb, or ground rubber product, whether or not that product is held for sale or used in the facility to produce an end product. (ff) Recall Tire a scrap tire resulting from its replacement at no cost to the consumer due to a manufacturing defect and specifically recalled by the manufacturer or by the federal government. (gg) Receiver - a person who generates or accumulates scrap tires, including the following: 1. Class One Receivers include retail tire dealers, retreaders, and used tire dealers. 2. Class Two Receivers include all other receivers of scrap tires, other than Class One Receivers, that generate or accumulate a minimum of ten (10) scrap tires in a year, specifically including, among others, a component of government, vehicle fleet maintenance or

dismantling, rental or sales operations, or other activity that generates scrap tires, whether or not organized for profit.

(hh) Recycling or Reuse — a use of scrap tires or processed tire material other than for land disposal, including, but not limited to, new products, rubber modified asphalt, civil engineering applications, or fuel use.

(ii) Remediation this term is synonymous with "cleanup."

(jj) Replacement Tire - a pneumatic tire sold to the consumer regardless of whether or not mounted on a rim or wheel.

(kk) Responsible Official — means one of the following:

1. For a corporation, a president, vice president,
secretary, or treasurer of the corporation in charge of
a principal business function, or other person who
performs similar policy or decision—making functions for
the corporation, or a duly authorized representative of
the person if the representative is responsible for the
overall operation of one or more facilities applying for
or subject to a permit and either:

(i) The facilities employ more than 250 persons or have gross annual sales or expenditures exceeding \$25 million (in second quarter 1980 dollars); or (ii) The delegation of authority to the representative is approved in advance by ADEM.

2. For a partnership, a general partner.

3. For a sole proprietorship, the proprietor.

4. For a limited liability company, a person as designated under the authority of Code of Ala. 1975, \$10-12-22.

5. For a municipality, state, federal, or other public agency, either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official. A principal executive officer of a federal agency includes the chief executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency.

(11) Responsible Party or Responsible Person with respect to the remediation of any accumulation of scrap tires on any property, a person who meets one or more of the following conditions:

1. A person who deposited the scrap tires on the property, if other than the person who holds the title to or has a financial interest in the property.

2. A person who holds title to or has a financial interest in the property, and who does not qualify as an innocent landowner.

(mm) Retail Tire Dealer - a person selling replacement tires to the consumer whether or not mounted on a rim.

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(nn) Retreaded Casing Replacement Tire - a retreaded casing
sold to the consumer regardless of whether or not mounted on
a rim or wheel.
(oo) Retreader - a person engaged in the retreading of
casings.
(pp) Scrap Tire any pneumatic tire no longer suitable or
useable for its original purpose, and, in addition, includes
but is not limited to, all tires with a manufacturing
defect, except those that are in the process of being
returned to the manufacturer for a refund.
(qq) Scrap Tire Commission (STC) - the commission
established to review implementation of the Act and to
recommend changes of the Act to the Legislature.
(rr) Scrap Tire Environmental Fee - the fee established by
the Act, to be collected on the purchase of replacement
tires by the Department of Revenue and deposited to the
Scrap Tire Fund.
(ss) Scrap Tire Facility or Facility - all contiguous land,
structures and other appurtenances thereto used for the
accumulation, storage or processing of scrap tires or
processed tire material.
(tt) Scrap Tire Fund (STF) - the separate fund established
by the Act to fund the cleanup of scrap tire sites, the
scrap tire program implemented by ADEM and other activities
described in the Act.
(uu) Scrap Tire Site - a site or location where scrap tires
or tire pieces are illegally stored or accumulated and is
not in compliance with the Act or 335-4.
(vv) Solid Wastes and Recyclable Materials Management Act -
Chapter 27 of Title 22, Code of Ala. 1975.
(ww) Solid Waste Disposal Facility (SWDF) - all contiguous
land, structures and other appurtenances used for the
processing, treatment or disposal of solid waste including
landfill cells, and is not a land application unit, surface
impoundment, injection well or waste pile as those terms are
defined in ADEM Admin. Code 335-13-1-.03.
(xx) Thirty Day Supply - the amount of scrap tires or
processed tire material necessary to provide a 30-calendar
day supply for the indicated process.
(yy) Threat - a condition creating a substantial probability
of harm, where the probability and potential extent of harm
makes it reasonably necessary to take immediate action to
prevent, reduce, or mitigate damage to persons, property,
the environment, natural resources, or the public health and
safety.
(zz) Tire Chips - A processed tire material resulting from
the shredding or chopping of whole scrap tires whose pieces
have a basic geometrical shape and are generally between
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one-half (0.5) inches and two (2) inches in size and have most of the wire removed. (aaa) Tire Dealer - a person engaged in the sale of tires to the consumer, whether or not mounted on a rim or wheel. (bbb) Tire-Derived Fuel (TDF) - a scrap tire or processed tire material intended for use as fuel. (ccc) Tire Materials - either scrap tires, processed tire material, or both. (ddd) Tire Shreds - A processed tire material resulting from the shredding or chopping of whole scrap tires whose pieces have a basic geometrical shape and are generally between two (2) inches and twelve (12) inches in size. (eee) Used Replacement Tire or Used Tire - a pneumatic tire that is capable of reuse as a tire, directly or following repair, regrooving, or retread, excluding processed tire material, end-use products or by-products derived from scrap tires, that meets all of the following requirements: 1. If a tire is designed for highway use it shall still have more than two thirty-seconds (0.0625) inch of tread. 2. The tire is stored in a rack or a stack, but not in a pile, in a manner consistent with National Fire Protection Association guidelines for tire storage, as well as in a manner that minimizes vector breeding. 3. The tire is stored in a manner to allow inspection of each individual tire. (fff) Warranty Tire - a scrap tire resulting from the replacement of a tire at no or reduced cost to the consumer, under a manufacturer's or other warranty, due to damage to the tire while mounted on a vehicle. (ggg) Whole Tire - a scrap tire that has been removed from a rim but which has not been processed. Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes

Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et

New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4, History: 2004. Amended: Filed February 3, 2007; effective April 3, 2007. Amended: Filed February 23, 2010; effective March 30, 2010. Amended: Published ; effective

335-4-1-.02 Definitions.

For the purpose of these rules, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this Rule and as given by law unless the context of 335-4 indicates differently.

(a) Accumulation - any of the following activities related to scrap tires at a particular location:

- 1. The amassing or gathering of scrap tires, for whatever purpose, not in accordance with the Act and 335-4, in a manner that poses a threat to human health and the environment.
- 2. The amassing or gathering of scrap tires by a permitted processor, registered receiver, or permitted landfill or solid waste disposal facility.
- (b) Act the "Alabama Scrap Tire Environmental Quality Act," Act No. 2003-332, Code of Alabama 1975, §22-40A-1 et seq.
- (c) Approved authorized, certified, permitted by, or meets standards of a regulatory authority.
- (d) Baling a method of volume reduction in which whole tires are compressed into bales.
- (e) Beneficial Use of Processed Tire Material the processed scrap tire material should meet all of the following conditions:
- 1. It must provide a functional benefit;
- 2. It must substitute for the use of a virgin material, conserving natural resources that would otherwise need to be obtained through practices, such as extraction;
- 3. It must meet relevant product specifications, regulatory standards or design standards when available, and when such standards are not available, the processed tire material is not used in excess quantities.
- of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services whose function is developing and applying disease prevention and control, environmental health, and health promotion and education activities designed to improve the health of the people of the United States.
- (g) Cleanup the cleaning up, remediation, control, or removal of scrap tires from the environment.
- (h) Closure Plan the plan for closing a processing facility prepared in accordance with 335-4-6-.06(b).
- (i) Consumer either a retail purchaser or a vehicle dealer who buys a tire to be installed on a vehicle for resale. A wholesale purchaser who buys tires for resale is not considered a consumer.

- (j) Current Closure Cost Estimate the most recent of the estimates prepared in accordance with 335-4-8-.03(2).
- (k) Department or ADEM- the Alabama Department of Environmental Management as established by Code of Alabama, 1975, §22-2-1 or its successor organization having similar responsibility.
- (1) Department of Public Health (ADPH) the Alabama Department of Public Health as defined by Code of Alabama 1975, §22-2-1, et seq, as amended.
- (m) Director the Director of ADEM or a duly authorized representative.
- (n) Disposal the deposit of a tire in a permitted solid waste disposal facility or landfill.
- (o) Duly Authorized Representative a person or position designated by a responsible official to act in place of that responsible official. A person or position is a duly authorized representative if:
- 1. The authorization is made in writing by a responsible official and is submitted to ADEM. The written authorization shall specify the actions or activities the duly authorized representative has approval to conduct for the regulated facility or activity, and shall be updated in writing to accurately identify any changes to the authorized individual or position.
- 2. The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity.
- (p) Enforcement Officer an employee of ADEM or the person appointed by the County Commission having a delegation agreement with ADEM to enforce the Act and 335-4, enforcement officers under the supervision of the County Enforcement Officer, and persons authorized by law or regulation to enforce the Act and/or 335-4.
- (q) Engineer a person currently registered as a professional engineer with the Alabama Board of Licensure for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors.
- (r) Final Designated Facility a person, as defined in 335-4-1-.02, indicated on a manifest as the last, or ultimate,

- recipient of the scrap tires or processed tire material to be recycled, reused or disposed.
- (s) Fuel User a processor that uses tire-derived fuel as a source of energy and has been permitted by ADEM or a local air pollution control agency for the use of tire-derived fuel.
- (t) Ground or Crumb Rubber a processed tire material resulting from the grinding or other processing of scrap tires whose particles have a diameter of less than 0.375 inches and are 98% wire free by weight.
- (u) Individual Scrap Tire Generator an individual who generates eight (8) or less scrap tires per year from his personal use vehicles. Not included in this definition are tires removed from a vehicle used in commerce or business by an individual, even if that vehicle is owned by the individual.
- (v) Innocent Landowner one who meets all of the conditions of either 335-4-1-.02(v)(1) or 335-4-1-.02(v)(2):
- 1. an owner of real property upon which there is located an accumulation of scrap tires
- i. The scrap tires were disposed of on the property after the owner acquired title to or obtained financial interest in the property, or the scrap tires were disposed of before the owner acquired title to the property and the owner lacked actual knowledge of the waste after conducting reasonable due diligence or title was acquired by intestate succession or devise.
- ii. The owner did not have knowledge that the scrap tires were being disposed of on the property, or the owner took steps, including, but not limited to, posting signs to prevent disposal on the property.
- iii. The owner did not participate in or consent to the disposal of scrap tires on the property.
- iv. The owner did not receive any financial benefit from the disposal of scrap tires on the property.
- v. Title to the property was not transferred to the owner for the purpose of evading liability for operating an unauthorized accumulation of scrap tires.
- vi. The person or persons responsible for disposing of the scrap tires on the property, in doing so, was not acting as an agent for the property owner or interest holder.

- 2. The State of Alabama shall be considered an innocent landowner for properties it owns or holds upon which scrap tires are disposed in which disposal the State did not participate nor to which the State consented.
- (w) Limited-Use Transporter Permit a transporter permit that is valid for no longer than ninety (90) days and is only for the remediation of scrap tire sites or as approved by the Department.
- (x) Manifest a form used for identifying the quantity, composition, origin, routing and destination of scrap tires or processed tire material during its transportation from the point of origination to the final designated facility.
- (y) Operating Record a collection of documents relating to the permitting or operation of a scrap tire facility.
- (z) Operator the person responsible for the overall operation of a scrap tire facility, or a part of a facility, with the authority and knowledge to make and implement decisions, or whose actions or failure to act may result in noncompliance with the requirements of 335-4 or the Act.
- (aa) Owner The person who owns a scrap tire facility or part of a scrap tire facility.
- (bb) Permit written authorization granted to a person by ADEM to transport scrap tires in Alabama or to operate a scrap tire processing facility in Alabama.
- (cc) Permitted Processor a person engaged in the processing of tires, as defined in 335-4-1-.02, that has received the proper permit from ADEM. A retreader or sorter is not considered a processor.
- (dd) Permitted Transporter a person who has received the proper transporter permit from ADEM.
- (ee) Person an individual, organization, business, or entity, whether or not organized for profit.
- (ff) Processed Tire Material a material produced from scrap tires through any chemical, physical, or thermal process, including, but not limited to, baling.

- (gg) Processing for purposes of tire processing, the term includes any of the following activities related to pneumatic tires:
- 1. The compression and binding of whole tires or processed tire material or baling.
- 2. Shredding, reducing, or altering tires by any physical, chemical, or thermal process, including, specifically, the burning of tires as fuel.
- 3. Incorporating whole scrap tires into any end use product or structure where the scrap tire is not deconstructed into its component parts.
- 4. Punching or stamping products from whole scrap tires or producing processed tire material, crumb, or ground rubber product, whether or not that product is held for sale or used in the facility to produce an end product.
- (hh) Recall Tire a scrap tire resulting from its replacement at no cost to the consumer due to a manufacturing defect and specifically recalled by the manufacturer or by the federal government.
- (ii) Registered Receiver a person who generates or accumulates scrap tires, including the following:
- 1. Class One Receivers include retail tire dealers, retreaders, and used tire dealers.
- 2. Class Two Receivers include all other receivers of scrap tires, other than Class One Receivers, that generate or accumulate a minimum of ten (10) scrap tires in a year, specifically including, among others, a component of government, vehicle fleet maintenance or dismantling, rental or sales operations, or other activity that generates scrap tires, whether or not organized for profit.
- (jj) Recycling or Reuse a use of scrap tires or processed tire material other than for land disposal, including, but not limited to, new products, rubber modified asphalt, civil engineering applications, or fuel use.
- (kk) Remediation this term is synonymous with "cleanup."
- (11) Replacement Tire a pneumatic tire sold to the consumer regardless of whether or not it is mounted on a rim or wheel.

- (mm) Responsible Official means one of the following:
- 1. For a corporation, a president, vice-president, secretary, or treasurer of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or other person who performs similar policy or decision-making functions for the corporation, or a duly authorized representative of the person if the representative is responsible for the overall operation of one or more facilities applying for or subject to a permit/registration and either:
- (i) The facilities employ more than 250 persons or have gross annual sales or expenditures exceeding \$25 million (in second quarter 1980 dollars); or
- (ii) The delegation of authority to the representative is approved in advance by ADEM.
- 2. For a partnership, a general partner.
- 3. For a sole proprietorship, the proprietor.
- 4. For a limited liability company, a person as designated under the authority of Alabama Code, \$10A-5A-1.02(2014) et seq, as amended.
- 5. For a municipality, state, federal, or other public agency, either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official. A principal executive officer of a federal agency includes the chief executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency.
- (nn) Responsible Party or Responsible Person- with respect to the remediation of any accumulation of scrap tires on any property, a person who meets one or more of the following conditions:
- 1. A person who deposited the scrap tires on the property, if other than the person who holds the title to or has a financial interest in the property.
- 2. A person who holds title to or has a financial interest in the property, and who does not qualify as an innocent landowner.
- (oo) Retail Tire Dealer a person selling replacement tires to the consumer whether or not mounted on a rim.

- (pp) Retreaded Casing Replacement Tire a retreaded casing sold to the consumer regardless of whether or not mounted on a rim or wheel.
- (qq) Retreader a person engaged in the retreading of casings.
- (rr) Scrap Tire any pneumatic tire no longer suitable or useable for its original purpose, and, in addition, includes but is not limited to, all tires with a manufacturing defect, except those that are in the process of being returned to the manufacturer for a refund.
- (ss) Scrap Tire Commission (STC) the commission established to review implementation of the Act and to recommend changes of the Act to the Legislature.
- (tt) Scrap Tire Environmental Fee the fee established by the Act, to be collected on the purchase of replacement tires by the Department of Revenue and deposited to the Scrap Tire Fund.
- (uu) Scrap Tire Facility or Facility all contiguous land, structures and other appurtenances thereto used for the accumulation, storage or processing of scrap tires or processed tire material.
- (vv) Scrap Tire Fund (STF) the separate fund established by the Act to fund the cleanup of scrap tire sites, the scrap tire program implemented by ADEM and other activities described in the Act.
- (ww) Scrap Tire Site a site or location where scrap tires or tire pieces are illegally stored or accumulated and is not in compliance with the Act or 335-4.
- (xx) Solid Wastes and Recyclable Materials Management Act Chapter 27 of Title 22, Code of Alabama 1975, as amended.
- (yy) Solid Waste Disposal Facility (SWDF) any landfill or part of a facility where final disposition of solid waste occurs and at which waste may remain after closure.
- (zz) Thirty-Day Supply the amount of scrap tires or processed tire material necessary to provide a thirty (30) calendar day supply for the indicated process.
- (aaa) Threat a condition creating a substantial probability of harm, where the probability and potential extent of harm makes it reasonably necessary to take immediate action to prevent,

- reduce, or mitigate damage to persons, property, the environment, natural resources, or the public health and safety.
- (bbb) Tire Chips A processed tire material resulting from the shredding or chopping of whole scrap tires whose pieces have a basic geometrical shape and are generally between one-half (0.5) inches and two (2) inches in size and have most of the wire removed.
- (ccc) Tire Dealer a person engaged in the sale of tires to the consumer, whether or not mounted on a rim or wheel.
- (ddd) Tire-Derived Fuel (TDF) a scrap tire or processed tire material intended for use as fuel.
- (eee) Tire Materials either scrap tires, processed tire material, or both.
- (fff) Tire Shreds A processed tire material resulting from the shredding or chopping of whole scrap tires whose pieces have a basic geometrical shape and are generally between two (2) inches and twelve (12) inches in size.
- (ggg) Used Replacement Tire or Used Tire a pneumatic tire that is capable of reuse as a tire, directly or following repair, regrooving, or retread, excluding processed tire material, enduse products or by-products derived from scrap tires, that meets all of the following requirements:
- 1. If a tire is designed for highway use it shall still have more than two thirty-seconds (0.0625) inch of tread.
- 2. The tire is stored in a rack or a stack, but not in a pile, in a manner consistent with current National Fire Protection Association guidelines (including Chapter 33-34 and any other applicable chapters) for storage of rubber tires, as well as in a manner that minimizes vector breeding.
- 3. The tire is stored in a manner to allow inspection of each individual tire.
- (hhh) Vector any organism that functions as a carrier of an infectious agent between organisms.
- (iii) Warranty Tire a scrap tire resulting from the replacement of a tire at no or reduced cost to the consumer, under a manufacturer's or other warranty, due to damage to the tire while mounted on a vehicle.

(jjj) Whole Tire - a scrap tire that has been removed from a rim but which has not been processed.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes.

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

2004. Amended: Filed February 3, 2007; effective April 3,

2007. Amended: Published ; effective .

335-4-1-.03 Communications With ADEMwith the Department.

- (1) All correspondence concerning 335-4 or facilities regulated under 335-4 shall be mailed to ADEM, Scrap Tire Program, P. O. Box 301463, Montgomery, Alabama 36130-1463. All correspondence delivered as packages or overnight or express mail concerning 335-4 or facilities regulated under 335-4 shall be addressed to ADEM, Scrap Tire Program, 1400 Coliseum Blvd., Montgomery, Alabama 36110-2059. Electronic copies of documents may be sent via e-mail to TireMail@adem.state.al.us in accordance with 335-4-1.such as: applications, registrations, certifications, and permits along with any supporting documentation including payment of any fees, as defined in 335-1, shall be completed and submitted electronically via the Department-approved electronic system.

 02(4).
- (2) All applications, reports required by permits or registrations, or other information requested by ADEM shall be signed and completed electronically by a responsible official or by a duly authorized representative.
- (3) Any person submitting an application or a report under 335-4 shall make the following certification:

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

(4) Electronic submittal of reports, applications and other documents required under 335-4 may be sent to ADEM in accordance with Code of Ala-Alabama 1975, \$8-1A-1 et seq. The electronic

submittal shall contain all required information and be formatted in an electronic file format approved by ADEM. The documents may be submitted by mail on compact disk or in an email.

- (a) Any document submitted electronically is assumed by ADEM to have been submitted on behalf of the responsible corporate official having responsibility to certify the submittal in $335-4-1-.0\frac{2}{3}(3)$.
- (b) A written signature is not required for documents sent electronically. The applicant assumes the responsibility of assuring himself that any electronic document submitted on his behalf would have been certified by his written signature as required in 335-4-1-.023(3).
- (c) The receipt date for an electronic submittal via e mail shall be the date and time the document is received by ADEM as indicated by the computer software accepting the submission, in accordance with Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, §8-1A-15.
- (d) Fees may be submitted electronically via an e government contractor when the service becomes available to ADEMAll fees may be submitted electronically as provided by the Department.
- (e) All governmental organizations, whether federal, state, or other local governing bodies, shall be exempt from the payment of the Scrap Tire Environmental Fee. These organizations shall comply with all provisions of these regulations rules regarding the storage, transport, processing, cleanup, and disposal of scrap tires.

 (5)

ADEM may place certain documents resulting from implementation Author: James L. Bryant; M. Gavin Adams; Adam N. Rhodes

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, §\$22-40A-1 et seq., 22-22A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4, 2004. Amended: Published ; effective .

335-4-1-.04 Penalty for Violations.

No person shall violate any of the provisions of 335-4. Violation of 335-4 shall be considered to be a violation of Code of Alabama 1975, §22-40A-1 et seq., and shall be punishable as provided therein or by the Environmental Management Act, Code of Alabama 1975, §22-22A-1 et seq. of 335-4 on its Internet web

site at www.adem.state.al.us for viewing or use by the public and regulated persons

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams, Adam N. Rhodes. Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, §\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4, 2004. Amended: Filed February 3, 2007; effective April 3, 2007.

335-4-1-.03 Penalty For Violations.

No person shall violate any of the provisions of 335-4.

Violation of 335-4 shall be considered to be a violation of Code of Ala. 1975, \$22-40A-1 et seq., and shall be punishable as provided therein or by the Environmental Management Act.

Author: James L. Bryant

Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.,

22-22A-1 et seq.

History: New RuleAmended: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4, 2004February 23, 2010; effective March 30, 2010.

Amended: Published ; effective ...

335-4-1-.045 General.

- (1) Gender and Number.
- (a) Words in the masculine gender also include the feminine and neuter genders.
- (b) Words in the singular include the plural.
- (c) Words in the plural include the singular.
- (2) All scrap tires shall be processed and disposed of in a manner consistent with the requirements of 335-4.
- (3) The following tires are exempt from regulation under 335-4:
- (a) Tires used on devices moved exclusively by human power.
- (b) Solid tires manufactured from plastic or rubber.
- (c) Tires used on medical and health care devices, such as wheelchairs, gurneys, battery-assisted transportation devices and others as may be exempted under 335-4-1-.045(3)(d).

- (d) Other tires as may be approved by ADEM on a case-by-case basis.
- (4) Scrap Tire Environmental Fee. A tire dealer selling replacement tires, whether or not the tires are mounted on a rim or wheel, shall collect the Scrap Tire Environmental Fee at a rate of one dollar (\$1.00) per tire. The Alabama Department of Revenue (ADOR) shall specify how the fee is to be submitted.
- (a) Used tires are subject to the Scrap Tire Environmental Fee.
- (b) Recall tires are not subject to the Scrap Tire Environmental Fee.
- (c) Warranty tires are subject to the Scrap Tire Environmental Fee, except those replaced at no charge due to a manufacturing defect.
- (5) <u>Vector Control Plans</u>. A Vector Control Plan required to be developed by a person remediating scrap tire sites or storing tire materials shall be prepared and implemented to protect public health and welfare by controlling mosquitoes and rodents. The Vector Control Plan may be required to contain all of the following, but at a minimum shall be required to contain (c), (d), (e) and (f) below:
- (a) A list of all vectors that may be associated with the scrap tire site or facility.
- (b) A description of surveillance and monitoring techniques appropriate for the type of vectors expected, and a schedule for surveillance and monitoring.
- (c) A description of preventative treatments, including larvacides and adulticides, and a schedule of the treatments.
- (d) A list of the chemicals to be used, including a copy of all labels or Material Safety Data Sheets.
- (e) A copy of a contract with a licensed pest control operator who will perform the inspections, treatments, monitoring and surveillance, or a narrative of how the facility will perform these functions.
- (f) A legible log of the dates that the pest control operator, or other designated person, applied preventative treatments to scrap tires exposed to the elements.

- (6) Inspection of Facilities or Vehicles.
- (a) A receiver, processor, fuel user, processor exempt in 3345-4-3-.02, or transporter shall, upon request of an authorized enforcement officer, permit the enforcement officer to enter, at all reasonable times, property and buildings relating to past, present, and future management of scrap tires and allow the representative to inspect facilities, equipment, vehicles, or the operating record, and to conduct monitoring and sampling activities. The inspections may be unannounced, and a written report prepared by the enforcement officer shall be provided to the authorized representative of the facility.
- (b) The facility may be required to prepare certain items for inspection upon the request of an authorized enforcement officer.
- (7) Electronic Records and Retention. Electronic versions of records may be maintained in the operating record in accordance with Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, §8-1A-12 and must provide that:
- (a) The electronic storage medium is of sufficient quality to maintain the record in viewable form forwithin at least five (5)
 years.
- (b) The electronic information is indexed and filed so it is easily accessible to an authorized enforcement officer when reviewing records.
- (c) The appropriate electronic viewing device is made available to ADEM upon request to review records. Paper copies of documents larger than 11 inches by 17 inches shall be maintained All required documents shall be made available in a format acceptable to the Department upon request.

 (8) Applicability. These regulations are not applicable to and do not limit the handling, storage or use of new tires or used tires meeting the definition of used tires found in 335 4 1.
- (9) The Department may grant variances to these regulations (8) The Department may grant variances to these rules in accordance with 335-4-11.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams, Adam N. Rhodes
Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et
seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4, 2004. Amended: Filed February 3, 2007; effective April 3, 2007. Amended: Filed February 23, 2010; effective March 30, 2010 Published ; effective .

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT LAND DIVISION SCRAP TIRE PROGRAM ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

CHAPTER 335-4-2 SCRAP TIRE SITE REMEDIATION

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335-4-2-.01 Remediation Of Sites.

- (1) ADEM, ADPH or delegated County Enforcement Officers may access property suspected of containing scrap tire sites for the purpose of evaluation of the threat to public health, the environment and safety.
- (2) The responsible party for a scrap tire site shall be responsible for the remediation of the site. If the responsible party is not determined, the landowner shall be responsible for remediation of the site, unless the landowner qualifies as an innocent landowner as defined in 335-4-1-.02.
- (3) If ADPH, County Health Departments or CDC determines that a significant threat to public health exists from disease vectors associated with the scrap tire site, ADEM can require the responsible party or landowner through an administrative or civil action to immediately implement vector control at the site. If the responsible party or landowner refuses to implement vector control measures, STF monies may be used for this purpose. ADEM may recover all costs associated with the vector control actions pursuant to a determination of a public health threat.
- (4) Unless approved in advance by ADEM or the scrap tire site meets the requirements outlined in 335-4-2-.01(6), a person remediating a scrap tire site, whether on their own initiative or at the direction of ADEM, shall submit a Remediation Plan prepared by an engineer which shall must submit a Remediation Plan prepared by an engineer which must be used to direct remedial actions.

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- (5) If required by ADEM, the Remediation Plan shall be approved by ADEM prior to initiating action, and provide formust be approved by ADEM prior to initiating action, and must include the following as applicable:
- (a) Remove all scrap tires from the site and transport to a permitted processor, solid waste transfer station or SWDF, unless otherwise approved by ADEM. Verification of removal and transport to an authorized facility shall be provided to ADEM. All other regulated solid waste at the site may be required be required to be removed in the same manner.
- (b) Removal or treatment of substances that are a threat to human health and the environment that may have been released to the environment from accumulation, burning or processing scrap tires and other materials.
- (c) Restoration of the site by placing backfill in excavated areas, sloping and landscaping to minimize erosion and establish a vegetative cover over the site, if required.
- (d) Securing the site by a barricade or other device and posting signs indicating the dump site is closed and the location of the nearest SWDF when considered necessary by ADEM. The method or methods of securing the site shall be approved by ADEM.
- (e) Methods Estimated cleanup amounts along with the methods to remediate the site and to remove scrap tires and other wastes, to include:
- 1. An estimate of the quantity of whole tires, scrap tire material, or processed tire material to be removed.
- 2. An estimate of the type and quantity of other regulated wastes to be removed.
- 3. A list of equipment to be utilized.
- 4. Any processing of scrap tires on-site, and storage of processed tire material.
- (f) Vector Control Plan.
- (g) Stormwater runoff control.
- (h) Access control.
- (i) Fire protection measures.

- (j) Key staff involved in the supervision and performance of the proposed work.
- (k) \overline{A} schedule of proposed work.
- (1) Disposition of the scrap tires, processed tire materials and other materials removed from the site.
- (m) Site restoration.
- (n) The total cost of remediation, with a breakdown of costs estimated by the contractor, if the cost of remediation is to be paid from the STF.
- (6) A Remediation Plan prepared by an engineer is not required when the total number of scrap tires at a site is less than 500. The responsible person or legal property owner at a site with less than 500 scrap tires shall submit a general description of work to be performed, the disposition of the scrap tires and other solid waste removed from the site, and restoration of the site.
- (7) Prior to September 30, 2006, a person holding an interest in real property upon which scrap tires were discarded was allowed to remediate that property without obtaining a permit from ADEM to transport scrap tires to a permitted processor or SWDF. Remediation of property by such person now requires a limited use transporter permit to transport tire materials A landowner or the landowner's duly authorized representative who chooses to personally remove scrap tires or scrap tire material from a scrap tire site shall obtain a limited-use transporter permit, as defined in 335-4-1-.02, from ADEM to transport them to a permitted scrap tire processor or SWMF.

Author: James L. Bryant; Michael J. Cruise
Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, § 22-40A-1 et seg.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,
2004. Amended: Filed February 27, 2007; effective April 3,
2007. Amended: Published ; effective .

335-4-2-.02 Site Ranking System.

A site ranking system shall be used to determine priority for remediating existing scrap tire sites utilizing STF monies. Higher ranking sites will be remediated before lower ranking sites. Sites with greater than 25,000 tires shall qualify as

large sites and sites with 25,000 tires or less shall qualify as small sites. Large sites and small sites shall be ranked separately utilizing the factors set out below.

- (a) Large Scrap Tire Sites. The following factors shall be considered in determining priority ranking or large sites:
- 1. Human and Animal Infection or Disease Threats animal infection or disease threats, including:
- (i) The presence or threat of vectors that may cause the following infections or diseases:
- (I) West Nile Virus.
- (II) Eastern Equine Encephalitis.
- (III) Other infection or disease threats as determined in conjunction with ADPH and CDC.
- (ii) The presence of an infection or disease threat in 335-4-2-. 02(a)1. as reported by ADPH or CDC, in the form of:
- (I) Human mortality confirmed in area.
- (II) Human infection confirmed in area.
- (III) Animal mortality confirmed in area.
- (IV) Animal infection confirmed in area.
- 2. Estimated Quantity of Scrap Tires.
- (i) Greater than 3,000,000.
- (ii) Greater than 1,000,000.
- (iii) Greater than 250,000.
- (iv) Greater than 25,000.
- 3. Proximity of a Scrap Tire Site to:-
- (i) Schools, hospitals, and nursing homes.
- (ii) Churches, businesses, residential areas, recreational areas and other populated structures or areas.

- (iii) Public water supply systems or sources, or coastal area beaches and dunes.
- (iv) Gas pipelines, electrical power lines, phone lines, and cable lines.
- (v) Roadways, railroads, and other transportation resources.
- (vi) Other structures or areas.
- 4. Fire Hazards.
- (i) Lack of availability of adequate fire protective equipment or services.
- (ii) Height and width of scrap tire pile.
- (iii) Inadequate fire lanes.
- (iv) Inadequate access control.
- (b) <u>Small Scrap Tire Sites.</u> The following factors shall be considered in determining priority ranking of small sites.
- 1. Human and animal infection or disease, including:
- (i) The presence of an infection or disease as reported by ADPH or CDC, in the form of West Nile Virus, Eastern Equine Encephalitis, or other infection or disease as determined by ADPH or CDC, as follows:
- (I) West Nile Virus.
- (II) Eastern Equine Encephalitis.
- (III) Other infection or disease.
- $\overline{2}$. Estimated Quantity of Scrap Tires.
- (i) Greater than 15,000 to 25,000.
- (ii) Greater than 5,000.
- (iii) Greater than 1,000.
- $\overline{\text{(iv)}}$ 1,000 or less.
- $\overline{3}$. Proximity of a Scrap Tire Site to:

- (i) Schools, hospitals and nursing homes.
- (ii) Churches, businesses, residential areas, recreational areas, and other populated areas or structures.
- (iii) Public water supply systems or sources, or coastal area beaches and dunes.
- 4. Fire Hazards.
- (i) Lack of availability of adequate fire protective equipment or services.
- (ii) Location and composition of scrap tire materials piles.
- $\overline{5}$. Other factors.
- (c) <u>Mixed Waste Sites</u>. In the case of sites with mixed wastes, the following may apply:
- 1. Sites with mixed wastes may be determined to be ineligible for cleanup utilizing the STF if scrap tires and tire materials are a small percentage of wastes present. The STF may be utilized to clean up the entire site, only the portion of the site that contains tires/tire materials, or only the tires/tire materials present.
- 2. Sites with mixed waste may be given lower priority for cleanup than other scrap tire sites.
- 3. Sites for which the STF has been utilized to perform a previous cleanup may be given lower priority than other sites. Utilizing STF funds for cleanup of a site that was previously remediated utilizing the STF will be at the discretion of ADEM, and may be determined to be the responsibility of the landowner.
- (d) For small sites, the Department may utilize processes available under state law for contractor selection and contract execution.
- (e) The Department may, at its discretion, apply any or all provisions of 335-4 relating to large site cleanups to any small site cleanup.
- (f) ADEM shall review the site ranking and adjust the scrap tire site cleanup priority list at intervals determined by the Department. If no new sites are added during the previous year, the priority list will not be adjusted unless additional information on an existing site affects its ranking. The

priority list shall be adjusted when remediation has been completed on a site, and it is removed from the priority list.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams, Brent A. Watson; Michael J. Cruise. Watson

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335-4-2-.03 Scrap Tire Fund.

The STF may be used by the Department to pay for the cost of remediation at a scrap tire site on the Site Ranking System.

- (a) A scrap tire site will be eligible for remediation utilizing the STF if either of the following occurs:
- 1. The responsible party cannot be identified, and the site is located on property owned by an innocent landowner; or
- 2. The responsible party has been identified and refuses to remediate the site.
- (b) If the responsible party refuses to remediate a scrap tire site after notice from ADEM, and the STF is used to remediate the site, ADEM may through a civil action in circuit court recover all costs incurred during the site remediation. Recoverable costs may include, but are not limited to, legal expenses for remediation or cost recovery, utilization of remediation contractors, vector control, disposal costs, administrative costs, and other associated costs.
- (c) An innocent landowner shall not be liable for remediation costs if that person works cooperatively with ADEM to remediate the site. The innocent landowner shall do all of complete the following:
- 1. Provide site access to ADEM or its representatives.
- 2. Restrict site access.
- 3. Provide all information the landowner may have regarding the source(s) of the scrap tires, and cooperate with ADEM in enforcement of the Act and 335-4 in determining the responsible party and recovering cost of remediation.

- 4. Remove other wastes or impediments to cleanup, if required.
- 5. Be in compliance Comply with the regulatory requirements of 335-4.
- (d) Obligation of Funds.
- 1. STF monies for remediation of sites shall be obligated on an annual basis from funds collected the previous fiscal year by ADOR, funds not previously expended, or funds recovered under 335-4-2-.03(b).
- 2. Once a site has qualified for remediation using STF monies, remediation shall be continuously funded until the site is closed.
- (e) Nothing in 335-4 shall establish liability or responsibility on the part of ADEM, the STC or the State of Alabama to pay remediation costs from a source other than the STF, nor to make payments for remediation costs if the STF is insufficient to do so.
- (f) ADEM, the STC or the State of Alabama shall have no liability or responsibility if the owner or operator defaults in payment for remedial actions undertaken by the owner or operator to remediate a scrap tire site.
- (g) If funds from a financial assurance instrument are deposited in the STF in accordance with 335-4-8-.01(4), those funds shall be used exclusively for closure or remediation of the site or facility covered by the financial assurance instrument. The site or facility does not have to be in the Site Ranking System to utilize the funds deposited to the STF. Any funds remaining in the STF after completion of closure or remediation of the site or facility shall remain in the STF for use as allowed by 335-4-2-.03 for closure or remediation at other sites on the Site Ranking System. If there are insufficient funds from the financial assurance instrument to complete closure or remediation, the STF shall be used and ADEM may seek the recoverable cost as described in 335-4-2-.03(b) through a civil action in circuit court.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams, Brent A. Watson; Michael J. Cruise.

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335-4-2-.04 Remediation Contracting.

(1) Approved Contractors List.

- (a) For large sites, remediation contractors who wish to perform work under the STF must demonstrate to the satisfaction of ADEM through the submittal of a technical proposal using ADEM Form 530, and any other documents as may be required by ADEM, that they have adequate staff and resources to perform scrap tire site remediation and that they have the legal standing to perform the work. The remediation contractor must provide services that include, but are not limited to, preparation of a remediation plan, site assessment, site security, excavation or processing of scrap tires or tire materials, vector control, transportation of tire materials, and site closure.
- (b) ADEM will provide notice of requests for technical proposals from remediation contractors by publication of a legal advertisement.place a notice on the Department's website requesting technical proposals from prospective remediation contractors.
- 1. Completed proposals shall be independently evaluated by members of a Contractor Review Committee to establish an approved contractor list. The Review Committee shall consist of three (3) ADEM staff appointed by the Director and two (2) members of the STC appointed by the Chairperson of the STC. This process shall be repeated at intervals determined by ADEM to provide interested firms with the opportunity to submit qualifications to be included on the approved contractors list.
- 2. Contractors that have been approved will not be required to resubmit except under the provisions of 335-4-2-.04(1)(c).
- 3. Contractors who submitted technical proposals but were not approved may resubmit in response to the next request for proposals. Contractors will be notified in writing of the reasons why they were not approved.
- 4. A contractor shall not be eligible for payment of expenses from the STF if he is not on the approved contractors list.
- 5. Misrepresentation of any information in the technical proposal shall be cause for disqualification of the firm from

further consideration or removal of the firm from the approved list.

- (c) Remediation contractors that fail to satisfactorily maintain the requirements of 335-4-2-.04(1) will not be approved to perform remediation work utilizing the STF until a demonstration is made that satisfies the requirements of 335-4-2-.04(1).
- 1. A contractor may lose authorization to perform work for the STF if, due to the quality or timeliness of work performed by the contractor, progress in completing actions at STF-funded sites has been significantly delayed or inhibited.
- 2. A contractor removed from the approved contractor list may submit a request for evaluation as an approved contractor at the next notice of request for proposals as described in 335-4-2-. 04(1)(b). This contractor shall satisfactorily demonstrate that steps have been taken to address the causes for losing approval. A satisfactory evaluation by the Contractor Review Committee will enable the contractor to perform STF work. Contractors will be notified in writing if they are approved.
- (d) A remediation contractor may lose authorization to perform work under the Scrap Tire Fund if either of the following occurs:
- 1. The contractor is determined to be in significant noncompliance with any environmental permit, regulation, or statute—; or
- 2. The contractor is determined by the Department to be failing fails to meet applicable requirements of public contracts executed on behalf of the State of Alabama and its agencies, as determined by the Department.
- (e) The approval of a remediation contractor shall in no way establish liability or responsibility on the part of ADEM, STC or the State of Alabama in regard to the services provided by the contractor or circumstances which may occur as a result of the services, nor guarantee that the contractor will receive STF funded work.

(2) Contractor Selection.

(a) Once a scrap tire site has been determined by ADEM to be eligible for STF remediation, ADEM shall issue a Request for Remediation Plans from those contractors on the approved contractor list. The Request for Remediation Plans shall identify the site, scope of work, and a deadline for submittals.

- (b) Interested remediation contractors shall submit, as described in 335-4-1-.03, one (1) set three (3) sets of its Remediation Plan, prepared in accordance with 335-4-2-.01(5) for closure of the scrap tire site.
- (c) Not later than thirty (30) days after the deadline for accepting remediation proposals in 335-4-2-.04(2)(a), ADEM shall select the remediation contractor submitting the lowest bid meeting all requirements of the scope of work in the Request for Remediation Plan.
- (d) A contract between ADEM and the remediation contractor will be executed in compliance with State of Alabama contracting procedures. The contract shall contain:
- 1. Detailed scope of work.
- 2. Schedule for completion of the work.
- 3. Recordkeeping and reporting requirements.
- 4. Maximum amount of remediation cost reimbursement.
- 5. Methods of payment to the contractor.
- 6. Reserve to be held until completion of the work.
- 7. Provisions for removing the contractor for inadequate performance.
- (3) Contractor Performance.
- (a) A remediation contractor performing work payable by the STF shall not be required to obtain a processor permit.
- (b) If the costs of completing the activities in the approved scope of work are estimated to exceed the amount of funds obligated from the STF, an amended Remediation Plan shall be submitted that details the cost increases proposed. ADEM shall review the amended Plan, and, if costs projections are justified, shall approve the amended Remediation Plan, modify the approved scope of work, and obligate more funds from the STF before the additional work may proceed. However, there shall be a presumption against allowing amendments to Remediation Plans for failure to adequately estimate costs. To justify increased cost projections, extraordinary reasons must be shown to exist that were not known at the time the scope of work was approved by ADEM.

(c) The remediation activities shall be implemented consistent with the approved Remediation Plan in a manner acceptable to ADEM in order for the contractor to be reimbursed for all costs associated with those activities.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams, Brent A. Watson; Michael J. Cruise

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ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT LAND DIVISION SCRAP TIRE PROGRAM ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

CHAPTER 335-4-3 REGISTRATION AND PERMITTING

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335-4-3-.01 Registration Requirements.

- (1) Scrap Tire Sites. All persons who are not registered receivers of scrap tires or permitted processors and who have more than 100 scrap tires on their property as of September 1, 2003, shall register with ADEM no later than September 1, 2004 using ADEM Form 541 and provide an estimate of the number of scrap tires and their location.
- (2) The following scrap tire facilities are required to register with ADEM The following scrap tire facilities are required to register with ADEM using ADEM Form 537 via the Departmentapproved electronic system:
- (a) Class One and Class Two Receivers.
- (b) Fuel users.
- (c) Facilities that produce an end-use material or product from ground or crumb rubber derived from scrap tires purchased from another facility.
- (d) Facilities using the component parts of tire materials as a substitute raw material.
- (2) Scrap tire facilities, as described in 335-4-3-.01(1), shall apply for a registration at least forty-five (45) days prior to receiving tire material. Upon receipt of a complete application Owners or operators of scrap tire facilities in existence on the effective date of 335-4 shall register with ADEM within forty

five (45) days of the effective date of 335-4 or not later than September 15, 2004. New scrap tire facilities desiring to begin operation after the effective date of 335-4 shall register at least forty-five (45) days prior to receiving tire material. Once ADEM has reviewed the registration form, ADEM shall provide the facility with its registration number and the accumulation limit of tire materials it that the facility may accumulate or store.

- (3) All new registrations issued after the effective date of 335-4-3-.01(3), will be valid for three (3) years.
- (4) All existing registered facilities, except for fuel users, as of the effective date of 335-4-3-.01(3) and as described in 335-4-3-.01(1), shall submit an application for registration renewal in accordance with 335-4-1-.03(4) within one hundred eighty (180) days of the effective date of these rules. Facilities that do not submit an application for registration renewal within one hundred eighty (180) days of the effective date of these regulations, shall have their registration terminated.
- (5) Registered facilities may request a modification to the registration approval to increase the accumulation limit of tire materials they may accumulate or store. The Registered facilities may request a modification to the registration approval if they desire to increase the accumulation limit of tire materials they may accumulate or store. This request shall be submitted to ADEM at least forty-five (45) days prior to the proposed change in operations utilizing ADEM Form 537 via the Department approved electronic system. Approval of the Approval of this modification shall be at the sole discretion of ADEM.
- (6) Registrations are not transferable. If a registered facility has a change in ownership, the new owner shall registerapply, as described in 335-4-1-.03, for a new registration at least thirty (30) days prior to assuming ownership or operational control of the facility, where such change was foreseen and advance notification was practical.
- (7) If a scrap tire receiver is found to be in significant noncompliance with 335-4, the registration for the receiver may be terminated or denied by the Director. The receiver may request an informal hearing with ADEM to discuss the termination or denial by ADEM. Following this hearing, the Director shall advise the receiver of his revoked and deactivated by the Director. Within thirty (30) days of the date of the revocation, the receiver may request an informal hearing with ADEM to discuss the revocation by ADEM. Following this hearing, the

<u>Director shall advise the receiver of the</u> final determination on the registration.

(8) Registered facilities that discontinue receiving, processing or utilizing tire materials shall notify ADEM, as described in 335-4-1-.03, within thirty (30) days of a change in operations and request that their registration be terminated. All tire materials shall be removed from the facility before ADEM will terminate the registration.

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335-4-3-.02 Requests For Exemption.

Facilities described in 335-4-3-.01(1) in 335-4-3-.01(2) (c) and (d) may request an exemption as a processor.

- (a) The request shall be made—on_using ADEM Form 537 via the Department approved electronic system. A person applying for an exemption shall submit fees_as required in 335-1-6, unless expressly exempted by 335-4.
- (b) ADEM will terminate review of the request and notify the applicant of any deficiency if sufficient information is not submitted with the application.
- (c) After review of the complete application for exemption, ADEM shall notify the processor if the application is approved or denied application for exemption, ADEM shall notify the processor if the application is approved.
- 1. The ADEM exemption shall specify the accumulation limit of tire materials that may be stored at the facility, and other special handling requirements.
- 2. An exemption granted by ADEM shall be valid for a period of three (3) years. Application for renewal of the exemption shall be made on ADEM Form 537 and submitted to ADEM at least forty-five (45) days prior to the expiration date of the current exemption.

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- 3. If processes or conditions that warranted an exemption for the facility change during the term of the exemption, the facility shall notify ADEM via the Department approved electronic system within thirty (30) days of the change. ADEM may revoke the exemption if the within thirty (30) days of the change. ADEM may terminate the exemption if changes reported by the facility require a permit.
- (d) An exemption may be transferred to a new owner or operator by submitting, as described in 335-4-1-.03, an application using ADEM Form 330 and following the procedures described in 335-4-3-.06(a) an application using ADEM Form 330. Procedures in 335-4-3-.06(a) must be followed.

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335-4-3-.03 Requirement For A Permit.

The following facilities shall obtain require a permit from ADEM to transport or process tire materials, except as provided in 335-4-3-.03(c) and (d):

- (a) <u>Transporters of Scrap Tires</u>. Transporters of scrap tires who transport more than eight (8) scrap tires at a time shall obtain a transporter permit. A transporter who processes scrap tires shall obtain a transporter permit and a processor permit.
- (b) <u>Processors of Scrap Tires</u>. Permits shall be issued for processing based on the activities performed. The classification of processors shall be:
- I. Class One Processor. Processors who shred, size-reduce or alter tires, punch or stamp tire materials to produce an end product or produce products from ground or crumb rubber at their facility. Processors who shred, size-reduce or alter tires, punch or stamp tire materials to produce a end product, or produce products from ground or crumb rubber at their facility. These shall be known as Class One processors.
- 2. Class Two Processor. Processors who only shred, size reduce or alter tires at their facility. Processors who only shred, size reduce or alter tires at their facility, and who shall be known as Class Two processors.

- 3. Mobile processors, who shall be known as Class Three Processor. Processors who shred or alter scrap tires at different locations.
- (c) The following transporters of scrap tires are exempt from the requirement to obtain a permit as required by this rule from ADEM:
- 1. Class One and Class Two Receivers transporting tires received or generated from their own operations. For Class Two Receivers, this exemption applies only to scrap tires they generate and does not apply to scrap tires generated by other persons.
- 2. Persons transporting less than eight (8) scrap tires at one time to a registered receiver, permitted processor or SWDF.
- 3. State, county, or municipal vehicles transporting illegally disposed tire materials removed from property owned or controlled by the governmental unit.
- (d) The following processors of scrap tires are exempt from the requirement to obtain a permit as required by this rule from ADEM:
- 1. Registered Class One and Class Two Receivers and permitted transporters who evaluate tires to determine suitability for reuse as used tires or as casings for retreading.
- $\overline{2}$. Processors described in 335-4-3-.01(1)(b) to (d) in 335-4-3-.01(2)(b) to (d) and fuel users that are properly registered and have received the necessary exemptions in 335-4-3-.02.

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335-4-3-.04 Permit Applications.

An existing facility in operation on the effective date of these regulations that must obtain a permit shall submit a complete application not later than 120 days after the effective date of these regulations. A facility not in operation on the effective date of these regulations shall submit a complete permit

application at least 60A facility requiring a scrap tire permit shall submit a complete permit application at least sixty (60) days prior to receiving tire materials for transportation or processing.

- (a) Transporters of Scrap Tires. Applicants for a permit to transport tire materials shall electronically submit ADEM Form 538.
- (b) Processors of Scrap Tires. Applicants for a permit to process tire materials shall electronically submit ADEM Form 540.

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335-4-3-.05 Issuance Of Permits.

- (1) When ADEM is satisfied that an application is complete it shall make a determination to issue or to deny a permit for the operations or activities described in the application. ADEM shall notify the applicant of this determination. If the determination is to issue, reissue, or modify a permit, ADEM shall prepare a draft permit. Following review of the draft permit by the applicant and resolution of any comments received from the applicant, the permit shall be issued by ADEM. Upon receipt of a complete application ADEM shall issue, renew, modify, or deny a permit for the operations or activities described in the application. If denied, ADEM shall notify the applicant of this determination.
- (2) A determination may be made by the director Director to deny a permit or to delay consideration of a permit application if the applicant owns or operates facilities within the state that are in substantial or continuing noncompliance with the Act or a permit issued by ADEM, as determined by ADEM, until the noncompliance is corrected or, if the applicant could not comply with the permit if issued. ADEM shall notify the applicant of this determination.
- (3) <u>Duration of Permits</u>.
- (a) Transporter permits shall be valid for three (3) years.

- (b) Limited-use transporter permits shall be valid no longer than ninety (90) days. If a permit is required for longer than ninety (90) days, then the transporter shall apply for a transporter permit as required in 335-4-3-.03.
- (c) Processor permits are valid for five (5) years.
- $\underline{\text{(d)}}$ Permits are subject to revocation or termination under 335-4-3-.06 (c).
- (4) Continuation of Expiring Permits. The terms and conditions of an expiring scrap tire permit are automatically extended pending the issuance of a new permit if the owner/ operatorissuance of a new permit if the permittee has submitted a complete application for reissuance of a permit in accordance with 335-4-3-.04 at least 120 sixty (60) days prior to permit expiration, and the delay in permit issuance has not been caused by the actions of the permittee owner/operator. A complete application is one that contains all items required in the permit application and its accompanying instructions, and the items contain enough information to allow ADEM to conduct a detailed review of the application. Failure to submit a complete application and reapply at least 120 days prior to permit expiration may result in expiration before reissuance. If ADEM determines that it cannot reissue an existing permit prior to its expiration date because a completed application was not received in time to reissue the permit, ADEM shall notify the permittee forty five (45) days prior to the expiration date that the permit will expire and may subject the permittee to enforcement action as described in 335-4-3-.sixty (60) days prior to permit expiration may result in the permit expiration before reissuance. 07.

Author: James L. Bryant. Adam N. Rhodes.

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seq.

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335-4-3-.06 Changes To Permits.

Subject to notice, hearing, and appeal rights of the permittee owner/operator, ADEM may transfer, modify, or revoke and reissue a scrap tire permit during its term for cause, including but not limited to, the causes listed in 335-4-3-.06.

(a) - Permit Transfers. A permit may be transferred to a new owner or operator only if the permit has been modified or

revoked and reissued through electronic submission of a complete application to ADEM utilizing the appropriate ADEM Form and payment of fees in 335-1-6, unless new owner or operator is exempted from the payment of fees by 335-4.

- 1. If there is to be no change in the operation of the scrap tire facility that affects the permittee's ability to comply with the permit and if there are to beare no changes in the operation of the scrap tire facility that affects the owner's/operator's ability to comply with the permit and if there are no changes in the design or operation of the facility, the permit may be transferred, provided that all of the following conditions are met:
- (i) The current permittee and the prospective permittee shall apply for a transfer of owner/operator and the prospective owner/operator shall electronically submit a complete application to transfer the permit at least thirty (30) days in advance of the change in owner or operator utilizing ADEM Form 330.
- (ii) The application shall include a notarized written agreement between the existing and new permittees containing the specific date for transfer of permit responsibilities, coverage and liability.
- (iii) Financial assurance requirements of 335-4-8 have been met by the new permittee owner/operator and ADEM has been provided copies of and approved the financial instruments utilized.
- 2. If the transfer would result results in changes to the design or operation of the facility, the transfer of ownership may not commence until a new application has been submitted electronically to ADEM as required by to ADEM in 335-4-3-.04 and the permit has been modified accordingly.
- 3. All persons having or claiming an interest in the real property where the facility is located shall be notified by the applicant that change of permittee of owner/operator has been requested. The permit shall not be transferred until the applicant has provided verification to ADEM that these notices have been received by those persons.
- (b) Modification or Revocation and Reissuance of Permits. When ADEM receives information or an application for modification with fees as required in 335-1-6in 335-1-6, or conducts a review of the permit file, it may determine whether or not cause for modification or revocation and reissuance exists. ADEM may modify or revoke and reissue the permit accordingly and may request an updated application if necessary. The permittee may

submit an. The owner/operator shall submit a complete application for modification or revocation and reissuance and shall provide justification of the request and clearly outline what parts of the permit are to be modified. When a permit is modified, only the conditions subject to modification are reopened. If a permit is revoked and reissued, the entire permit is reopened and subject to revision and the permit may be reissued for a new term. If cause does not exist, ADEM shall not modify or revoke and reissue the permit.

- 1. The following are causes for modification:
- (i) Material and substantial alterations or additions to the permitted facility that occurred after permit issuance.
- (ii) Receipt of information not available at the time of permit issuance (other than revised regulations).
- (iii) Changes by statute, promulgation of new or amended rules, or judicial decisions.
- (iv) Changes to General Permit Provisions: Provision.
- (I) Administrative and informational changes.
- (II) Changes to the financial assurance instruments.
- (III) Changes to remove permit conditions that are no longer applicable.
- (v) Changes to General Facility Standards:
- (I) Changes to the amount or volume of tire materials that may be accumulated, stored, or processed that occur without a change or addition of processing equipment.
- (II) Changes in procedures for maintaining the operating record.
- (vi) A permit may be modified to correct typographical or technical mistakes associated with establishing permit conditions.
- (vii) Other causes for modification not listed in 335-4-3-. 06(b)1.(i) to (vi) may be considered by ADEM. The applicant or ADEM must justify why this modification is necessary.
- $\overline{2}$. Request for modification shall be made at least forty-five (45) days prior to the commencement of alterations or other changes that may affect operation of the facility.

- (c) Termination of Permits or Denial of Permit Applicationor Denial of Permits. Any of the following are causes for terminating a permit during its term, or for denying an application for permit reissuance:
- 1. Substantial or continuing permit noncompliance.
- 2. The <u>permitteeowner's/operator</u>'s failure in the application or during the permit issuance process to disclose fully all relevant facts, or the <u>permitteeowner's/operator</u>'s misrepresentation of relevant facts.
- 3. A change in a condition that requires either a temporary or a permanent cessation of activities controlled by the permit.
- 4. The <u>permitteeowner's/operator</u>'s failure to submit a complete application <u>electronically</u> to include additional information or items requested by ADEM.
- 5. A determination that continued operation of the facility endangers human health or the environment.
- 6. The permitteeowner's/operator's failure to submit a complete
 renewal application electronically at least 120 days prior to
 permit expiration.
- 7. The permitteeowner' s/operator's failure to maintain financial assurance as required in 335-4-8.
- (d) Permit Suspension. When a permittee is not in compliance with a permit, the directoran owner/operator is not in compliance with a permit, the Director may suspend the permit until the permittee has taken the action(s) necessary to achieve compliance with the permit.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes. Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4, 2004. Amended: Filed February 27, 2007; effective April 3, 2007. Amended: Published ; effective .

335-4-3-.07 Enforcement Under The Act.

(1) A permit issued by ADEM is a permit for the purpose of the Act and is enforceable under $335-4-1-.0\frac{34}{2}$. Violations of the conditions of a permit are subject to one or more of the

following enforcement actions under the Act or the Environmental Management Act:

- (a) An administrative order requiring abatement, compliance, mitigation, cessation of activity, cleanup, or penalties.
- (b) An action for damages.
- (c) An action for injunctive relief.
- (d) An action for penalties.
- (2) An order issued by ADEM shall specify a reasonable time within which compliance shall be achieved.

Author: James L. Bryant. Adam N. Rhodes.

Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, §§ 22-40A-1 et.

seq.; §22-22A-1

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

2004. Amended: Published ; effective .

CERTIFICATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE RULES FILED WITH THE LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY OTHNI LATHRAM, DIRECTOR

(Pursuant to Code of Alabama 1975, §41-22-6, as amended).

I certify that the attached is/are correct copy/copies of rule/s as promulgated and adopted on Friday, June 14, 2024, and filed with the agency secretary on Tuesday, June 18, 2024.

AGENCY NAME: Alabama Department of Environmental Management Land

Division - Scrap Tire Program

INTENDED ACTION: Amend

RULE NO.: Chapter 335-4-4

(If amended rule, give specific paragraph, subparagraphs, etc., being

amended) 335-4-4-.04(a)

RULE TITLE: Management of Tire Materials

ACTION TAKEN: State whether the rule was adopted with or without changes from the proposal due to written or oral comments:

Adopted with changes. One comment was made regarding 335-4-4-.04 pointing out that ADEM, in fact, routinely allows beneficially reusable materials such as vegetative, or "green waste," and recyclable materials such as "white goods" accepted at solid waste landfills to be segregated from incoming disposal loads and staged until such time as they are picked up for further processing (i.e. wood chipping and metal scrap recycling). However, the current wording of the proposed regulations prohibits the segregation and staging of scrap tires and tire materials since it requires these be "...placed directly in the landfill cell..."

Another comment was made that "tires must be added directly to the working face as they enter the landfill. This creates an issue logistically at landfills. Most are worried about potential violations if the tires are shred at their facility away from the working face."

NOTICE OF INTENDED ACTION PUBLISHED IN VOLUME XLII, ISSUE NO. 4, AAM, DATED WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31, 2024.

STATUTORY RULEMAKING AUTHORITY:

Ala. Code \$\$ 22- 22A- 5, 22- 22-A 6, 22- 22A-8, 22 -28 -14, (as amended) and Ala. Code \$\$ 41-22-4 and 41-22-5 (as amended)

(Date Filed)
(For LRS Use Only)

Certifying Officer or his or her Deputy

(NOTE: In accordance with \$41-22-6(b), as amended, a proposed rule is required to be certified within 90 days after completion of the notice.)

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT LAND DIVISION SCRAP TIRE PROGRAM ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

CHAPTER 335-4-4 MANAGEMENT OF TIRE MATERIALS

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335-4-401	Accumulation Of Scrap Tires
335-4-402	Storage Requirements
335-4-403	Engineered Uses Of Processed Tire
335-4-404	Disposal In A SWDF
335-4-405	Manifests

335-4-4-.01 Accumulation Of Scrap Tires.

- (1) No person may accumulate more than 100 scrap tires, except a permitted processor, a person who registers as required in 335-4-3-.01(1), or a permitted SWDF. No person may expose accumulated scrap tires to the elements for more than thirty (30) days.
- (2) A Class One Receiver may be registered to accumulate no more than 1,500 scrap tires.
- (3) A Class Two Receiver may be registered to accumulate no more than 300 scrap tires. Tire manufacturers are excluded from this limit if the scrap tires are not exposed to the elements.

Author: James L. Bryant. Adam N. Rhodes.

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

2004. Amended: Published ; effective June 28, 2024; effective August 12, 2024.

335-4-4-.02 Storage Requirements.

- (1) <u>Indoor Storage</u>. The amount of tire materials that may be stored indoors shall not exceed the number of scrap tires or weight of processed tire material that can be processed or utilized in a thirty-day period. The facility shall process or utilize tire materials on a first-in, first-used basis. ADEM shall approve the amount of tire materials that may be stored indoors when it issues a facility registration or permit. A Vector Control Plan is required if tire materials containing water are stored indoors.
- (2) Outdoor Storage. The amount of tire materials that may be stored outdoors shall not exceed the number of scrap tires or weight of processed tire material that can be processed or utilized in a thirty (30) day period. The facility shall process or utilize tire materials on a first-in, first-used basis. ADEM shall approve the amount of tire materials that may be stored outdoors when it issues a facility registration or permit. All scrap tire facilities that store scrap tires or processed tire material outdoors shall comply with the following technical and operational standards:
- (a) Tire materials shall not be stored in the 100-year flood plain, in coastal beaches or dunes, or within 200 feet of a wetland or waters of the state as these terms are defined in 335-13, unless otherwise approved by ADEM.
- (b) The maximum dimensions of a tire materials pile shall not exceed:
- 1. A width of fifty (50) feet.
- 2. A length of 200 feet.

- 3. An area of 10,000 square feet.
- 4. A height of fifteen (15) feet for whole tires or nine (9) feet for processed tire material, unless measures are provided that assures maximum temperature shall not exceed 300° Fahrenheit at a point in the pile.
- (c) For piles of tire materials capable of holding water, a Vector Control Plan shall be prepared.
- (d) A facility shall arrange for fire protection.
- 1. If a facility does not provide its own fire protection, the facility shall make arrangements with public or private emergency response personnel that are capable of providing an adequate fire protection system. Documentation of this arrangement shall be submitted to ADEM.
- 2. The facility shall provide a letter to ADEM from the fire department or fire marshal within whose jurisdiction the facility is located stating that they have reviewed and approved the fire protection system or plan.
- (e) An Emergency Response Plan shall be developed prior to initial receipt of tire materials and updated at least annually or upon changes in the operation. The Plan shall contain the following:
- 1. A list of names and telephone numbers of persons to be contacted in case of a fire, accident or other emergency. Communication equipment sufficient to ensure notification of applicable agencies in case of an emergency shall be maintained at the facility and described in the Plan.

- 2. A list of emergency response equipment, its location, and how it shall be utilized.
- 3. Procedures to contain and dispose of tire fire residue.
- 4. A list of other materials stored on-site that may accelerate or expand a fire, to include location and other necessary precautions to take with these materials.
- (f) A 100-foot-wide fire lane shall be placed around the perimeter of tire material piles, and 50-foot fire lanes shall be placed between individual tire material piles, unless otherwise approved by ADEM. Access to the fire lane shall be unobstructed at all times. Potentially flammable vegetation shall be removed if growing within the fire lane.
- (g) A berm or other features shall be constructed around tire materials piles to contain liquid runoff from a tire fire.
- (h) No operations or activities involving open flames shall be conducted within twenty-five (25) feet of a tire material pile.
- (i) Adequate access controls, to include fences, gates, or other means, shall be provided to minimize entrance by unauthorized persons.
- (j) An attendant, operator, or some authorized person shall be present at all times when the facility is operating.

Author: James L. Bryant. Adam N. Rhodes
Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.
History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,
2004. Amended: Published ; effective June 28, 2024; effective August 12, 2024.

335-4-4-.03 Engineered Uses Of Processed Tire Material.

- (1) A person proposing to utilize processed tire material in a civil engineering application shall receive approval from ADEM in writing before initiating the Engineered Use Application as detailed in 335-4-4-.03. Engineered uses shall be in general conformity with the latest edition of "ASTM Standard Practice for Use of Scrap Tires in Civil Engineering Applications" (D 6270-98).
- (2) Approved engineered uses of processed tire material include, but are not limited to:
- (a) SWDF construction and closure, including:
- 1. Underdrain layer beneath a liner system.
- 2. Pipe trenches associated with leachate collection or recirculation, and landfill gas collection systems.
- 3. The leachate drainage or protective layer above the liner.
- 4. The drainage layer in the final cover design for closure.
- (b) Public works construction, including:
- 1. Backfill material in an embankment or behind a retaining wall.
- 2. Subgrade base beneath pavement.

- 3. Rubber-modified asphalt using crumb rubber.
- (c) Drainfield aggregate construction of subsurface sewage disposal systems or drains for groundwater/surface water diversion systems. The tire chips shall be protected from soil infiltration by a synthetic geotextile fabric.
- (d) Others as may be approved by ADEM.
- (3) The engineered use of processed tire material shall comply with all of the following standards:
- (a) Processed tire material shall not be placed or discharged into waters of the state.
- (b) The use will not adversely affect human health, public safety or the environment.
- (c) Processed tire material shall not be used in a manner that constitutes disposal or is not in compliance with other ADEM regulations.
- (d) Tire chips or tire shreds may not be used in an application where the thickness of a layer exceeds nine (9) feet, unless approved by the Department.
- (e) Uses approved by ADEM may be subject to approvals, standards or specifications imposed by other persons. The applicant and its engineer shall certify to ADEM that all other approvals or permits have been obtained prior to submittal of the Engineered Use Application. Approval for use by ADEM does not constitute approval for use by other persons or agencies.

- (4) A person proposing to utilize processed tire material in a civil engineering application shall submit to ADEM as outlined in 335-4-1-.03, a complete Engineered Use Application that provides details of the proposed use, and appropriate fees. The design and specifications shall be prepared by an engineer. The Engineered Use Application, ADEM Form 537, shall contain all of the following:
- (a) The general location where project activities will take place to include either the 4, 4 Section, Township, and Range, or Global Positioning System coordinates, and a legal description of the property. The location shall be shown on a U.S. Geological Survey 7.5-minute quadrangle map.
- (b) An affidavit from the property owner acknowledging the use or placement of processed tire material.
- (c) Detailed plans and specifications of the engineered use.
- (d) The approximate volume or weight of processed tire material to be used.
- (e) The approximate periods of time during which the project will be conducted with estimated start and finish dates.
- (f) The source of the processed tire material, and how the material will be stored prior to use. If processed tire material that may retain rainfall is to be stored more than seven (7) days and exposed to the elements, a Vector Control Plan shall be included in the application.
- (5) The local fire marshal or fire chief shall be notified of the proposed engineered use of processed tire material.

- (6) The following uses do not require an Engineered Use Application or notification to the local fire marshal or fire chief:
- (a) Use of tire materials in construction or closure of a SWDF.
- (b) Use as subgrade base or in rubber modified asphalt when installation is done in compliance with state or federal standards for highway construction.
- (c) Use in a domestic on-site sewage disposal system approved by a County Health Department or ADPH.
- (7) ADEM shall approve the Engineered Use Application before the activity may proceed. ADEM shall assign a project identification number that shall be used in all correspondence with ADEM.
- (8) Following completion of the project, the owner or operator shall submit to ADEM certification signed by an engineer verifying that the project has been completed in accordance with the approved application.
- (9) Use of whole tires or tire bales in engineered use applications may be subject to other provisions considered necessary by ADEM, or may require financial assurance for closure of the site.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes.

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4, 2004. Amended: Filed February 23, 2010; effective March 30, 2010. Amended: Published ; effective June 28, 2024; effective August 12, 2024.

335-4-4-.04 Disposal In A SWDF.

A SWDF permitted by ADEM under 335-13 does not have to obtain a new or different permit to accept tires for disposal if tires are an approved waste stream for that SWDF. Additional requirements for SWDF include:

- (a) Tire materials transported to a SWDF for disposal shall be placed directly in the landfill cell, unless the materials can be beneficially used, recycled, or further processed, and are managed as described in the SWDF permit and in accordance with 335-13 and are managed in accordance with 335-4.
- (b) A SWDF may remove tires usable as used tires or casings for retreading and shall store the tires in accordance with 335-4-4-.02.
- (c) Processed tire material delivered to a SWDF for engineered use shall not be stored within 200 feet of an active landfill cell, and shall be stored in accordance with 335-4-4-.02(2) except that an Emergency Response Plan is not required. There shall be no time limit for storage of processed tire material to be used in this manner.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes.

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

2004. Amended: Filed February 27, 2007; effective April 3,

2007. Amended: Published ; effective June 28, 2024; effective August 12, 2024.

335-4-4-.05 Manifests.

All scrap tire receivers, transporters, processors, and SWDF are required to use a written manifest for the movement, shipment, transportation or receipt of scrap tires and processed tire material, except as otherwise provided in 335-4-4-.05.

- (a) <u>General Requirements</u>. The manifest shall be originated by the receiver or other person shipping the tire materials and shall identify the quantity of tire materials transported.
- 1. Each user of a manifest shall be responsible for obtaining the manifest form at their cost from a source producing the form which shall be similar to and contain all the contents in accordance with ADEM Form 536.
- 2. The manifest shall be a multi-part, carbonless-paper form.
- 3. For shipments of scrap tires from another state to the State of Alabama, the receiver or transporter may use a manifest approved by the other state if the manifest contains all information required by ADEM.
- 4. ADEM may accept other documents in lieu of a manifest if the documents contain all information required on the manifest form, meets other requirements in accordance with 335-4-4-.05, and ADEM has approved use of the alternate document in writing.
- 5. If a person is shipping tires or tire materials that may be exempt from the requirements of 335-4-4-.05, that shipment shall be accompanied by sufficient paperwork and documentation to assure ADEM, its delegated enforcement officers and other law enforcement officers that the shipment is exempt from 335-4-4-.05.
- 6. A SWDF may receive scrap tires transported by a person permitted as a Solid Waste Collector or Transporter by a County Health Department without requiring a manifest if the tires are collected as part of a routine program of household waste collection. The SWDF may not accept shipments of only scrap tires or scrap tire materials transported by a permitted Solid Waste Collector or Transporter who collects tires at a registered scrap

tire receiver unless that person has also received a scrap tire permit to transport scrap tires.

- (b) Receiver Requirements. A receiver who transports, or offers for transportation, more than ten (10) scrap tires per year for off-site processing or disposal shall complete a manifest for each shipment.
- 1. Class One Receivers are exempt from using a manifest when transporting their own scrap tires from one business location to another or between a customer site and the receiver. Decal requirements for Class One Receivers may be found in 335-4-7-.02.
- 2. Class One Receivers shall use a manifest when transporting their own scrap tires to a processor or SWDF. Decal requirements for Class One Receivers may be found in 335-4-7-.02.
- 3. A receiver shall designate on the manifest the next receiver, transporter, processor, SWDF, or final designated facility that will receive the scrap tires described on the manifest. The receiver may designate where or to whom the transporter shall deliver the scrap tires. If a transporter is unable to deliver the scrap tires to the next designated facility, the receiver generating the manifest shall either designate another facility or instruct the transporter to return the scrap tires to the receiver.
- (c) Processor Requirements.
- 1. Processors Receiving Tire Materials.
- (i) A processor shall not accept tire materials from a receiver or transporter unless accompanied by a manifest. This regulation applies to all processing facilities receiving tire materials, including permitted processors, registered fuel user, registered manufacturers using tire materials or ground or crumb rubber to

make other products, and registered users of tire materials as a substitute raw material.

- (ii) A processor may accept scrap tires from an individual scrap tire generator without a manifest, provided the individual is transporting his own scrap tires and delivers no more than eight (8) tires at a time. The processor shall maintain records of receipt of tires from individuals in the Operating Record and shall report those receipts separately when submitting semi-annual reports to ADEM.
- (iii) A processor may receive scrap tires without a manifest from recognized non-profit civic organizations, associations or clubs, and state, county or municipal governments who deliver scrap tires resulting from roadside, stream or other cleanup programs. The processor shall maintain records of receipt of tires from these groups in the Operating Record and shall report those receipts separately when submitting semi-annual reports to ADEM.
- 2. Processors Shipping Tire Materials.
- (i) A processor shall not transport, or offer tire materials for shipment by a transporter, unless that shipment of tire materials is accompanied by a manifest originated by the processor.
- (ii) Manifests are not required for a processor to transport tire materials on a public or private right-of-way within or along the border of contiguous property under the control of the processor, even if the contiguous property is divided by a public or private right-of-way.
- (iii) Manifests are not required for a processor to ship its final end product produced from tire materials if the end product requires no further processing or is incorporated into another product.

- (d) <u>Transporter Requirements</u>. No transporter shall accept tire materials unless that shipment is accompanied by a manifest prepared by the person offering the tire materials for shipment.
- 1. If the transporter places tire materials from more than one person offering the tire materials for shipment on a permitted vehicle, the transporter shall maintain individual manifests from each person and shall not combine scrap tires from different persons on one manifest except as provided in 335-4-4-.05(d)5.
- 2. Each shipment of tire materials shall be delivered to the next designated person or facility indicated on the manifest, or to an alternate person or facility designated on the manifest.
- 3. If the transporter is unable to deliver the tire materials to the next designated person or facility or the alternate person or facility, the transporter shall contact the person originating the shipment who shall either designate another facility or instruct the transporter to return the tire materials.
- 4. If the person originating the shipment of tire materials does not indicate on the manifest another designated person or facility to accept the tire materials from the transporter, the transporter may utilize the same manifest when selecting the next person or facility to accept the shipment. The person or facility to which the transporter delivers the tire materials shall complete the manifest according to 335-4-4-.05.
- 5. If a transporter removes used tires from a shipment accompanied by a manifest, then they shall generate a new manifest to accompany the shipment of the remaining scrap tires. If the shipment of scrap tires contains commingled scrap tires from more than one person or facility, all remaining scrap tires in that shipment are considered to be generated by the transporter. The transporter shall complete an original manifest or manifests according to 335-4-4-.05.

(e) SWDF Requirements.

- 1. A SWDF shall not accept tire materials from a receiver or transporter unless accompanied by a manifest.
- 2. A SWDF may accept scrap tires from an individual scrap tire generator without a manifest, provided the individual is transporting his own scrap tires and delivers no more than eight (8) tires at a time. The SWDF shall maintain records of receipt of tire materials from individuals in the Operating Record and shall report those receipts separately when submitting semiannual reports to ADEM.
- 3. A SWDF may receive scrap tires without a manifest from recognized non-profit civic organizations, associations, or clubs and state, county or municipal governments who deliver scrap tires resulting from roadside, steam or other cleanup programs. The SWDF shall maintain records of receipt of tire materials from these groups in the Operating Record and shall report those receipts separately when submitting semi-annual reports to ADEM.

(f) Use of the Manifest.

- 1. All signatures required on the manifest shall be a handwritten signature in ink.
- 2. The person originating a manifest shall obtain the printed name and signature of the next person accepting the shipment of tire materials on the manifest and retain one copy of the manifest. The remaining copies of the manifest shall accompany the shipment.
- 3. All subsequent persons accepting shipment of the tire materials shall print their name and sign the manifest and the previous person offering the shipment of tire materials shall retain a copy of the manifest. The original manifest shall accompany the subsequent shipment to its ultimate destination.

- 4. Once the shipment of tire materials has reached the final designated facility or SWDF, the manifest shall be signed with their printed name and a copy of the manifest retained by the person accepting the shipment.
- 5. The manifest shall be made available to ADEM for review upon request.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes.

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, §§22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

2004. Amended: Filed February 27, 2007; effective April 3,

2007. Amended: Published _____; effective _____June 28, 2024; effective August 12, 2024.

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT LAND DIVISION SCRAP TIRE PROGRAM ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

CHAPTER 335-4-5 SCRAP TIRE RECEIVERS

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335-4-501	General Requirements For Receivers
335-4-502	Requirements For Storage
335-4-503	Reporting
335-4-504	Recordkeeping Requirements

335-4-5-.01 General Requirements For Receivers.

- (1) A receiver shall not store tire materials in excess of the accumulation limit approved by ADEM. If the excess amount has not been eliminated within thirty (30) days of the date the accumulation limit was exceeded, the receiver shall notify ADEM as described in 335-4-1-.03, and shall begin to remove the tire materials from the facility to a permitted processor or SWDF.
- (2) No receiver may expose scrap tires to the elements for more than thirty (30) days. If scrap tires are exposed to the elements for more than seven (7) days, a Vector Control Plan shall be prepared and implemented.
- (3) Receivers are required to use a permitted transporter to transport scrap tires for further evaluation by another business, except as provided in 335-4-5-.01(4).
- (4) Neither Class One nor Class Two receivers are not required to use a permitted transporter for purposes of transporting their tires or their customers' tires between their business locations, between a customer site and the receiver, or to a permitted processor or SWDF permitted to accept scrap tires or scrap tire materials. Customer tires refer only to scrap tires for which replacement tires are sold by that Class One Receiver to the customer. Each vehicle operated by the receiver to transport scrap tires shall have a decal issued by ADEM, in accordance with 335-4-7-.02.
- (5) Receivers shall utilize manifests and comply with requirements of 335-4-4-.05 for shipment of tire materials.

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Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes. Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4, 2004. Amended: Filed February 27, 2007; effective April 3, 2007. Amended: Filed February 23, 2010; effective March 30,

2010. Amended: Published ; effective

335-4-5-.02 Requirements For Storage.

All receivers shall comply with storage requirements in accordance with 335-4-4-.02. Facilities located in urbanized areas or other business locations with limited area may be exempt by ADEM from some siting and location requirements for storage if approved by ADEM on a case-by-case basis.

Author: James L. Bryant. Adam N. Rhodes.

Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et

seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

2004. Amended: Published ; effective

335-4-5-.03 Reporting.

A receiver shall electronically submit a scrap tire semi-annual report, utilizing ADEM Form 539, for each six (6)-month period of the calendar year (January through June, July through December). All reports shall be submitted electronically to ADEM by the 28th day following the end of each reporting period. Submit a scrap tire quarterly report, utilizing ADEM Form 539, for each quarter of the calendar year (January through March, April through June, July through September, and October through December). All reports shall be submitted to ADEM by the 28th day following the end of each reporting period..

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes. Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4, 2004. Amended: Filed February 23, 2010; effective March 30,

2010. Amended: Published ; effective

335-4-5-.04 Recordkeeping Requirements.

An operating record for the receiver shall be maintained at the facility or in an alternate location approved by ADEM.

- (a) The following information shall be placed in the operating record as it becomes available:
- 1. Copies of the ADEM registration approval.
- 2. Registration application.
- 3. Appropriate information on all vehicles transporting tire materials, to include vehicle identification number, make/model, and license number, and decal numbers assigned to those vehicles.
- 4. Reports or documentation generated during the normal operation of the receiving facility including, but not limited to:
- (i) Manifests of tires or tire materials received <u>and/or</u> shipped.
- (ii) Quarterly Reports Semi-Annual reports utilizing ADEM Form 539.
- (iii) Arrangement for fire protection services, if applicable.
- (iv) Vector Control Plan as referenced in 335-4-1-.045(5).
- (v) Any other report or document generated in the normal operation of the facility that is submitted to ADEM.
- $\overline{5}$. Electronic versions of records listed in 335-4-5-.04 may be maintained in the operating record as allowed in 335-4-1-. 045(7).
- (b) Information contained in the operating record shall be retained for at least three (3) years. Records relating to a violation or enforcement action shall not be removed from the operating record for at least three (3) years and until these matters are resolved.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes. Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4, 2004. Amended: Filed February 23, 2010; effective March 30, 2010. Amended: Published ; effective .

CERTIFICATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE RULES FILED WITH THE LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY OTHNI LATHRAM, DIRECTOR

(Pursuant to Code of Alabama 1975, §41-22-6, as amended).

I certify that the attached is/are correct copy/copies of rule/s as promulgated and adopted on Friday, June 14, 2024, and filed with the agency secretary on Tuesday, June 18, 2024.

AGENCY NAME:

Alabama Department of Environmental Management Land

Division - Scrap Tire Program

INTENDED ACTION:

Amend

RULE NO.:

Chapter 335-4-6

(If amended rule, give specific paragraph, subparagraphs, etc., being amended) 335-4-6-.01(2)

RULE TITLE:

Scrap Tire Processors

ACTION TAKEN: State whether the rule was adopted with or without changes from the proposal due to written or oral comments:

Adopted with changes. A comment was made in reference to 335-4-6-.01(2) "to add clarifying language to make it clear that a facility shall only cease receiving tire material if the inoperable equipment impacts their ability to process tires as described in their permit or impacts their ability to comply with existing code."

NOTICE OF INTENDED ACTION PUBLISHED IN VOLUME XLII, ISSUE NO. 4, AAM, DATED WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31, 2024.

STATUTORY RULEMAKING AUTHORITY:

Ala. Code \S 22- 22A- 5, 22- 22-A 6, 22- 22A-8, 22 -28 -14, (as amended) and Ala. Code \S 41-22-4 and 41-22-5 (as amended)

(Date Filed)
(For LRS Use Only)

Certifying Officer or his or her Deputy

APA-3

(NOTE: In accordance with \$41-22-6(b), as amended, a proposed rule is required to be certified within 90 days after completion of the notice.)

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT LAND DIVISION SCRAP TIRE PROGRAM ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

CHAPTER 335-4-6 SCRAP TIRE PROCESSORS

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335-4-604	Recordkeeping Requirements
335-4-605	Mobile Processing Facilities
335-4-606	Closure Of Facilities

335-4-6-.01 General Requirements For Processors.

- (1) A processor shall not store tire materials in excess of the accumulation limit approved by ADEM. If the excess amount has not been eliminated within thirty (30) days of the date the accumulation limit was exceeded, the processor shall notify ADEM as described in 335-4-1-.03 and shall begin to remove the tire materials from the facility to a permitted processor or SWDF.
- (2) A processor shall have all necessary processing equipment in operating condition prior to receiving scrap tires for processing. —Equipment must be maintained in an operable condition for the duration of the permit. If equipment is inoperable for more than fourteen days,— no other comparable equipment is available, and the ability of the facility to continue to process tire materials is interrupted, the facility shall cease receiving tire material until the equipment is repaired.
- (3) Processors shall utilize manifests and comply with requirements of 335-4-4-.05 for shipment of tire materials.
- (4) Processors are required to maintain financial assurance in accordance with 335-4-8.

(5) Fuel users and processors exempt in 335-4-3-.02 are subject to the requirements for processors in accordance with 335-4-6-.02, 335-4-6-.03, and 335-4-6-.04.

Author: James L. Bryant. Adam N. Rhodes

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

2004. Amended: Published _____; effective _____June 28, 2024;

effective August 12, 2024.

335-4-6-.02 Requirements For Storage.

A processor shall comply with storage requirements in 335-4-4-. 02. Tire materials piles shall not be stored on asphalt pavement or in such a manner that creates a fire hazard.

Author: James L. Bryant. Adam N. Rhodes
Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.
History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,
2004. Amended: Published _____; effective _____June 28, 2024; effective August 12, 2024.

335-4-6-.03 Reporting.

A processor shall submit a scrap tire semi-annual report in accordance with 335-4-1-.03, utilizing ADEM Form 539, for each six (6)-month period of the calendar year (January through June and July through December). All reports shall be submitted to ADEM no later than the 28th day following the end of the reporting period.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes
Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.
History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,
2004. Amended: Filed February 23, 2010; effective March 30,
2010. Amended: Published _____; effective _____ June 28, 2024;
effective August 12, 2024.

335-4-6-.04 Recordkeeping Requirements.

An operating record for the processor shall be maintained at the facility or in an alternate location approved by ADEM.

- (a) The following information shall be placed in the operating record as it becomes available:
- 1. Permit or exemption as issued by ADEM.
- 2. Permit or exemption application, operational narrative, and other documentation submitted to ADEM during the permitting process.
- 3. Closure Plan with cost estimates to implement the Closure Plan.
- 4. Financial Assurance documentation.
- 5. Reports or documentation generated during the normal operation of the processing facility including, but not limited to:
- (i) Manifests of tire materials received and/or shipped.
- (ii) Receipt of scrap tires without a manifest.

- (iii) Semi-annual reports utilizing ADEM Form 539.
- (iv) Arrangement for fire protection services, if applicable.
- (v) Vector Control Plan as referenced in 335-4-1-.05(5).
- (vi) Any other report or document generated in the normal operation of the facility that is submitted to ADEM.
- 6. Electronic versions of records listed in 335-4-6-.04 may be maintained in the operating record as allowed in 335-4-1-.05 (7).
- (b) All information contained in the operating record shall be retained for at least three (3) years. Records relating to a violation or enforcement action shall not be removed from the operating record for at least three (3) years from the date record and until these matters are resolved.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes
Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

2004. Amended: Filed February 23, 2010; effective March 30,

2010. Amended: Published ; effective June 28, 2024; effective August 12, 2024.

335-4-6-.05 Mobile Processing Facilities.

(1) A person operating mobile processing equipment shall obtain a permit from ADEM unless exempt in accordance with 335-4-2-.04(3) (a).

- (2) An owner/operator utilizing equipment that is moved between sites or receivers shall notify ADEM, as described in 335-4-1-. 03, at least three (3) days prior to movement of the processing equipment to a different location. Each location where mobile processing occurs shall meet the minimum siting requirements found in the owner or operator's permit.
- (3) All processed tire material shall be removed from the location for recycling, further processing, or disposal in a SWDF within thirty (30) days of processing. The owner or operator of the mobile processing equipment shall provide ADEM the name and address of each facility or SWDF that will receive the processed tire material for further use or disposal. Shipments of processed tire material shall be manifested in accordance with 335-4-4-.05, unless the processed tire material is placed in a solid waste container that is routinely emptied by a Solid Waste Collector permitted by a County Health Department. If the processed tire material is to be placed in a solid waste container, the processor shall provide the name of the SWDF that will receive the processed tire material for disposal and shall provide a letter from the SWDF stating acceptance of the processed tire material.
- (4) Mobile processors shall maintain an operating record as required in 335-4-6-.04 at a location approved by ADEM.
- (5) Owners or operators of mobile processing equipment shall report to ADEM each location where the equipment operated, and the number of tires processed. The report shall be submitted by the twentieth (20th) day of each month for the previous month's operations. A report shall be filed as described in 335-4-1-.03, even if the equipment was not utilized during the reporting month.
- (6) If mobile processing equipment is operated at a location for more than one hundred-eighty (180) consecutive days, that location shall be considered a scrap tire processing facility and shall be subject to the requirements in 335-4-6-.01 and 335-4-6-.02.

Author: James L. Bryant. Adam N. Rhodes

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

2004. Amended: Published _____; effective _____June 28, 2024;

effective August 12, 2024.

335-4-6-.06 Closure Of Facilities.

Processors discontinuing their operations or those not meeting the requirements of 335-4-6 shall discontinue receiving tire materials and shall close the facility.

- (a) The processor shall submit a Closure Plan to ADEM as a part of the permit application.
- (b) The Closure Plan shall provide for the following if applicable:
- 1. A narrative description of the closure process to be implemented and a schedule for closure.
- 2. Removal of all tire materials to a permitted processor, end user, or SWDF.
- 3. Removal of all other regulated solid waste accumulated at the facility for disposal through a permitted solid waste transfer station or in a SWDF.
- 4. A Vector Control Plan.
- 5. Restriction of access to preclude delivery of additional tire materials.

- 6. A plan for site remediation if a contaminant or other threat to public health or the environment resulting from routine operations, or a fire or other emergency is identified.
- 7. An estimate of the cost for closure of the facility according to the Closure Plan.
- (c) The Closure Plan shall be updated every three (3) years or when conditions change at the processor that may affect the current closure plan. The updated plan, the new closure cost estimate based on the revised closure plan, and an updated financial assurance instrument shall be submitted to ADEM for review.
- (d) The processor shall notify ADEM, as described in 335-4-1-.03, when all closure requirements have been implemented. If ADEM determines closure has been completed according to the Closure Plan as required by 335-4-6-.06, the financial assurance instruments shall be released within thirty (30) days.

Author: James L. Bryant. Adam N. Rhodes

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, §\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

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ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT LAND DIVISION SCRAP TIRE PROGRAM ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

CHAPTER 335-4-7 SCRAP TIRE TRANSPORTERS

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335-4-7-.01 General Requirements For Transporters.

- (1) A transporter shall only accept scrap tires or processed tire material from a registered receiver, a permitted processor, a SWDF or other persons approved by ADEM.
- (2) Transporters may transport scrap tires or processed tire material to a registered receiver, a permitted or registered processor, a retreader or a SWDF.
- (3) Transporters may only accept scrap tires or processed tire material manifested in accordance with 335-4-4-.05.
- (4) Scrap tire transporters are required to maintain financial assurance in accordance with 335-4-8.

Author: James L. Bryant

Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, §\$22-40A-1 et

seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

2004. Amended: Published ; effective .

335-4-7-.02 Decal Requirements.

Vehicles operated by the transporter or receiver shall exhibit a decal issued by ADEM. The transporter or receiver shall maintain a list of decal assignments to specific vehicles, and may request new decals via the Department-approved electronic system, when additional vehicles are added.

- (a) The decal shall be placed on each vehicle in the fleet and be clearly visible at all times. The decal shall be placed on the left side of the vehicle, either on the windshield or the side of the vehicle immediately behind the driver's side door and/or in accordance with U.S. Department of Transportation requirements.
- (b) Numbered decals shall be provided by ADEM to the transporter who shall assign the decals to their vehicles. The transporter or receiver shall maintain a list of decals and the vehicle to which that decal is assigned. Decals are not transferable to another vehicle.
- (c) The transporter or receiver may paint or scribe in some manner the decal information of the side of the vehicle immediately behind the driver's side door if the information placed on the vehicle clearly provides all information on the ADEM decal. Letters and numbers placed on the vehicle in this manner shall be at least one (1) inch in height. Letters and numbers shall be enduring and not change appearance with time.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, §\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4, 2004. Amended: Filed February 27, 2007; effective April 3,

2007. Amended: Published ; effective

335-4-7-.03 Reporting.

- (1) A transporter shall submit a scrap tire quarterly report, utilizing ADEM Form 539, for each quarter of the calendar year (January through March, April through June, July through September, and Octobersemi-annual report as described in 335-4-1-.03, utilizing ADEM Form 539, for each six (6)-month period of the calendar year (January through June, July through December). All reports shall be submitted to ADEM no later than the 28th day following the end of the reporting period.
- (2) If a permitted vehicle of the transporter is involved in a motor vehicle accident while transporting tire materials and tire materials are spilled, the transporter shall notify ADEM, as described in 335-4-1-.03, in writing within seventy-two (72) hours of the accident. The notification shall provide the following information:
- (a) Date, time, and location of the accident.

- (b) Amount of tire materials spilled from the vehicle involved in the accident.
- (c) The disposition of spilled tire materials and tire materials remaining in or on the vehicle.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes
Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4, 2004. Amended: Filed February 23, 2010; effective March 30,

2010. Amended: Published ; effective

335-4-7-.04 Recordkeeping Requirements.

An operating record for the transporter shall be maintained at a facility located in Alabama or in an alternate location approved by ADEM.

- (a) The following information shall be placed in the operating record as it becomes available:
- 1. The permit application and permit as issued by ADEM.
- 2. Financial Assurance or insurance documentation.
- 3. Appropriate information on all vehicles transporting tire materials, to include vehicle identification number, make/model, and license number, and decal numbers assigned to those vehicles.
- 4. Reports or documentation generated during the normal operation of the transporter including, but not limited to:
- (i) Manifests of tire materials transported.
- (ii) Quarterly Reports Semi-annual reports utilizing ADEM Form 539.
- (iii) Arrangement for fire protection services, if applicable.
- (iv) Accident reports.
- (v) Vector Control Plan as referenced in 335-4-1-.045(5).
- (vi) Any other report or document generated in the normal operation of the facility that is submitted to ADEM.

- $\overline{5}$. Electronic versions of records listed in 335-4-7-.04 may be maintained in the operating record as allowed in 335-4-1-.045(7).
- (b) All information contained in the operating record shall be retained for at least three (3) years. Records relating to a violation or enforcement action shall not be removed from the Operating Record for at least three (3) years and, until all these matters are resolved.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4, 2004. Amended: Filed February 23, 2010; effective March 30, 2010. Amended: Published ; effective .

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT LAND DIVISION SCRAP TIRE PROGRAM ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

CHAPTER 335-4-8 FINANCIAL ASSURANCE

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335-4-8-.01 Applicability.

- (1) Financial assurance shall be provided by the following persons:
- (a) Permitted scrap tire transporters.
- (b) Permitted Class One, Class Two and Class Three scrap tire processing facilities.
- (c) If a permitted processor is also a permitted transporter, a separate and appropriate financial assurance instrument shall be posted for each permit and each separate facility for which the permittee owner/operator applies.
- (2) A fuel user may be subject to 335-4-8 if it stores tire materials are stored in excess of the accumulation limits in its registration approval.
- (3) Owners or operators of scrap tire facilities that are state or federal government entities, whose debts and liabilities are the debts and liabilities of the state or the United States, are not required to provide financial assurance.
- (4) If financial assurance instruments utilized by persons to comply with 335-4-8 provide that monies shall be directed to

ADEM to use to close or remediate for closure or remediation of a scrap tire site or facility, those monies shall be deposited to the STF which shall be used for closure or remediation of the site or facility. If these funds are inadequate to close or remediate for closure or remediation of the site or facility, ADEM may recover costs as provided in 335-4-2-.03(g). Excess funds may be retained by the STF in 335-4-2-.03(g).

(5) The form of financial assurance instruments shall be approved by ADEM.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes. Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, \$\$22-22A-5, 22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,
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2007. Amended: Published ; effective .

335-4-8-.02 Transporters.

- (1) Any person proposing to transport scrap tires or processed tire material shall submit with its permit application evidence documentation of financial assurance using one of the following:
- (a) A surety bond in which the applicant is the principal obligor and ADEM is the obligee.
- 1. The surety company issuing the bond shall, at a minimum, be among those listed as acceptable sureties on federal bonds in Circular 570 of the U.S. Department of the Treasury or be a corporate surety licensed to do business in the State of Alabama.
- $\overline{2}$. The amount of the surety bond for environmental cleanup and restoration resulting from a transportation-related accident or event shall be established as follows:
- (i) Transporters proposing to transport tire materials shall be required to provide a surety bond in an amount equal to \$10,000.
- (ii) If the surety bond is drawn upon, the transporter shall notify ADEM within twenty-four (24) hours, and shall acquire additional financial assurance in the amount of \$10,000 within five (5) days of the surety bond being drawn. If the permittee owner/operator fails to provide the additional

assurance as required, ADEM may terminate the permit as prescribed in 335-4-3-.06(c).

- (b) A person proposing to transport tire materials may submit evidence satisfactory to ADEM of a net worth equal to ten times the value of the a surety bond required in 335-4-8-.02(1)(a). The evidence documentation satisfactory to ADEM of a net worth equal to ten (10) times the value of a surety bond required in 335-4-8-.02(1)(a). The documentation shall be submitted with a letter from the chief financial officer of the applicant or Certified Public Accountant.
- (c) Proof of insurance in a minimum amount of \$1,000,000 to abate any problems created as a result of the transporter's failure to properly manage scrap tires, exclusive of legal defense costs. The insurance may not include a pollution exclusion clause. Proof of insurance shall be provided on a Certificate of Insurance form naming ADEM as the certificate holder and giving at least thirty (30) days written Notice of Cancellation to the certificate holder.
- (2) A transporter shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of ADEM that the financial instrument submitted with their application as required in 335-4-3-.04 is in force for the duration of the permit. Nothing in 335-4-8-.02 shall be construed to allow a transporter to operate in violation of the U.S. Department of Transportation rules governing financial assurance.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes. Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, §\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4, 2004. Amended: Filed February 27, 2007; effective April 3, 2007. Amended: Published ; effective .

335-4-8-.03 Processors.

- (1) The owner or operator of a scrap tire processing facility shall provide financial assurance equal to the sum of the amounts required in 335-4-8-.03(2) and (3) for the following:
- (a) Closure of the scrap tire processing facility.
- (b) Remediation of the facility if impacted by an incident, such as a fire or a catastrophic natural event, such as a flood, that may affect human health and the environment.

- (2) Cost Estimate for Closure. The owner or operator shall have a detailed written estimate, in current dollars, of the cost to utilize a third party to complete closure of the processing facility during the active life in accordance with the Closure Plan described in 335-4-6-.06. The owner or operator shall electronically submit a copy of the estimate to ADEM as a part of the permit application for approval and retain the estimate in the operating record.
- (a) The cost estimate shall equal the cost to remove, transport and process the largest volume of tire materials present and the cost to remove the contents and cleanup tanks, process equipment or other appurtenances during the active life of the facility when the extent and manner of its operation may make closure the most expensive.
- (b) During the active life of the facility, the owner or operator shall annually adjust the closure cost estimate for inflation.
- (c) The closure cost estimate and the amount of financial assurance provided shall be increased if changes to the facility or its operation increase the maximum cost of closure.
- (d) The owner or operator of a processing facility shall establish financial assurance for closure in compliance with 335-4-8-.04 and shall maintain continuous coverage until released from financial assurance requirements by ADEM.
- (e) The minimum financial assurance for closure of a permitted scrap tire processing facility shall be \$20,000.
- (3) The owner or operator shall provide financial assurance for remediation of an incident, such as a fire or flood or other catastrophic natural event that impacts public health and the environment, based on the following:
- (a) An amount equal to two dollars (\$2) per whole tire for the maximum number of tires allowed to be stored at the facility. ADEM may require a higher amount per whole tire if it determines the types of tires being processed are larger than typical passenger and light truck tires.
- (b) An amount equal to two hundred (\$200) per ton of processed tire material allowed to be stored at the facility.
- (4) If whole tires and processed tire material are stored at a facility at the same time, the amount of financial assurance

required shall equal the total <u>as described</u> in 335-4-8-.03(3)(a) and (b).

(5) The minimum financial assurance required for remediation at a permitted scrap tire processor shall be \$20,000.

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Author: James L. Bryant. Adam N. Rhodes

Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, §\$22-40A-1 et

seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

2004. Amended: Published ; effective

335-4-8-.04 Financial Assurance Instruments For Closure.

The following instruments may be used to provide financial assurance for closure. The instruments selected shall ensure that the funds necessary to meet the costs of closure will be available whenever needed. The instruments must be in effect for a new facility at least sixty (60) days prior to receiving tire materials for processing, and must be in effect for an existing facility when it submits submitting a permit application in accordance with 335-4-3-.04.

- (a) Trust Fund. An owner or operator may establish a trust fund that conforms to the following requirements:
- 1. The trustee shall be an entity that has the authority to act as a trustee and whose trust operations are examined by the State of Alabama.
- 2. Payments into the Trust.
- (i) The owner or operator shall make a payment into the trust fund each year during the pay-in period.
- (ii) The pay-in period is five (5) years. The pay-in period commences on the date the facility first receives scrap tires or processed tire material.
- (iii) Annual payments are determined by the following formula:

Annual payment = (CE-CV)/Y
where:

CE = Current cost estimate

CV = Current value of the trust fund

Y = Number of years remaining in the pay-in period.

- (iv) The owner or operator shall make the first annual payment prior to the beginning of the pay-in period. Prior to the beginning of the pay-in period, the owner or operator shall submit to ADEM, electronically as provided by the Department, a receipt from the trustee for the first annual payment.
- (v) Subsequent annual payments shall be made no later than thirty (30) days after each anniversary of the first payment.
- (vi) The owner or operator may accelerate payments into the trust fund, or deposit the full amount of the current cost estimate at the time the fund is established.
- (vii) If the owner or operator establishes a trust fund after having used one or more alternative instruments, the first payment shall be at least equal to the amount the fund may contain if the trust fund were established initially and payments made as provided in 335-4-8-.04(a)3.
- $\overline{3}$. The trustee shall evaluate the trust fund annually, as of the day the trust was created. The trustee shall notify the owner or operator and ADEM of the value within thirty (30) days after the evaluation date.
- (i) Whenever the current closure cost estimate exceeds the amount of the trust fund, the owner or operator, within sixty (60) days after the new estimate, shall either cause the amount of the trust fund to be increased to equal the current closure cost estimate and submit evidence documentation of the increase to ADEM, or obtain other or additional financial assurance as specified in 335-4-8-.04 to meet the current closure cost estimate.
- (ii) Whenever the current closure cost estimate is less than the trust fund amount, the trust fund may be reduced accordingly with ADEM approval.
- 4. Release of Excess Funds.
- (i) If the value of the financial assurance is greater than the current cost estimates for closure, the owner or operator may submit a written request to ADEM for a release of the amount in excess of the current cost estimate.
- (ii) Not later than sixty (60) days after receiving a request from the owner or operator for a release of funds for which the value of the financial assurance instrument is greater then the current closure cost estimate, ADEM shall instruct the

trustee in writing to release to the owner or operator the funds to be in excess of the current cost estimates.

- 5. Reimbursement for Closure Expenses.
- (i) After initiating closure, an owner or operator, or another person allowed to perform closure, may request reimbursement electronically as provided by the Department, for work performed by submitting itemized invoices to ADEM.
- (ii) Not later than sixty (60) days after receiving the itemized invoices, ADEM shall determine if the expenditures are consistent with the approved Closure Plan. If the expenditures are in accordance with the approved Closure Plan, ADEM shall instruct the trustee <u>electronically or</u> in writing to make reimbursement in the amounts specified for work performed.
- (iii) If ADEM determines that the cost of closure will be greater than the value of the trust fund, it shall withhold reimbursement of the amount it determines is necessary to preserve the trust corpus in order to accomplish closure until it determines that the owner or operator is no longer required to maintain financial assurance for closure.
- (iv) If the owner or operator is named as a debtor in a voluntary or involuntary proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code, the trustee shall release all trust fund monies to ADEM for the purpose of completing required closure activities. In the event the bankruptcy proceeding results in the liquidation or dissolution of the assets of the owner or operator, any funds so released which remain upon completion of all required closure activities may be used by ADEM at other STF sites in the state.
- (b) <u>Letter of Credit</u>. An owner or operator may obtain an irrevocable standby letter of credit which conforms to the following requirements:
- 1. The issuing institution shall be an entity that has the authority to issue letters of credit and whose operations are regulated and examined by a federal or state agency.
- 2. An owner or operator who uses a letter of credit shall also establish a standby trust fund. Under the terms of the letter of credit, all amounts paid pursuant to a draft by ADEM will be deposited by the issuing institution directly into the standby trust fund in accordance with instructions from ADEM. This standby trust fund shall meet the requirements in 335-4-8-. 04(a), except:

- (i) An originally signed duplicate of the trust agreement shall be submitted to ADEM with the letter of credit; and
- (ii) The initial payment and subsequent annual payments specified in 335-4-8-.04(a)3. are not required.
- 3. The letter of credit shall be accompanied by a letter from the owner or operator referring to the letter of credit by number, issuing institution and date, and provide the ADEM Permit Number, name, and address of the facility, and the amount of funds assured for closure of the facility.
- 4. The letter of credit shall be irrevocable and issued for a period of at least one (1) year in an amount at least equal to the current closure cost estimate. The letter of credit shall provide that the expiration date will be automatically extended for a period of at least one (1) year unless, at least 120 days before the current expiration date, the issuing institution notifies both the owner or operator and ADEM by certified mail of a decision not to extend the expiration date. Under the terms of the letter of credit, the 120 days will begin on the date when the owner or operator and ADEM have received the notice, as evidenced by return receipts.
- 5. Whenever the current closure cost estimate exceeds the amount of the credit, the owner or operator, within sixty (60) days after the new estimate, shall either cause the amount of the credit to be increased to equal the current closure cost estimate and submit evidence documentation of the increase to ADEM, or obtain other or additional financial assurance as specified in 335-4-8-.04. Whenever the current closure cost estimate is less than the amount of the credit, the letter of credit may be reduced following approval by ADEM.
- 6. After all administrative and judicial remedies have been exhausted in which a determination has been made that the owner or operator has failed to perform in accordance with the approved Closure Plan and other permit requirements when required to do so, ADEM may draw on the letter of credit.
- 7. If the owner or operator does not establish alternate financial assurance as specified in 335-4-8-.06 and obtain approval of the alternate assurance from ADEM within ninety (90) days after receipt by both the owner or operator and ADEM of a notice from the issuing institution that it has decided not to extend the letter of credit beyond the current expiration date, ADEM will draw on the letter of credit. ADEM may delay the drawing if the issuing institution grants an extension of the term of the credit. During the last thirty (30) days of an

extension ADEM will draw on the letter of credit if the owner or operator has failed to provide alternate financial assurance as specified in 335-4-8-.04 and obtain approval of the assurance from ADEM.

- 8. ADEM will return the letter of credit to the issuing institution for termination when one of the following is accomplished:
- (i) An owner or operator substitutes alternate financial assurance as specified in 335-4-8-.06; or
- (ii) ADEM releases the owner or operator from the requirements in accordance with 335-4-8-.07.
- (c) Closure Insurance. An owner or operator may obtain closure insurance which conforms to the following requirements:
- 1. The insurer shall be licensed to transact the business of insurance, or be eligible to provide insurance as an excess or surplus lines insurer in the State of Alabama.
- (i) The use of insurance to demonstrate financial assurance for closure pertains exclusively to those insurance policies underwritten by commercial property and casualty insurers (primary or excess and surplus lines), each having a Standard and Poor's Insurer Financial Strength Rating of 'BBB' or higher, through which, in the insurance contract, the financial burden for closure is transferred to the third-party insurer. Except as provided in 335-4-8-.07, the third-party insurer shall assume financial responsibility for this accepted risk, using its own pool of resources that is independent, separate, and unrelated to that of the insured owner or operator.
- (ii) The use of insurance policies underwritten by captive insurers is prohibited.
- 2. The closure insurance policy shall be issued for a face amount equal to the current closure cost estimate. There shall be no policy deductible. The term "face amount" means the total amount the insurer is obligated to pay under the policy. Actual payments by the insurer will not change the face amount, although the insurer's future liability will be lowered by the amount of the payments.
- 3. The closure insurance policy shall guarantee that funds will be available to close the facility whenever closure occurs. The policy shall also guarantee that once closure begins, the insurer will be responsible for paying out funds, up to an

amount equal to the face amount of the policy, upon the direction of ADEM, to the party or parties as ADEM specifies in writing.

- 4. After beginning closure, an owner or operator or another person allowed to conduct closure may request reimbursements for closure expenditures by submitting itemized bills to ADEM. Within sixty (60) days after receiving itemized invoices, ADEM shall determine if the expenditures are consistent with the approved closure plan. ADEM shall instruct the insurer in writing to make reimbursements in the amounts ADEM specifies. If ADEM believes that the maximum cost of closure over the remaining life of the facility will be significantly greater than the face amount of the policy, ADEM may instruct the insurer to withhold reimbursements of the amounts as the insurer considers prudent until ADEM determines in accordance with 335-4-8-.07 that the owner or operator is no longer required to maintain financial assurance for closure of the facility. If ADEM does not instruct the insurer to make the reimbursements, ADEM will provide the owner or operator with a statement of reasons.
- 5. The owner or operator shall maintain the policy in full force and effect until ADEM consents to termination of the policy in accordance with 335-4-8-.07. Failure to pay the premium without substitution of alternate financial assurance as specified in 335-4-8-.06 will constitute a violation of 335-4. The violation will be considered to begin upon receipt by ADEM of a notice of future cancellation, termination, or failure to renew due to nonpayment of the premium, rather than upon the date of expiration.
- 6. Each policy shall contain a provision allowing assignment of the policy to a successor owner or operator. The assignment may be conditional upon consent of the insurer, provided the consent is not unreasonably refused.
- 7. The policy shall provide that the insurer may not terminate, cancel or not renew the policy except for failure to pay the premium. The automatic renewal of the policy shall, at a minimum, provide the insured with the option of renewal at the face amount of the expiring policy. If there is a failure to pay the premium, the insurer may elect to terminate, cancel or not renew the policy by sending notice by certified mail to the owner or operator and ADEM. Cancellation, termination, or non-renewal may not occur, however, during the 120 days beginning with the date of receipt of the notice by both ADEM and the owner or operator, as evidenced by return receipts. Cancellation, termination, or non-renewal may not occur and the

policy will remain in full force and effect in the event that, on or before the date of expiration:

- (i) ADEM considers the facility abandoned; or
- (ii) The permit is terminated or revoked or a new permit is denied; or
- (iii) Closure is ordered by ADEM or a court of competent jurisdiction; or
- (iv) The owner or operator is named as debtor in a voluntary or involuntary proceeding under Title 11 (Bankruptcy), U.S. Code; or
- (v) The premium due is paid.
- 8. Whenever the current closure cost estimate exceeds the face amount of the policy, the owner or operator, within sixty (60) days after the new estimate, shall either cause the face amount to be increased to the current closure cost estimate and submit evidence documentation of the increase to ADEM, or obtain other or additional financial assurance as specified in 335-4-8-.06. Whenever the current closure cost estimate is less than the face amount, the policy face amount may be reduced following approval by ADEM.
- 9. ADEM will give consent to the owner or operator that it may terminate the insurance policy when:
- (i) An owner or operator substitutes alternate financial assurance as specified in 335-4-8-.06; or
- (ii) ADEM releases the owner or operator in accordance with 335-4-8-.07.
- (d) <u>Surety Bond Guaranteeing Payment or Performance</u>. An owner or operator may obtain a performance or surety bond which conforms to the following requirements:
- 1. The surety company issuing the bond shall, at a minimum, be among those listed as acceptable sureties on federal bonds in Circular 570 of the U.S. Department of the Treasury.
- 2. The penal sum of the bond shall be in an amount equal to the current closure cost estimate and shall guarantee that funds will be available to close the facility whenever closure occurs.

- 3. Under the terms of the bond, the surety will become liable on the bond obligation when the owner or operator fails to perform as guaranteed by the bond or when ADEM determines that the bond amount is necessary to pay for closure.
- 4.— If the bond is called, the owner or operator shall establish a standby trust fund that meets the requirements of 335-4-8-. 04(a) except the requirements for initial payment and subsequent annual payments specified in 335-4-8-.04(a)3. Payments made under the terms of the bond will be deposited by the surety directly into the standby trust fund in accordance with instructions from ADEM. Payments from the trust fund shall be approved by the trustee and ADEM. Any forfeiture money remaining after completion of closure shall be returned to the surety.
- 5. Under the terms of the bond, the surety may cancel the bond by sending notice of cancellation by certified mail to the owner and operator and to ADEM 120 days in advance of cancellation. If the surety cancels the bond, the owner or operator shall obtain alternate financial assurance as specified in 335-4-8-.06.
- 6. The owner or operator may cancel the bond only if alternate financial assurance is substituted as specified in 335-4-8-.06 or if the owner or operator is no longer required to demonstrate financial responsibility in accordance with 335-4-8-.07.
- 7. Whenever the current closure cost estimate exceeds the penal sum of the bond, the owner or operator, within sixty (60) days of the new estimate, shall cause the penal sum of the bond to be increased to the current closure cost estimate and submit evidence documentation of the increase to ADEM or obtain other financial assurance as specified in 335-4-8-.06 to meet the current closure cost estimate.
- 8. Failure of the owner or operator to report an increase in the current closure cost estimate shall be grounds for revocation of the processor permit.
- 9. ADEM may decrease the penal sum of the bond if the owner or operator adequately demonstrates to ADEM that the penal sum exceeds the current closure cost estimate. Penal sum reduction is not mandatory if the sum exceeds the estimate. ADEM shall consider the following to determine the penal sum of the bond:
- (i) The current closure cost estimate submitted by an applicant for a scrap tire processor permit.
- (ii) The 30-day supply capacity submitted as part of an application for a scrap tire processor permit.

- (e) For transporters and processors of scrap tires permitted or licensed under the authority of Code of Ala.Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40-01 to 22-40A-11 (promulgated pursuant to Act 1999-597 and 2001-976 and repealed by Act 2003-332) on the effective date of 335-4, financial assurance instruments shall be in effect on the date a permit application is submitted to ADEM in accordance with 335-4-3-.04.
- (f) <u>Self-insurance</u>. Only agencies of the State of Alabama or the U.S. Government may qualify for self-insurance.

Author: James L. Bryant. Adam N. Rhodes

Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et

seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

2004. Amended: Published ; effective .

335-4-8-.05 Financial Assurance Instruments for Remediation.

The owner or operator of a scrap tire processing facility may utilize the following instruments to provide financial assurance for remediation. The instruments used to demonstrate financial assurance shall ensure that the level of financial assurance in 335-4-8-.03(3) will be available whenever they are needed.

- (a) <u>Trust Fund</u>. An owner or operator may establish a trust fund conforming to the requirements of 335-4-8-.04(a).
- (b) Letter of Credit. An owner or operator may obtain an irrevocable standby letter of credit conforming to the requirements of 335-4-8-.04(b).
- (c) <u>Insurance</u>. An owner or operator may obtain remediation insurance conforming to the requirements of 335-4-8-.04(c).
- (d) <u>Surety Bond</u>. An owner or operator may obtain a surety bond conforming to the requirements of 335-4-8-.04(d).

Author: James L. Bryant

Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et

seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

2004. Amended: Published ; effective .

335-4-8-.06 Use Of Multiple Financial Assurance Instruments.

An owner or operator may satisfy the requirements of 335-4-8-.03 to .05 by establishing more than one (1) financial instrument per site. These instruments are limited to trust funds, letters of credit and surety bonds.

Author: James L. Bryant. Adam N. Rhodes

Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, §\$22-22A-5,

22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

2004. Amended: Published ; effective

335-4-8-.07 Release Of Financial Institution.

ADEM shall release a trustee, bank, surety or other financial institution when either of the following occur:

- (a) An owner or operator substitutes alternative financial assurance so that the total financial assurance for the facility is equal to or greater than the current cost estimate for closure and remediation, without counting the amounts to be released.
- (b) ADEM releases the owner or operator from the requirements of 335-4-8-.02 and .03 following completion of closure or remediation.

Author: James L. Bryant

Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, §\$22-40A-1 et

seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

2004. Amended: Published ; effective .

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT LAND DIVISION SCRAP TIRE PROGRAM ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

CHAPTER 335-4-9 DELEGATION OF COUNTY ENFORCEMENT PROGRAMS

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335-4-9-.01 Delegation Procedures.

A County Commission may request delegation for enforcement of the Act and 335-4.

- (a) The application for delegation shall include a resolution adopted by the County Commission in a regularly scheduled meeting of the County Commission stating the Commission's desire for delegation.
- (b) Execution or approval of a delegation agreement by ADEM does not entitle the County to receive STF monies dedicated to county enforcement activities.
- (c) The delegation application shall provide information on how the County Commission will enforce the Act and the requirements of 335-4. ADEM shall provide the information 335-4. ADEM shall provide the information on all registered receivers, registered sites containing more than 100 scrap tires, known illegal tires sites, permitted transporters and processors. The application shall include:
- 1. A County Scrap Tire Enforcement Plan, which includes:
- (i) Number of Class One and Class Two Receivers in the county.
- (ii) Number of scrap tire processors in the county.
- (iii) Location of known illegal scrap tire piles and an estimate of the total number of scrap tire sites in the county.
- (iv) Estimated personnel to conduct the enforcement program, position descriptions of these persons, and estimated man-hours committed per year per person.

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- (v) Estimated annual cost of scrap tire enforcement activities.
- (vi) Procedures to perform the duties listed in 335-4-9-.02.
- (vii) Procedures for tracking and reporting scrap tire enforcement activities to ADEM.
- 2. A list of personnel who will act as county enforcement officers and their qualifications to act in this manner.
- 3. A description of all County scrap tire activities and how the County will conduct independent inspections of its operations.
- (d) ADEM shall review the delegation application and provide comments or questions to the County Commission. The County Commission will have thirty (30) days to respond to ADEM. Once ADEM has determined that a delegation agreement can be prepared, it shall submit a draft of the agreement to the County Commission for review.
- (e) The delegation agreement shall specify the following, at a minimum:
- 1. Investigation and reporting procedures to be utilized, and duties of the county enforcement program.
- 2. ADEM activities to audit performance and success of the county enforcement program.
- 3. The term of the delegation agreement shall not exceed three (3) years from the date of execution by ADEM of the final Delegation Agreement.
- (f) The County Commission shall provide comments on the draft delegation agreement to ADEM within thirty (30) days of receipt. Upon resolution of all comments, ADEM shall submit the final Delegation Agreement to the County Commission for approval and execution in a regularly scheduled meeting of the County Commission. Once executed the agreement shall be returned to ADEM for signature by the Director.
- (g) If the County Commission desires to extend the Delegation Agreement, it shall submit an application to extend at least ninety (90) days prior to the expiration of the agreement. The application to extend shall update information or data that may be different from the original delegation application.
- (h) If ADEM determines through an audit of the county enforcement program that there are deficiencies in the program,

ADEM shall notify the County Commission of its findings and methods for the county to return to an acceptable enforcement program. If the County Commission does not address the findings of deficiency, ADEM may revoke the Delegation Agreement. ADEM shall notify the County Commission of its intention to revoke the Delegation Agreement at least thirty (30) days prior to revoking the Delegation Agreement. Actions by ADEM to revoke the Delegation Agreement are subject to appeal in accordance with ADEM Admin. Code 335-2.

Author: James L. Bryant, M. Gavin Adams. Adam N. Rhodes. Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, §\$22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4, 2004. Amended: Filed February 27, 2007; effective April 3, 2007. Amended: Published ; effective .

335-4-9-.02 Duties.

Enforcement officers of delegated counties shall be accorded the authority to implement the provisions of 335-4 when conducting inspections or reviewing records for compliance with the requirements of 335-4 and the Act. County enforcement officers shall perform all of the following duties:

- (a) Investigate illegal dumping of scrap tires.
- (b) Investigate reports and complaints regarding scrap tires in the county.
- (c) Inspect tire dealers, receivers, and transporters, to include:
- 1. Manifests of scrap tire shipments.
- 2. Registration of the receiver with ADOR for payment of the Scrap Tire Environmental Fee.
- 3. Scrap tire accumulation and storage areas.
- 4. Transporter decals as prescribed by ADEM.
- 5. Operating record.
- (d) Inspect permitted scrap tire processors, to include:
- 1. Manifests of scrap tire shipments.

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- 2. Scrap tire accumulation and storage areas.
- 3. Operating record.
- (e) Provide comprehensive investigation reports to ADEM within ten (10) days of the initial investigation or inspection.
- (f) Take legal actions to enforce the requirements of 335-4 as allowed in the Act.
- (g) Provide Quarterly Reports to ADEM on all scrap tire activities within that quarter on a form provided by ADEM. The Quarterly Report shall be submitted to ADEM not later than the twenty eighth day of the month following the end of the quarter. Provide semi-annual reports electronically to ADEM on all scrap tire activities within that six month period of the calendar year (January through June, July through December) on a form provided by ADEM. The semi-annual
 - (h) Investigation reports and Quarterly Reports report shall be submitted electronically to ADEM by the 28th day following the end of each reporting period.
- (h) Investigation reports and semi-annual reports shall be completed and submitted to the Department electronically to TireMail@adem.alabama.govTireMail@adem.state.al.us by the county enforcement program.

Author: James L. Bryant. Adam N. Rhodes.

Statutory Authority: Code of Ala. Alabama 1975, \$\$22-40A-1 et

seq.

History: New Rule: Filed June 30, 2004; effective August 4,

2004. Amended: Published ; effective

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT LAND DIVISION-SCRAP TIRE PROGRAM ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

CHAPTER 335-4-10 END-USE MARKET DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

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335-4-10-.01 Purpose.

These regulations establish the procedures for the disbursement of scrap tire marketing funds for use in developing, implementing, and enhancing the beneficial use of scrap tires.

Author: Adam N. Rhodes

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, § 22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Published ; effective .

335-4-10-.02 Definitions.

When used in this chapter, the following terms have the meaning given below:

- (a) "Eligibility" means the standard or criteria by which an applicant qualifies for grant funds, as determined by the Department. These standards shall include, but are not limited to, completeness of the grant application, and plans for beneficial use of the scrap tires.
- (b) "Grant Agreement" means the binding agreement between the Department and the applicant.
- (c) "Grant Application" means the initial request form for a grant from the Department.
- (d) "Program" means the grant program established and administered by the Department under the authority of Code of Alabama 1975, § 22-40A-13 et seg.

Author: Adam N. Rhodes

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, § 22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Published ; effective .

335-4-10-.03 Grant Application Requirements.

- (1) Requests for funding shall be submitted as described in 335-4-1-.03 to the Department on application forms specified by the Department.
- (2) Applications received which have not completed their obligations under all previously awarded funds may be denied by the Department.
- (3) Applications which have not met their obligations under the terms of any previous grant agreements or accounted for any unused grant funds from a previous grant awarded may be denied by the Department.

Author: Adam N. Rhodes

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, § 22-40A-1 et seg.

History: New Rule: Published _____; effective ____.

335-4-10-.04 Disbursement of Funds.

- (1) Partial reimbursement may be provided for the cost of processing scrap tire materials in the state of Alabama, which are derived from scrap tires originally generated in the state of Alabama, including those shown below with a contract for the sale of the product. Reimbursement shall not exceed 25% of monies deposited in the Scrap Tire Fund during the previous budget year and any accumulated funds in the Scrap Tire Fund with the following order of priority and decreasing reimbursement amounts for each ton of scrap tire material:
- (a) Converted to an ultimate product;
- (b) Beneficially used, other than as crumb rubber;
- (c) Converted into chipped tire material for beneficial use;
- (d) Beneficially used except; processing costs related to the creation of an ultimate product if the processing involves the use of crumb rubber as a component of the ultimate product; and the person processing, previously received partial reimbursement

under this section for processing costs related to the production of crumb rubber;

- (e) Produced for beneficial use;
- (f) Processed into tire derived fuel for energy recovery or production.
- (g) Additional partial reimbursement may be provided at a rate set by the Department to any person engaged in beneficial use (denoted in (b) and (d) above), where scrap tires have been removed from areas underneath dirt/soil/water/other materials requiring the scrap tires to be cleaned prior to processing including but not limited to remediation of an unauthorized dump to encourage utilization of these tire materials and to recover such lands where these scrap tires were placed.
- (2) The Director, or his designee, may terminate a grant award in whole or in part and demand refund of grant funds when there is substantial non- compliance with the terms of the award or with the requirements of 335-4, a determination is made by the Department that the grant was obtained by fraudulent means, it is found that grant monies have been used for non-allowable costs, or a determination is made by the Department that gross abuse or corrupt practices have been used in the administration of the grant project by the recipient.
- (a) The Director, or his designee, shall afford the grant recipient an opportunity for consultation prior to any termination. After such opportunity for consultation, the Department may, in writing (via certified mail, return receipt requested), terminate the Fund grant in whole or in part.
- (b) In event of such termination, the grantee shall be ineligible to make application for further participation in the grant program until the grantee complies with the terms of the grant award or with the requirements of 335-4.
- (3) The amount of each grant awarded in accordance with 335-4-10 shall be at the sole discretion of the Director, or his designee.

Auı	cnor:	Adam	N.	Rnoa	es	
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Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, § 22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Published ; effective .

335-4-10-.05 Grant Recordkeeping.

Each recipient of grant funds shall maintain accurate records of all expenditures associated with the scrap tire beneficial use project funded by grants awarded pursuant to 335-4-10, and shall assure that these records are available for inspection and/or audit upon request by the Department. Records shall be kept for a period of at least five (5) years from the execution of the grant agreement.

Author: Adam N. Rhodes

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, § 22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Published _____; effective _____.

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT LAND DIVISION - SCRAP TIRE PROGRAM ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

CHAPTER 335-4-11 PROCEDURES FOR VARIANCES

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335-4-11-.01 Variances.

The Department may grant individual variances from the specific provisions in 335-4 based upon the procedures described in 335-4-11-.02 through 335-4-11-.04 whenever it is found by the Department, upon presentation of adequate proof, that non-compliance with the requirements of 335-4 will not threaten the public health or unreasonably create environmental pollution. Variances per se are not favored by the Department.

Author: Adam N. Rhodes

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, § 22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Published ; effective .

335-4-11-.02 Petition for Variance.

- (1) Applicability. Any person may request a variance from specific provisions of 335-4 by filing a Petition for Variance with the Department at least 120 days prior to the anticipated change and shall receive approval from the Department prior to implementation of the proposed change.
- (2) <u>Petition Requirements</u>. To enable the Department to rule on the Petition for Variance, the following information shall be included in the petition:
- (a) A clear and complete statement of the precise extent of the relief sought including specific identification of the particular provisions of the regulations from which the variance is sought;

- (b) An assessment, with supporting factual information, of the impact that the variance will impose on the public health and the environment in the affected area.
- (c) Any additional information requested by the Department as necessary to evaluate the variance request.
- (d) A concise factual statement of the reasons the petitioner believes that non-compliance with the particular provisions listed in 335-4 will not threaten the public health or unreasonably create environmental pollution.
- (e) Applicable fees in accordance with 335-1.

Author: Adam N. Rhodes

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, § 22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Published ____; effective _____.

335-4-11-.03 Termination of Variance.

Any variance granted by the Department may be terminated by the Department whenever the Department finds, after notice to the facility, that the variance is no longer necessary or the petitioner is in violation of any requirement, condition, schedule, limitation or any other provision of the variance or that operation under the variance does not meet the minimum requirements established by the state and federal laws and regulations or is unreasonably threatening the public health.

Author: Adam N. Rhodes

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, § 22-40A-1 et seq.

History: New Rule: Published ; effective .